

无忧雅思写作机经

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步骤: 添加朋友 > 扫一扫 (扫描上图) > 添加成功

Task1

图表类

几种交通工具在旅游中的使用率

2013.05.11 (2013 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line chart below shows the transportation tools used in travelling in a particular country between 1989 and 2009.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 注意时态, 要用过去时。 2. 注意不同交通工具相互之间的比较情况, 而不是单纯的上升下降的变化。 3. 曲线图今年已经出场多次, 可见重要性, 要多加练习。
重点表达	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. While, however, in spite of, in stark contrast 等连词。 2. It is not difficult to find that ... is the most popular type, contributing...

a plan for town center

2013.04.27 (2013 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The diagram below describes a plan for a new town.

Summarize the information by selecting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1)注意语态, 要使用被动语态。</p> <p>2)注意方位词的使用和方位的描述。</p> <p>3)图中若没有时间提示, 可用一般现在时态。</p>
重点表达	<p>.....is located in the middle of the center;</p> <p>At the corner of</p> <p>.....is next to</p> <p>.....is established</p> <p>Industrial area;</p> <p>Residential area;</p> <p>.....is connected with.....</p>

不同国家之间出生率

2013.01.12 (2013 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar chart describes the changes of birth rate in five countries in 1970 and 2000.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1. 注意时态, 用过去时</p> <p>2. 其中包含两条线索: 一为每一个国家在不同年份人口出生率的纵向对比; 二为同一年份不同国家之间出生率的横向对比。</p> <p>3. 最后比较总结</p>
重点表达	<p>Reach the peak, bottom out at, see / experience / witness / an upward / downward trend...</p> <p>There is a dramatic increase / decrease...</p>

在英国的去留问题

2012.01.05 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The pie charts below show reasons why people left the UK to other countries and why people stayed in the UK.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 注意时态，考题中未出现年份，所以直接使用现在时即可。 2. 注意两个饼图之间的共同点（各个原因在两个图中的百分比分布相似点）以及不同点（weather & language 的不同）。 3. 注意数据与项目对照，一般在多项目的饼图中，可以按照一定的顺时针顺序或是逆时针顺序，可以不用参考不同项目的具体颜色或是花色，以免混淆。 4. 要体现出内部比较与外部比较的差别，注意饼图中数据之间的关系，如谁是谁的几倍，最大的以及最小的数据是什么等等。
重点表达	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. While, however, in spite of, in stark contrast 等连词。 2. The most obvious reason pushing people to leave the UK is to join family or friends.

英国 1981 年至 2000 年间石油、煤和天然气的生产水平

2012.12.15 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line graph shows the production level of 3 types of fuels, including petroleum, coal and natural gas in the UK between 1981 and 2000.

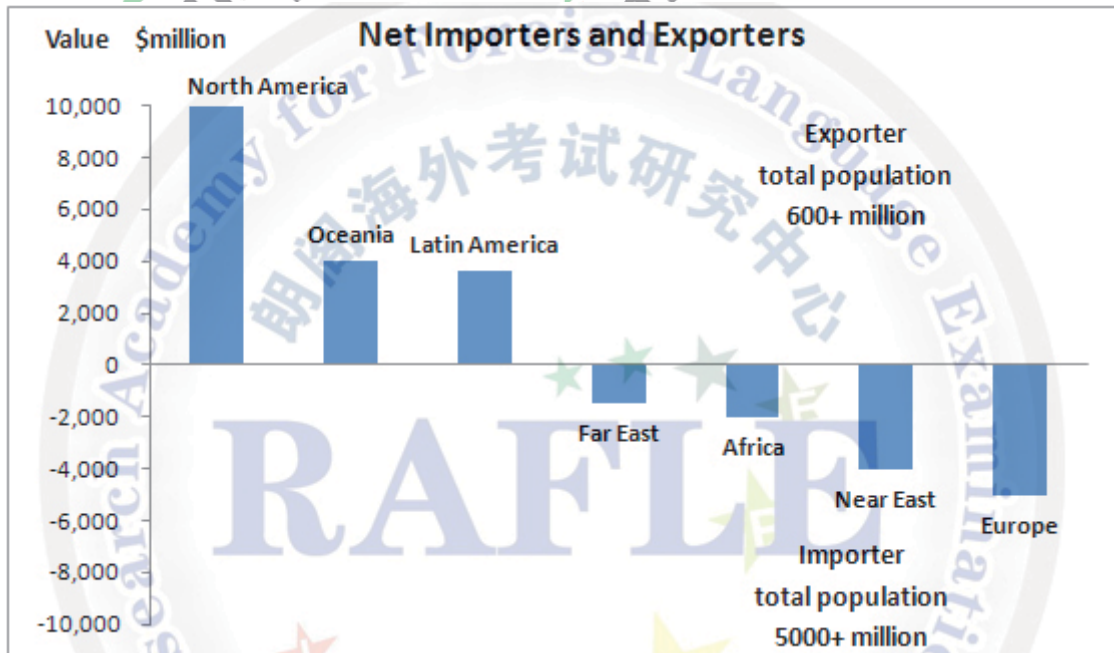
Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 注意时态，要用过去时 2) 注意趋势的描写 3) 文中要进行对比
重点表达	<p>.....has experienced a dramatic increase in....</p> <p>The number ofrose sharply to</p>

不同国家地区的食品进出口情况

2012.12.01 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The graph shows some values and regions of import and export food. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



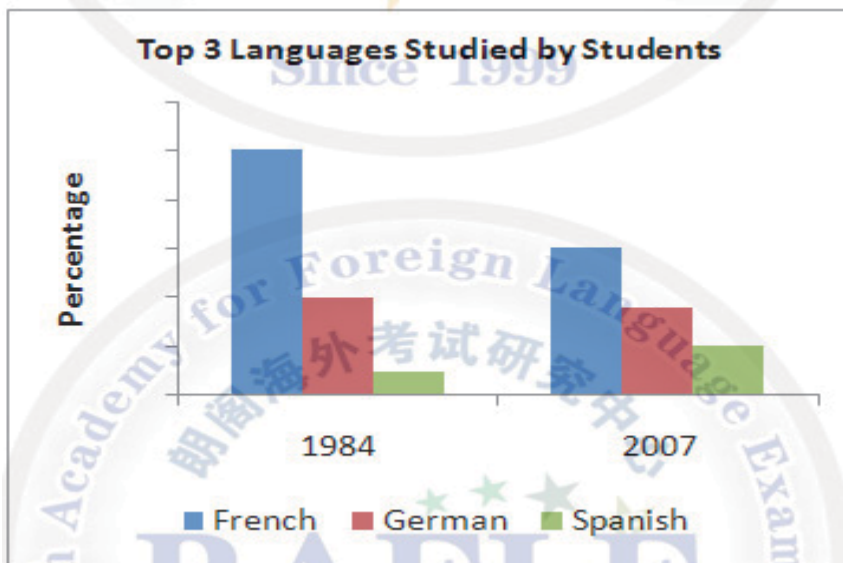
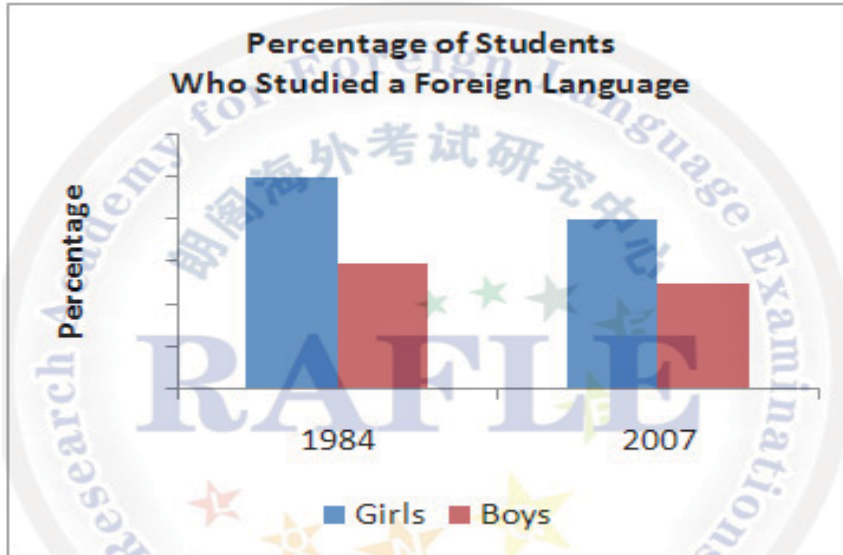
写作指导	<p>1) 开头段落进行改写</p> <p>2) 主体段分两段，先描写成正增长的出口，再描述成负增长的进口。在描述的过程中，注意其中数值的排列以及对比。</p> <p>3) 总结</p>
重点表达	<p>Provide information about; ...is the largest, while...are much less, but in similar values...; ...is much higher than...</p>

在说英语的国家中学外语的比例

2012.11.03 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The two bar charts show the proportion of 14-16-year-old students studying a modern

foreign language in an English speaking country, and the top three popular foreign languages.



写作指导	本次小作文是两个内容不同的柱状图构成的组合图，第一幅图是男生和女生在1984和2007年学外语的比例，第二幅图是在1984年和2007年 French, German, Spanish 受欢迎的比例。
重点表达	<p>总体上学外语的女生比男生比例高。同时两者比重都出现了下降，用 the proportion of girls is slightly higher than that of the boys, 还可以用 while, however, in spite of, by contrast 等连词，也包括类似 it is clear that 等插入语。</p> <p>在这个说英语的国家，外语学习者的比例总体呈下降趋势。在语种方面，法语不如以前那么火热，而西班牙语受欢迎程度呈现上升的趋势。</p>

年轻人在不同领域中的雇佣比例

2012.10.27 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table shows the percentage of young people who were employed in different sectors in one country in 2005 and 2010.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

静态表格，表格两栏罗列了两个年份中各领域年轻人的雇佣比例。

Sector	2005	2010
Agriculture	5	8
Business	7	10
Manufacturing	21	14
Shops, restaurants & hotels	20	32
Social services	34	22
Transport	5	4
Other	8	10

写作指导	<p>1) 表格中两年份各领域的雇佣比例可分别按照从高到低的排序顺序进行排列比较，并突出强调最高、最低等特殊数值；</p> <p>2) 表格中两年份之间的比例变化情况可以按照升、降特征进行分类比较；也可以基于高低排序的基础上进行特别说明，尤其突出涨幅、降幅明显的变化特征。</p>
重点表达	<p>the -est / most (最高级); ..., (closely) followed by...</p> <p>What came next be...; ...be close behind</p> <p>lie last; the most obvious rise / decline</p>

一个社区中心的一些可能将要发生的变化

2012.10.20 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The two maps compare the changes of a community center.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，上一幅图形是现今的布置，所以用现在时，后一幅图形是可能要发生的变化，所以用将来时</p> <p>2) 主体段分两段，先描述现今的样子，可以从右向左，先写75%的空间都是 car park, 然后写25%的空间平均分成3份。</p> <p>3) 再描述可能发生的变化，停车场由75%的空间变成50%,并且左边的格局也发生了一定的变化。之后细说，可以从上写到下，先写发生的变化，再写新增的东西。</p> <p>4) 最后比较总结</p>
重点表达	<p>Experience dramatic changes; be situated in; to/in the left side of; be removed; be replaced; be constructed/ built/ established</p>

选择英国大学的理由

2012.09.22 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The pie charts show the main reasons for students to choose universities in UK in 1987 and in 2007.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，要用过去时</p> <p>2) 这两幅图可以分开描写</p> <p>3) 可按照时间的变化来写（纵向描写）</p>
重点表达	<p>.....has experienced a dramatic increase in....</p> <p>The number ofrose sharply to</p> <p>The number ofexceed that ofin</p>

欧洲某城市的成年人受雇用的状态

2012.09.15 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar chart shows the adult employment status of a European city in 1998 and 2008. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 1980, 2008年的数据要用过去时2) 可按照数据变化的特点来写
重点表达	1. while, however, in spite of, in stark contrast 等连词, 也包括类似 it is clear that 等插入语。 2. The employment rate in Europe rose from around A percent in 1998 to B percent in 2008. 3. The employment rate fell sharply to somewhere at the vicinity of C percent in 2008. 4. 考官提供的范文中也有类似表达: In spite of some fluctuations in the expected percentages, the proportion of employment rate will probably continue to increase in the next two decades (剑5 P162 Model Answer)

英国毕业生毕业后的情况

2012.08.04 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar chart shows what the UK graduates and postgraduates do (apart from those who find full-time employment) when they graduate in 2008.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 要用过去时 2) 分2段主体段分别描写2幅图。以4种静态项目的横向比较为主, 进行由大到小的排序, 并适当将相似数据分组。 3) 结尾可从两幅图共性处找联系和规律, 就是不论 undergraduate 或是 postgraduate, part-time job 都是最多的选择。
重点表达	..., (closely) followed by... What came next was... ...was/were close behind

weekly working hours

2012.07.28 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The three pie charts below show the weekly working hours of employees, owners (managers) and the total workforce.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 注意时态，题目给了2010年，开头段一般现在时，主体段用过去时写，注意主体段分段，写作顺序； 2. 开头改写转述题目，结尾综合三个饼图下结论。
重点表达	<p>In terms of, as for</p> <p>Account for, represent, constitute</p> <p>Followed by</p>

北大西洋的 population trend

2012.07.21 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line graphs below show the changes in the urban and rural population and age structure in the North Atlantic.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 注意时态 2) 两幅图可以分开描写 3) 可按照时间的变化来写（纵向描写）
重点表达	<p>..... has experienced a dramatic increase in</p> <p>The number ofrose sharply to</p> <p>The teenagers were the major part of</p>

澳大利亚一个公园在一段时间内的变化

2012.05.26 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The maps below show the changes of an Australian park during several decades. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，要用过去时</p> <p>2) 注意清晰的说明每个建筑物的方位。</p> <p>3) 注意建筑物出现的顺序一致。</p> <p>4) 以突出变化（增多，扩大，减少，消失）</p>
重点表达	<p>Sth. was established/built/constructed in/at...</p> <p>...could be seen in/at...</p> <p>...lied /was located in/at...</p> <p>..was replaced by...</p> <p>The ..years witnessed the changes of ...</p> <p>Turning to the year..</p>

本科生和研究生对大学图书馆内书籍的问卷调查

2012.05.19 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The graphs show the results of a survey on the university library conducted by undergraduates and postgraduates.

写作指导	<p>1) 引言段对题目“宾语”的近义替换可以用 the responses to a survey on</p> <p>2) 满意度的调查问卷主要难点在于“同义”转换，比如 be very satisfied with=think more positively of='very satisfied' is cited by=give a very positive feedback to 等等。</p> <p>3) 再就总体趋势的把握，比如满意度的相似点，本科生和研究生满意度的不同倾向等。</p>
重点表达式	<p>A very positive feedback can be found in...</p> <p>More...than...give a satisfactory view on...</p> <p>'Very satisfied' is cited by...</p>

水资源的构成及使用情况

2012.05.12 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The two pie charts show the pattern of the world water resources. The bar chart shows

the utilization of water resources in Egypt, Saudi Arab and Canada.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

出生率以及死亡率的变化情况

2012.04.28 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar charts show the changes in population size and the rates of birth and death in England and Wales from 1700 to 2000.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

动态柱状图（横轴都为时间）

第一幅图为单根柱子，描述的是 England 和 Wales 两地人口（population size）的数量变化。

第二幅图为两根柱子，描述的是 England 和 Wales 两地出生率（birth rate）和死亡率（death rate）的变化情况。

重点表达	...increase/go up/rise sharply/substantially...
	...decrease/decline/drop/fall slightly/gradually...
	the number of...; the amount of...; the proportion of...
	After rising..., it began to...
	Before falling..., it rose...

手机和电脑的拥有量

2012.03.10 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table shows the number of mobile phones and personal computers per 1,000 people in 2003 in 6 different countries. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

静态表格，横向为六个国家，纵向分别为每千人手机和电脑的拥有量。

以下为模拟国家和数据

County	Number of mobile holders	Number of PC owners (per
--------	--------------------------	--------------------------

	(per thousand people)	thousand people)
Luxemburg	872	900
Italy	737	480
Singapore	684	690
Germany	586	452
South Korea	380	452
China	35	88

球迷人数的变化

2012.02.09 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line graph shows the changes in the number of people attending the top-level football matches in three different countries: Italy, German and England.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

生产塑料杯和纸杯的原料

2012.02.04 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar charts show the information about the materials of making polystyrene cups and paper cups.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

每生产 10,000 个 polystyrene cups 和 paper cups 所需的材料, 有 water, steam, electricity 等。

老龄人口的比例变化

2012.01.14 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table below gives information about percentage of population over 60 in 6 regions and the whole world in 2000 and 2050.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

描述 6 大洲包括 Africa, Europe, North America 等在内的老龄人口的比例变化, 有关 2 个年份, 一个是过去时态, 一个是将来时间预测。数据不多, 难度也并不大。

生产一辆汽车所要花费的时间变化

2012.01.12 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line graph shows the change of average time spent on constructing a car in four different automobile factories between 1998 and 2005.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

关于 Toyota, Honda 等四家汽车生产商从 1998 到 2005 年生产一辆汽车所要花费的时间变化。

使用水资源的情况

2012.01.07 (2012 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar chart below shows the percentage of water used for industry, agriculture and homes in four countries in 2001.

比较中国、俄罗斯、美国和澳大利亚四国在 2001 年使用水资源的情况, 分别有工业、农业和家庭用水。

欧洲旅行的交通方式

2011.12.17 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table shows the numbers of kilometers travelled by five kinds of transport in a European country in 1995 and 2005 and a prediction in 2015.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

日本平均月薪

2011.12.10 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The graph below shows the average monthly salary in Japan from 1953 to 1973, together with the prices of the black and white TV and colour TV during the same period. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

一共出现 3 条线，分别代表日本平均月工资以及黑白和彩色电视的价格；描述过程中要牢记不仅做到单条线的变化趋势的细节介绍，更要留意 3 条线之间的关系和比较；尤其是遇到特殊关系比较时一定要重点标出

两个年份不同污染物所占的比例

2011.11.26 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The diagram below compares differences of pollutants entering into the particular area of ocean in 1997 and 2007.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

不同年龄段看电影的次数

2011.11.09 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The graph below shows the cinema attendance of different age groups in Australia between 1994 and 2002.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

表格第一行是百分比；第二行是频率，就是每年平均去看电影的次数，从1994到2002隔两年一次数据。

线图是按年龄组：分别是14-24, 25-35, 35-45, 50+。

越年轻的人去看电影的次数越多，50+的在最下面。波形是先上升再下降再平稳下降。

bus 和 rail 行驶距离数的变化

2011.10.08 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

意大利, 英国和德国在 1979, 1999, 2009 三个年份中 bus 和 rail 行驶距离数的变化。其中, 意大利 bus 一开始跟 rail 一样, 1999 之后突然就上升很多, rail 基本不变; 英国 bus 一开始比 rail 多, 后来慢慢下降, 2009 的时候变成跟 rail 一样; 德国是 bus 慢慢减少, rail 一开始不变但是后来上升, 2009 的时候比 bus 多, 并且它是唯一一个 rail 最终超过 bus 的国家。

家庭的开支变化

2011.09.24 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The chart shows the percentage of household expenditure on goods and services in a country from 1995 to 2005.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

- 1) 常见的柱状图形 (1995-2005) 横条状;
- 2) 描述家庭在四个项目上的开支变化 (traffic, entertainment and clothing, housing, and food);
- 3) 过程中有上升, 下降也包含少许波动, 注意细节变化;
- 4) 留意每个单独开支的不同年份变化以及同一年份不同项目的开支比。

在 1950-2000 年英国的结婚率与离婚率

2011.09.15 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line chart shows the changes in the rate of marriage and divorce in UK from 1950 to 2000.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make

comparisons where relevant.

一家药品公司销量在四个地区的变化情况

2011.09.03 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The chart shows the percentage of a drug company's total sales in 4 regions from 2002 to 2006.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

technology of household in UK

2011.08.25 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line chart reveals the percentages of the households in UK with different types of technology from 1997 to 2001.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

外来短期务工人员数以及务工人员数

2011.08.20 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table shows the number of temporary migrant workers in four countries (New Zealand, Australia, UK and the USA) and the number of these workers per 1,000 people in these countries in 2006. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

这是一张表格图，介绍 2 个项目：外来短期务工人员数以及务工人员数在每 1000 人中所占的比重。其中务工人员数美国最多，新西兰最少；2003 年至 2006 年期间，各国的数量都有所增长，但是排名顺序先后保持不变。另一方面，在 2006 的人数比例中，美国所长的比例是最低的，新西兰最高。

英国男女本科毕业生

2011.07.30 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The graph below shows the undergraduates in the UK in three different years. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

这个图说的是英国男女本科毕业生在 1980 1990 2005 年的比重。图表分成了四根柱，分别是 male full-time; male part-time; female full-time; female part-time。其中 1980 1990 2005 年男女 part time /full time 的比重，除了男的 part-time 在 1990 年下降外其他都是上升。上升幅度最大的是 female full-time，其次是 male full-time 和 female part-time。

1997 年男女职工的工作时间

2011.07.16 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

Four pie charts reveal the work time of the female and the male employees and those self-employed in the UK in 2007.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

去英国旅游的人数以及出国旅游的英国人数和金钱

2011.07.09 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table below shows the number of people visiting UK and residence in UK visiting other countries in a six-month period and the amount of money they spent.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

不同专业男生和女生的人数

2011.06.25 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

Two charts show the number of female and male students studying in different subjects in 2000 and 2008.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

两个柱图，第一个是 2000 的，第二个是 2008 年的。两幅图是关于不同专业男生和女生的人数，总共有 4 个专业：business, tourism, engineering, computer science。

国家的人口分布情况

2011.06.11 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The pie chart below shows the country of birth living in Australia, and the table tells information about percentage of country of birth living in different areas.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

第一个饼图中共分成 6 个区域，按照面积大小分别为 Australia(73%), other, UK, New Zealand, China (2%)and Netherland; 而表格图中涉及到来自上述国家的人口分布情况，分成 cities 和 rural areas. 要特别注意中国人口 99%居住于城市中等特殊数据。

水果罐头的制作工艺

2011.06.04 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The chart below shows the production of canned fruit.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

水果罐头的制作工艺：水果熟，采摘--->装车，搬运到工厂，准备加工--->将好的挑出来，去掉坏的--->在冷的条件下存储--->清洗--->将水果以重量大小分类--->削皮--->去核--->装罐，加果汁或糖浆--->封盖--->加热--->晾凉，贴标签--->装运去超市，准备销售。

人们出行会选择哪种住宿方式

2011.05.14 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The charts show the proportion of different types of accommodations that travel makers take in three different years.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

产品的销售变化

2011.04.30 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The chart below shows the information about sales of fair trade concerning five products in the UK between 1998 and 2002.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

公交公司与乘客的情况

2011.04.16 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The following bar charts show the percentage of performance of a bus company's punctuality and the complaint of the passengers.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

季节的人数变化情况

2011.04.02 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The chart below gives information about the daily number of visitors entering a museum during summer and winter in 2003.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

城市人口的比例

2011.03.19 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar graph gives information about the growth of population in urban cities in certain countries of the world from 1950 to 2000, and also provides prediction for the future 2030.

在不同年代，四种家庭废品的回收比例

2011.03.12 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The bar chart shows the recycling percentage of household waste including plastics, paper, cans and glass in 1992, 1997 and 2002.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

欧洲国家办驾照的比例

2011.03.05 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The charts show the information of the percentage of people holding a driving license in a European country between 1976 and 2004.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

在欧洲国家的不同地方购买音乐 CD 的数量

2011.02.19 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The line chart shows the number of music CDs brought from different places in an European country.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

不同学历的人群在毕业后会做什么

2011.01.08 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

此次小作文柱饼图属于较常见的图形，难度不大。两个图形分别代表不同学历的人群在毕业后会做什么。第一幅图是 graduates with 1st degrees，第二幅是 graduates with PhD qualifications；毕业后去向有全职就业的，海外就业的，继续学习深造的，还有待业的，还有 combination of work and study 5 类。

The pie charts below show what UK students did after leaving university in 2003.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make

comparisons where relevant.

四种车型的通过比例

2011.01.05 (2011 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The pie charts show the proportion of four vehicles on a major road bridge in 1965, 1985 and 2005 in UK. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

1960 年至 2000 年澳大利亚婚姻信息

2010.04.24 (2010 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The table below gives information about the situation of marriage and age from 1960 to 2000 in Australia. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Year	Religion / marriage	Civil marriage	The average age of bride	The average age of bridegroom
1960	25,000	8,000	21	24
1970	28,000	12,000	23	25
1980	50,000	16,000	25	27
1990	32,000	23,000	27	30
2000	34,000	40,000	30	32

澳大利亚五个行业的就业薪酬报告

2010.3.27 (2010 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The pie charts below give information about annual salaries of five employment sectors in Australia in 2006.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Annual salaries/Australian dollars

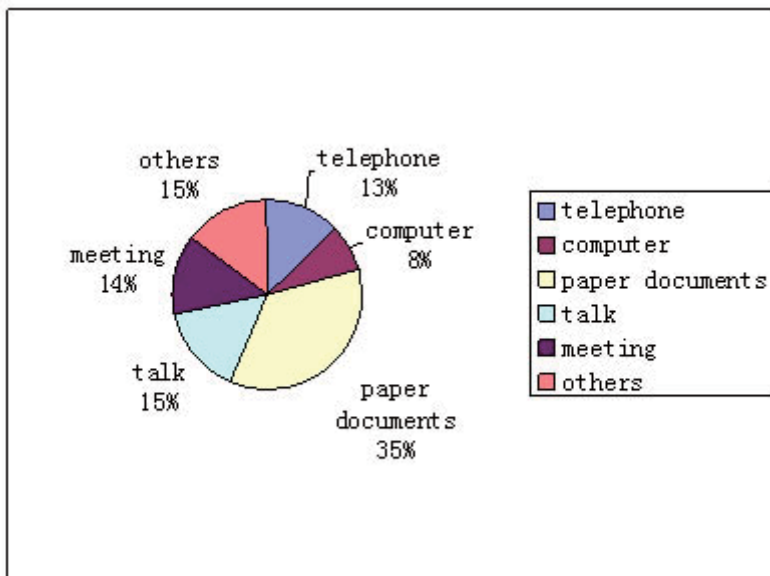
Jobs	maximum	minimum	average
sales	56380	22320	21500
engineer	36890	10578	25670
IT&telecommunication	26800	20568	21760
teacher	20346	10789	15670
nursing	23100	13890	16740
others	18900	12600	13890

人们不同的工作方式

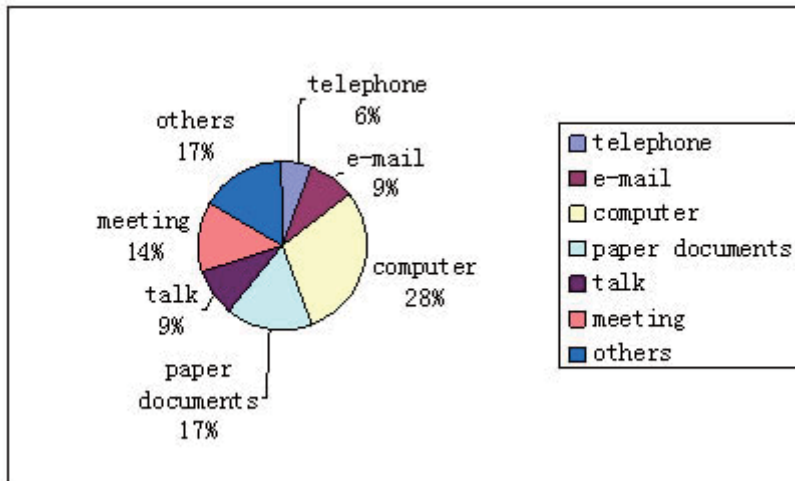
2010.2.6 (2010 重要雅思图表作文真题)

The pie charts below illustrate the different ways people use in working days between 1980 and 2006. summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

People use in 1980



People use in 2006



学生最喜欢的课程调查

2009.12.19

Bar chart: 两个 Junior school 的学生对社会, 科学, 手工, 语言等五门课程的喜好程度的调查。

去五个地区的 international tourists

2009.12.12

Table: 去五个地区的 international tourists 1990 1995 2000 2005. 绝对是去这个五个地方的游客人数。时间是 1990—2005, 每 5 年为一栏。地区有美国, 欧洲, 非洲, 亚洲和另一个地区。

大体趋势是国际游客人数持续增长。其中欧洲始终是最受欢迎的旅游胜地, 美国本来是第二, 后来在 2000 年被另一个地区超过了降成第三。非洲一直是旅游人数最少的, 但是它增长幅度最平稳。变化最大的是美国, 人数先增加后下降。其他四个地区的趋势都是持续上升。

2005 亚太赶超美国成为第二, 且数量翻倍, 而美国 00 到 05 还微降。欧洲虽最多但增长缓慢, 中东虽一直最少但数量翻一番 (9 变 27)

不同年龄群的人去电影院的情况

2009.12.5

The graph below shows that percentage of people in different age group who went to the cinema once or more every week in Great Britain between 1990 and 2001.

England 和 Wales 在 2000 和 2020 年的交通和二氧化碳排放

2009.12.3

The line graph and the bar graph show the CO2 emission in England and Wales from 2000 and the predicted data till 2020 by 4 means of transportations.

England 和 Wales 地区在 2000 和 2020 年的交通和二氧化碳排放的问题。上面一个 line graph,表现 traffic level 的问题(在 vehicles 的数量的变化趋势一上升);下面一个 bar chart,讲四种 vehicles(buses,cars, trucks,还有一种什么忘了)的二氧化碳排放量, bus 最低, car 最高。

number of students enrolled on different types of courses

2009.11.21

The line graph shows the number of students enrolled on different types of courses in a university in the years 2006-2008 and the predicted number from 2009 to 2011.

英国燃料来源

2009.11.14

The table below describes the source of fuels from different types of energy production in the UK in 1990, 1996 and 2000.

英国职业情况

2009.11.7

The numbers of job in one area in the UK in 2001 to 2005.

欧洲国家的工人的受教育调查

2009.10.31

Percentage of workers with university-level education in five European countries.

总之挪威是最高的，Netherlands 是最低的，总数上最高的是最低的 4 倍，除了德国和 Netherlands 男的比女的高，其他都是女的比男的高，总体女的高

5 个国家的用水问题

2009.10.24

US, Canada, Italy, Germany

第一个是个 bar chart, compare the water consumption of water in 5 countries on a daily basis

第二个图是个 table, 是说这几个国家每立方米水的价格。

澳大利亚导师所带学生平均数的变化 (Task 1)

2009.10.10 Task 1 Table 表格

Average number of student per lecture in Australia

1991	1995	1999	2003	2007
14.5	16.9	18.5	19.9	21.9

数值可能稍有偏差，每四年四年的数值，学生的数目的画室往上升趋势。

第二个表格：

number of student in different subject, in 2003

Lecture-based

computer	25.0
IT	24.5

**	26.5
----	------

**-based

农业学	14.5
* *	15.1
* *	16.5

average number of students per lecturer in Australia 1991—2007

澳大利亚大学每个导师所带学生平均数的变化, 1991-2007。

关于一定时期内 Australian universities 学生 per lecturer 的增长情况和 2003 内两个 course 的学生人数。

Average number of students per lecturer in two subject areas.

laboratory-based 中导师所带平均人数。

没有涉及到太多数据的变化, 只要陈述和对比一下就可以

课程的满意度调查

2009.9.17 Table 表格

学生对三门课程的满意度调查。

男女 pupil 选课的变化 (Task 1)

是两个柱状图的比较, 关于男女 pupil 选课的变化, 上面的是 1995 年的下面是 2005 年的, 每个图有 4 组柱子, 分别代表男女生选择 math,biology,chemistry,media 的人数, 第一个图选 math 的人数最多, 性别比例也比较接近, chemistry 的人数差距最大。第二个图 chemistry 的人数就很接近了。

UK 图书馆的四种书籍的借阅量 (Task 1)

2008.8.30

是柱状比例图是 1995~2005 年的 UK 图书馆的四种书籍的借阅量

为大学讲师写一篇关于不同年龄男女学科问题的稿子

The tables below are the results of research, which examined the average percentage marks scored by boys and girls of different ages in several school subjects. Write report for a university lecturer describing the information below. You should write a minimum of 150 words.

Boys:

Subject Age	Maths	Science	Geography	Languages	Sports
7	63%	70%	63%	62%	71%
10	65%	72%	68%	60%	74%
13	69%	74%	70%	60%	75%
15	67%	73%	64%	58%	78%

Girls:

Subject Age	Maths	Science	Geography	Languages	Sports
7	64%	69%	62%	62%	65%
10	65%	73%	64%	67%	64%
13	64%	70%	62%	65%	62%
15	68%	72%	64%	75%	60%

作者建议:

This IELTS task 1 example is quite difficult because it presents the student with a lot of data, and because the significant trends in the data are not overly obvious. Let's have a look at how we might go about organising the information in the tables into a task 1 answer.

1. First, we need to be aware of all of the variables that make up the data: the scores (percentage averages), the school subjects, the age groups and the gender or sex.
2. Now we need to sort the information into some sort of sense:
 - a.) The first thing to do with any table is to find the highest and lowest numbers. Looking at these tables we can see that boys tended to score highly in sport and lowly in languages, and that girls on the other hand tended to score highly in languages and lowly in sport. This is the first and most obvious significant feature of the tables - the boys' strong subject is the girls' weak subject and vice versa.
 - b.) But a comparison of subject scores between the two sexes reveals only limited significance. We can

see that for most of the subjects the boys and girls got similar scores. Boys scored slightly higher in geography, but by the age of 15 the scores were the same. So, all that we can say about the charts in terms of the differences between boys and girls by subject is that, besides sport and languages, they were negligible (not important).

c.) The next logical step then, is to look closely at the scores for the different age groups. When we do this we find that some interesting patterns emerge. For all of the subjects, except the weak subject for each sex (languages and sports), the scores, between the ages of 7 and 15, increased overall for both sexes. But if we look at the scores for the years between these two we see that the improvement was not constant, and that at a particular age the scores for most subjects fell. Also, the age at which this occurred was not the same for boys and girls. This pattern seems to reveal that both boys and girls went through a slump in academic performance, but at different times, which is certainly an interesting feature of the data in the tables, and definitely needs to be mentioned. The largest difference between scores for two different age groups (Languages - 10%; 65-75% 13-15yrs) should also be noticed.

3. The next thing to do is to take our analysis of the data and make a plan for our report. A plan for these tables might look like this:

- a.) Introductory sentence- table shows: percentage scores for school subjects (list), different ages (list), different sexes.
- b.) Highest and lowest subjects for boys/girls- sport/languages- opposites
- c.) Other subjects very similar- subjects by sex not too significant
- d.) More significant- age groups- all subjects increased (overall)- except for slumps(list subject figures)- different ages for boys/girls- 13-15/ 11-13
- e.) Concluding sentence- boys performed better in sport, girls languages- both sexes experienced performance slump but at different ages.

4. After a plan has been made, we can write the report incorporating the facts and figures from the charts. Look at how this has been done below. Keep in mind that the answer below is quite extensive, and that often because of time answers will not be as detailed as this. In those cases the least significant information should be discarded. In this case the least significant information is that about boys being slightly higher in Geography, and the part about the greatest difference between two particular age groups.

Notice the way data has been incorporated below. The prepositions and other useful terms are in italics.

各国妇女的教育

是给你一个 TABLE 和一个 CHART，分别说 europe usa Canada 的妇女受的高等教育的比例，其中欧洲中分丹麦瑞士等，第二个 CHART 说各个 major 中女学生所占的比例，有 humanities, law, medicine, engineering and computer, science, social science and so on.

交通工具的情况 (Task 1)

第一题是双图表题，关于交通工具的使用情况的，第一个表比较了长途旅行中各交通工具随旅行距离增加而变化的曲线
比较了人们使用各种交通工具的原因

一个欧洲 1996 和 2006 交通工具比例比较的 bar chart，有 private car, motorcycle, bus coach taxi, lorries, other。各个部分在数量上和增长上的变化。

线图，澳洲小孩毕业后去向

一个线图，讲澳大利亚的小孩从 SECONDARY SCHOOL 毕业后都干什么，1996 年到 2000 年一个趋势。

留学生的费用列表(Task 1)

TABLE+CHAT

4 个国家的国外留学生在国外的 1 周费用

CHART: 三种消费方向: Living costs Tuition Accommodation

TABLE: CONCTRY COST (大概数值啊，是这个意思)

A	800
B	700
C	500
D	400

课程选择的图表 (Task 1)

是两个 pie chart 比较, 分析 main reasons for students choose a particular UK university between 1982 to 2002 。

第一个 pie 最大部分是 suitable courses 三十多百分比, 然后有 close to parental home, quality of teachers, sports and social activates 第二个 Pie suitable courses 虽然降了几个百分点 但仍然是第一 好像图一的最后一名变成了第二位 图一的第二名成了最后一名。

校园设施满意度的调查 (Task 1)

图表题, 和剑五的那篇形式差不多。描述本科生和研究生对校园设施(STUDY FACILITY IN BEDROOM; CAFETERIA, SOCIAL FACILITIES)的满意度的调查。分为 VERY SATISFIED; QUITE SATISFIED 和 NOT AT ALL SATISFIED 三种都是百分比

毕业生及第一份职业 (Task 1)

UK1992-2002 的毕业生数量, 还有他们选择的第一个职业是什么。

UK worker 的接受教育等级的变化 (Task 1)

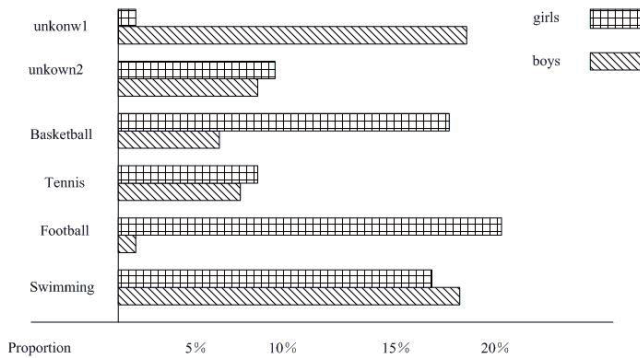
写作第一篇是曲线写作 line chart, 关于 UK worker 的接受教育等级的变化。受教育程度四条线: 没有 qualification, low qualification, intermedia, post-graduate. 总提趋势是受教育的都上升, 没有 q 的下降 between 1990-2010 之间的, low 的人最多, 但也是上升, 单位 million. levels of qualification of the UK workforce. 四条线代表四种 qualifications, 横坐标是 1990 年到 2010 年, 纵坐标是人数. 讲四种 qualifications 的人数变化。

儿童参加的活动中性别的差异 (Task 1)

比较澳洲 2000 年儿童参加的活动中性别的差异, 有篮球, 足球, 游泳, 网球乒乓等

Version:07148 Writing Test Task1

The chart below shows some information about boys and girls in the sports that they choose to play in Australia in 2000.



PS:图例中unknow1和2是两种运动的名字,但是在下记不起了,请大家继续补充和改正。
转载请注明原回忆作者哦,希望给烤鸭大军能出分力。

Edit by : Louis Lu QQ:68219499
9 pm 25/08/07 at home

卧室里有无电脑对孩子学习的影响 (Task 1)

是柱状图 (BAR CHART) 两个,

第一个是说卧室里有电视机和卧室里没有电视的孩子在科目上的不同分数表现(科目有三个:数学,阅读,写作),有电视的比没有电视的差。

第二个是说家里有电脑的孩子和家里没有电脑的孩子在科目上的不同分数表现(科目不变)有电脑的比没有的好。

厨房中的小事故 (Task 1)

a small accident in the kitchen of your rent apartment/flat, writing letter to your landlord, explain the accident, damage, what should I do.

六项运动 (Task 1)

2009 年 8 月 29 日

柱图: 1995 年, 2000 年和 2005 年 UK 喜欢的六项运动项目

人口老龄化 (Task 1)

2009 年 6 月 13 日

The graphs show age structure of a European country from 1901 to 1981 and a prediction of 2021.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

警察人数和罪犯数 (Task 1)

2009 年 1 月 17 日

是线形图，两个。第一个是伦敦和纽约在 1990 到 2001 的警察人数。第二个是两地的犯罪数。The number of police officers and crimes in London and New York between 1990 to 2001。

英国不同地区住房比较 (Task 1)

The table shows the percentage of population living in different types of housing in different area of one city in the UK.

日常消费 (Task 1)

是有 2 個 charts，分析一下 daily consumption of protein and calories in different regions of world. 其中圖表中的 protein 有列出是 from meat 還是 other protein,而四個 regions 則分別是有 north america, south america, africa, and india, 只有 north america 在兩方面都超出了 ideal intake standard。

英国人口从大城市中迁出和主要原因 (Task 1)

讲英国人口从大城市中迁出和主要原因第一个 bar chart 是 3D 的,是 population decrease rate in manchester, birmingham, livepool and somewhere :P. 四个城市, 百分比中间两个高 40%上下吧,另外两个低,第二个是 households 认为城市中最严重的问题 第一是 crime 超过 60%, 第二是 rubbish 40%多 还有 noise, neighbour 等一共 5 个 bar

大城市的人口 (Task 1)

This table show the amount that about populations who live in the largest cities in 1960,1980 and 2000.

柱形图私家车使用情况 (Task 1)

柱形图: Change of percentage of households with cars in one European country between 1971 to 2001.

图形简单,数字少,很容易字数不够。我是先分段写 with no car, with 1 car, 2 and more cars 的趋势,最后看字数不够再加了一段前 20 年 with no car 比例最高,后 20 年, with 1 car 比例最高,而拥有 2 辆以上车的比例一直是最小的

私家车的使用情况

比较简单,是说 1961 年-2001 年之间,Great Britain car owner percentage of household,曲线图,三条线,一条是 no car,一条是 one car 另一条是 two or more cars.

城市扩大和人口的增长

小作文是一地图和一线图,说埃及一地方城市扩大和人口的增长,那图左上角一海,下边一湖,中间就是城市。

埃及亚历山大城变迁和城市人口变化 1820-1940 好像,看似难,实则简单

图 1: 地图 1820-1940 城 coverage 4 平方 km 到 100, 1880 城扩大 2 倍
后 X 年,东北和西南沿 coast 发展,1940 差不多包围了 Y river

犯罪数量曲线图

两个曲线,讲美国 1984 到 2002 年的犯罪数量。

第一个图讲 property crimes,先下降后上升再下降到最低谷,第二个图讲 violent crimes,前边有点波动,前四年下降,然后三年突然上升,在 1991 年一个小波动,然后接着上升到 1996 年,最后一直下降到与 1984 年同等水平。

肥胖问题 (Task 1)

两个 line graph, 比较了英国在 1993 到 2002 年间男人和女人不同体重的百分数, 包括四种类型: healthy weight, overweight, 肥胖, 严重肥胖。

UK citizenship 变化 (Task 1)

一个曲线 一个柱状图

曲线是 1962-2002 UK citizenship 的变化

柱状图是 1996 2002 移民的来源

motor vehicle 的变化 (Task 1)

table

比较 8 个国家 motor vehicle 在 1990 年和 2000 年的变化

英国和威尔士的三种犯罪 (Task 1)

Line chart

很简单, 说英国和威尔士的三种犯罪, 偷车, 入室抢劫 (好像是) 和大街上抢劫, 曲线特征明显。

加拿大, 德国, uk 三个国家人口比较 (Task 1)

图标

加拿大, 德国, UK 三个国家从 1980 到 2000 到 2030 (预测) 的全国人口年龄在 65 岁以上的比例

伦敦出生和死亡率 1991~2001 (Task 1)

曲线图

关于伦敦出生和死亡率 1991~2001 以及预测 2001~2050 年的出生和死亡率。Births rate and Deaths rate 的, 前半段图是历史纪录, 后半段图是 predicted。

英国的慈善机构 (Task 1)

三个 pie charts

说的是一个在英国的慈善机构，在 2003 年收到了多少捐款（大部分都是由个人捐的钱），捐款的组成部分，钱花在了那里，组织的日常开销，然后写文章解释。

老年男女就业情况比较 (Task 1)

2009.7.4

The charts below give information about the employment percentage of male and female aged between 60 and 64 in 1970 and 2000 in 4 different countries.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

英国毕业生就业问题 (Task 1)

2009.3.21

表格题

the employment of students after graduated from first degree courses in 2001 in UK(England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland), employment 分为了 total in employment, permanent employment, temporary employment, overseas employment.

关于英国的雇佣情况 (Task 1)

是关于英国的雇佣情况的 TABLE。

两组数据一组是 1997 年的，另外一组是 2001 年的。

比较的项目包括：就业人数、失业率、男性员工的平均工资、女性员工平均工资、一周的工作时间。

数据的特点不是很明显，但是题目总体不是很难，因为不需要太多的数据分析。

A TABLE about Employment Statistics in Britain, in 1997 and 2001

1997 2001

employment xxmillion xxmillion

unemployment 6.5% 3.4%

job vacancies xx xx

average male earnings xxpounds xxpounds

average female earnings xxponnds xxpounds
working week (hours) 38.6h 38.2h

男女选择工作图 (Task 1)

第一个图是两个 Pie,是说男人和女人在选择 PARTTIME JOB 和 FULL TIME JOB 的不同比例.

第二幅图是 chart(竖条那种)讲的是男人和女人工作小时的不同.

公司百分比图表 (Task 1)

The Pie charts below show the percentage of total music sale shared by different companies in the year 1990,1995 and 2000.

2000 年澳洲失业率 (Task 1)

两个 bar chart: aus 在 2000 年在不同年龄段男女的失业率和就业率.

就业年龄图表 (Task 1)

Bar chart

Young people employed in different sectors aged 19 to 25 in the New Zealand in 1990 and 2000.

5 个国家女性在政府机关和高层管理岗位中的就业比例 (Task 1)

Table: 比较加拿大, 挪威, 意大利, 奥地利, 特利尼达和多巴哥 5 个国家女性在政府机关和高层管理岗位中的就业比例。

country	%of total sites in government	% of total managers
1	12	23
2	13	32
3	15	36
4	8	32
5	16	54

数据为虚构，不过相比而言大小还是对的。第四个国家 8%最小，最后 54%最大。还有 2 和 4 国家的 manager 是一样的啦。总的而言 manager 的比重都比政府部门大。

对比九国 1994 和 2004 的失业率(Task 1)

九国是：波兰，意大利，德国，不列颠，美国，日本，还有加拿大，澳大利亚，爱尔兰
整体失业率都在下降，只有德、日、波兰的失业率在上升，波上升幅度最大。

男女公民在 local 选举中投票的数量变化(Task 1)

两个曲线图：1.男女公民在 local 选举中投票的数量变化 2.男女公民在 national 选举中投票的数量变化

workforce in Australia in 2003(Task 1)

两图 Pie chart 是 workforce in Australia in 2003.有三个部分构成这个饼图,76%的 workforce 来自 Australia,14%来自 English-Speaking-Country,10%来自 Non-English-Speaking-Country

比较工作的男人女人比例 (Task 1)

Bar chart 1: 四个国家(比利时,美国,澳大利亚,日本)1970 和 2000 年 60-64 岁仍然工作的男人女人比例.

欧洲人的休闲 (Task 1)

两个 pie charts

One shows five things people like spent on leisure time in 1981 in Europe

1. watch TV 32%

2. talking with friends

3. talking with family

4. go to restaurant

5. forget

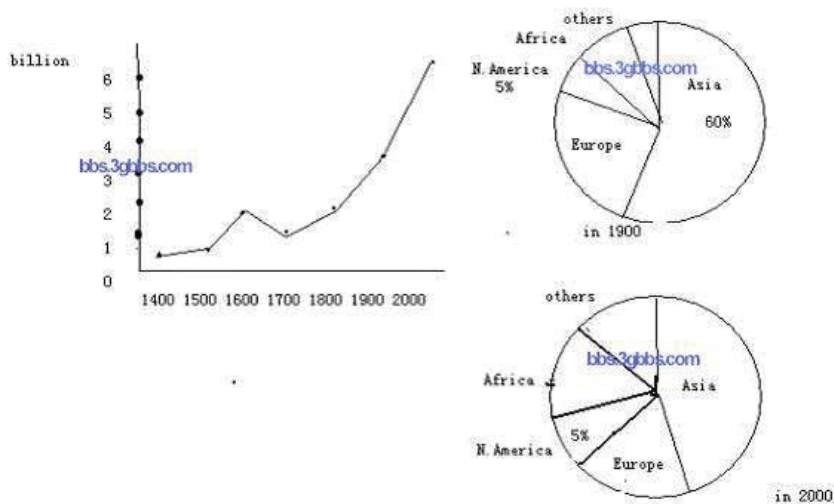
In 2001 play computer games add into the pie charts. It got a higher percentage about 27%, Watching TV still the same, and talking with friend sharp increase to XX%.

The others has decrease to low.

global population (Task 1)

A graph shows the size of global population from the year of 1400 to 2000

and the two pie charts show the global population by region in 1900 and in 2000.



Visitors go to libraries (Task 1)

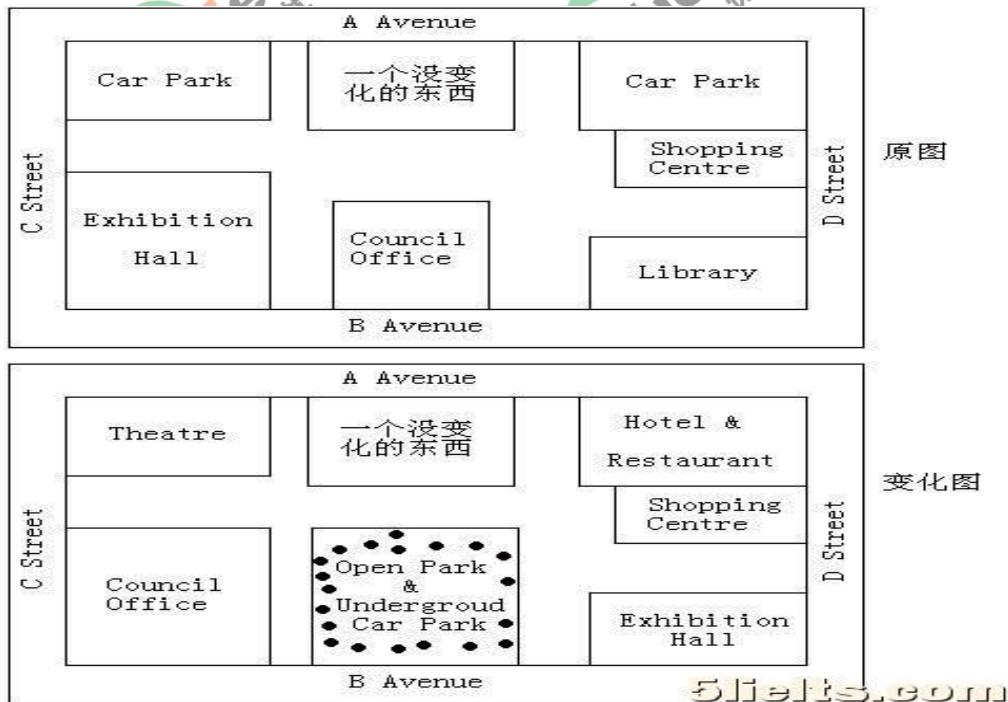
two pie charts

the percentage between 1990 and 2000, visitors go to libraries in Britain for different

purpose including borrowing or lending books

the civic central will be plan to change (Task 1)

the civic central will be plan to change ,there are two maps ,one is the existing and another is the plans for new .compared the two maps,and conclud your opinion.



housing prices in Sydney and Perth (Task 1)

Bar chart

average housing prices in Sydney and Perth in 2000 and 2005, 2010;

公司税后赢利 (Task 1)

curve chart: 是三个公司的税后赢利 profits 的曲线图

英国人开销图

关于 1970,1990,2010 三个时代英国人在 transpor(Cars & Pulic transport) 和 communications(Postal services & Tele-communication)花销上的变化---柱状图. 很

直观,很容易组织结构.20 分钟搞定 200 字.

GDP 图 (Task 1)

GDP growth in 3 countries: united states, Japanese ,rest of Asia:

GDP:a mesurement to a wealth by a country

三曲线, 分别代表美国, 日本, 其余亚洲国家从 95-2001 的增长情况

美国: 95—99 没大变化, 基本稳定, 但 99 到 2001 从 4%划落到 1.7%

其余亚洲: 95-97 约 8%年增长, 97-98 剧烈下跳, 跌到-0.2%, 99-2000 是恢复期, 2000 时达 6%, 2001 基本不变

日本: 95 约 0.5%, 97 达最高 4.2%, 从此衰败, 98 时-1.6%左右, 然后回升, 但再无超过 2%年增长率, 结论: 世界经济发展不平衡。

年轻人的开销图 (Task 1)

是一个 graph 曲线图, 说在 1980 到 2000 年的 18-21years old 的 amount of money spent on lexiusgoods, 有个增长最大的是 photographs,从 0 到 100, 还有 sports,musical(从 100 到 25) ,computer

consume expenditure (Task 1)

table form: consume expenditure in 5 countries, 3 items (Food/drink/tobacco; clothes/footwear; leisure/education)

average income (Task 1)

Table: Information on people under 18 and over 65, average income and persons under poverty line in three states of California, Utah and Florida in USA in 2000.

clothing import (Task 1)

4 个 pie charts 有关于 clothing import 的, 2 个 USA 两个 JAPAN.

Compare the charts for clothing imports of US and Japan of 1995 and 2000.

workforce in Australia in 2003 (Task 1)

PIE CHART 是 workforce in Australia in 2003

有三个部分构成这个饼图,76%的 workforce 来自 Australia,14%来自 English-Speaking-Country,10%来自 Non-English-Speaking-Country

FLUCTUATE CHART

三条线分别代表三类 unemployment in Australia from 1999-2003

unemployer from Australia 从图中坐标轴纵轴的接近最高处经过五年,大约以 45 度角的样子曲折降到纵轴一半左右的位子,整个趋势基本都是在降落没有反弹的只是缓急不同

English-Speaking-Country 从图中坐标轴纵轴的接近中点处经过五年 图中在中间靠后的时间里微微的曲线凸起的趋势但是整体还是降到接近其开始三分之一的高度左右出

Non-English-Speaking-Country 从图中坐标轴纵轴的接近中点处,但是比 English-Speaking-Country 起点高经过五年到比 English-Speaking-Country 略低的位置,大体趋势和 English-Speaking-Country 相近。

这三种人的曲线都是由上向下走,最高点都在 1998.最低点都在 2003.1998 时候,unemployed 最多的是 NESC,最少的是 ESC.2003 年忘了。

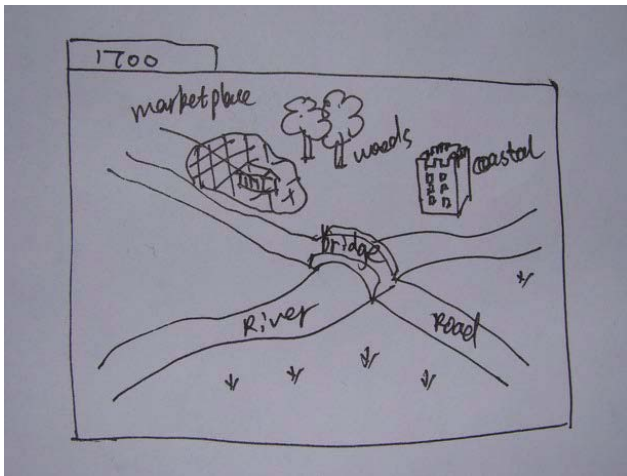
pay increases in five Europe countries (Task 1)

the chart gives information about the pay increases in five Europe countries (Irish 5%→3.2%, postural 3%→3.3%, UK 3.0%→2.9%, Germany 2.8→3.2% France 2.8%-2.8%) in 1999 and 2000, and the overall pay increase in the whole of Europe (Whole Europe 2.9%-2.8%).

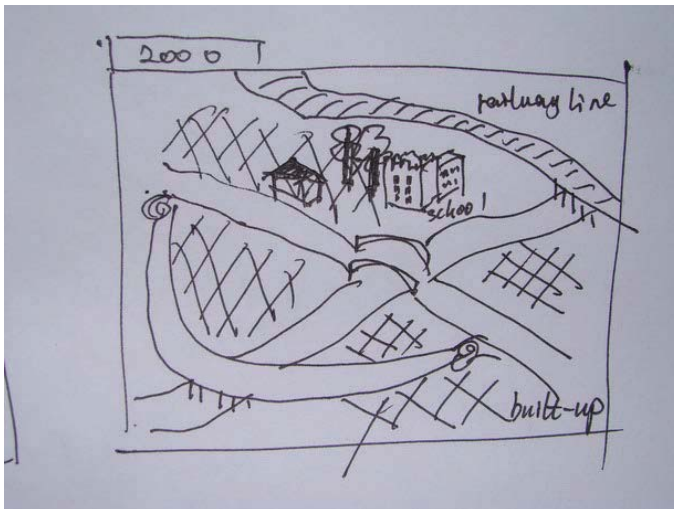
a small coastal village grew into a large tourist centre (Task 1)

The two plans illustrate how a small coastal village in Europe grew into a large tourist centre.

During this period large numbers of high-rise hotels were built along the coastline on both sides of the original village. The harbour and coastal woodlands were replaced by a sandy beach and a golf course for the tourists. Similarly, the olive groves inland were replaced with fruit and vegetable farms for the tourist market.



图一



图二

The original village and those further inland on the hillsides were developed with more homes for locals and more shops for the tourist trade. A main road leading from the hills to the coast was built to cope with the increased traffic to the village.

In conclusion, not only the original village, but also the whole surrounding area had been transformed into a well populated tourist resort.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.

people living in one household in different 5 contries

(Task 1)

2008.8.30

Table chart : number of people living in one household in different 5(UK,中国,新加坡,墨西哥,巴基斯坦) contries in 1985, 2008 and 2015.

	1985	2000	2015
UK	3.7	3.3	2.7
CHINA	4.7	3.7	2.7
SINGAPORE	4.2	4.8	5.6
MEXICO	5.4	4.6	3.7
PAKISTAN	8.2	10	8.9

欧洲从七个国家进口布匹的价格 (Task 1)

2008.8.21

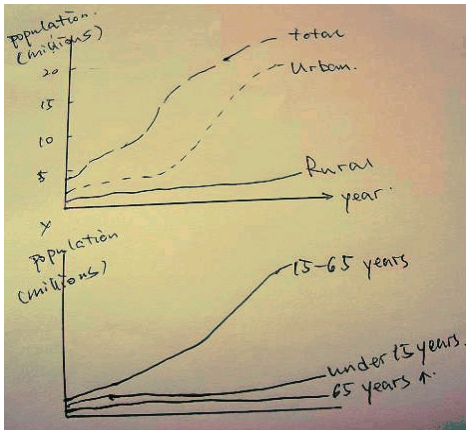
table below show the price per kilo of clothing imported to EU, from seven major countries of oringin. (1997 and 2003)

南太平洋国家人口增长趋势 (Task 1)

第一篇: population of pacific ocean countries, 2 个 line graph.

graph1: 南太平洋国家地区农村人口/城市人口和总人口 1950-2040 年的人口增长趋势。分 3 条线。1 为总的。2 为 urban, 3 为 rural.

graph2: 15 岁/15-65 岁/65 岁以上人口 1850---2040 年变化 1 为 15 以下 2 为 15-65 3 为 65 以上。



相关写作素材:

Is it a good idea to control the world's population growth?

Arguments

1. In modern times, a family with few children, or even with no children at all, is still a happy family.
2. With fewer children in a family, parents spend less time on household chores and concentrate more on their own interests, and their children enjoy better material and educational opportunities than those in bigger families.
3. The most pressing problem created by the rapid increase in population is a shortage of food. At present a large proportion of the existing population is not getting enough of the right kind of food.
4. The rapid rise in world population is creating problems for all countries on earth because there simply aren't enough resources.
5. Both rich and poor countries of the world should take united action to deal with the population explosion. Otherwise, there will be more people fighting for less land and fewer resources, and the future will bring poverty, misery and war to us all.
6. Population increase in developing countries has wiped out the material benefits that they have achieved.
7. Statistics show that where the population rate is high, people's living standards are low. This means, people's living conditions cannot improve unless there is a reduction in the increased rate of population.
8. Overpopulation creates a shortage of schools, teachers, hospitals and doctors.
9. Overpopulation causes problems in housing and employment, especially in cities.
10. Just imagine how much better life would be if the world population were cut by half!

Counter-arguments

1. People in agricultural areas need more children to help them with the work in the fields.
2. Whether to have children or not is a private matter and nobody should interfere with it.
3. It is unfair to blame all the problems on the increase in population. It is those greedy manufacturers and businessmen in developed countries that make the heaviest demands on the world's resources and cause the most pollution.
4. If population control were a must, it should be carried out in developed countries as well because a baby born in USA will use in his lifetime 30 times more of the world's resources than a baby born in India.
5. Children are the most important in life. With fewer children around, life will be dull, meaningless and unhappy. It is incredible for a couple to have no children at all.
6. Children in a family give the parents a sense of responsibility and pride. They are very important to the stability of a family.
7. Population control does greater harm than we realize. For instance, if the one-child policy is still in practice in 100 years, people then will have little idea of kinship—ties, for most of them will have no brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, or cousins.
8. With the government's family planning policy in operation we now have a generation of "only child" families: most of them are arrogant, selfish, and spoilt.
9. A big family offers children a chance to learn how to cope with and care for other people.
10. Children in big families have the chance to compete with each other, in terms of their manners at home, their study at school, their performance at their place of work, etc. Older children usually have a great influence on the younger one.

英国休闲消费品上的花费 (Task 1)

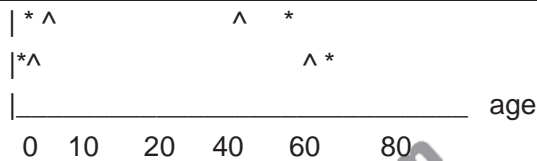
柱状图：英国 1970、1990、2010（估计值）年在不同休闲消费品上的花费变化。

A bar table show consumption of some entertainment goods(tv& radio, sports goods, newspapers, books) and activities(travel aboard)in 1970,1990 and the projected figure for 2010.

英国犯罪 (Task 1)

2000 年 uk 不同年龄段的犯罪率，比较简单关于 2000 年，英国的犯罪率，两个图，第一个根据年龄的曲线图，第二个是 pie chart.是关于囚犯性别的，女 4%，男 96%percent





累死我了，终于画完了，原文是线图，但是现在只有大家自己发挥点想象力了。
2 个线的顶点都在 20 岁。

美国一个航空公司的情况 (Task 1)

两个 bar charts: 关于美国一个主要航空公司从一月到二月的情况。第一个是 percentage of flights on time; 第二个是 lost baggages complains.

澳洲贫困家庭 (Task 1)

一个 table 给出关于澳洲生活在贫困中的家庭类型的数目与百分比。
一开始的时候下笔太快结果写到一半发现会错表格的意思，然后擦掉重写，浪费了很多时间，结果 task2 的 conclusion 不够时间写！痛苦啊~~~)

外国学生人数 (Task 1)

A bar chart shows the change in the number of international students in universities and secondary school from 1996 to 2001.

澳洲国际学生 (Task 1)

是 1996 到 1996 澳大利亚国际学生的学习的情况(SUBJECT) 曲线图

加拿大网络使用情况(Task 1)

2000 年加拿大 15-24 岁的 MALE 和 FEMALE 的网络使用情况，有 E-MAILS,GAMES,CHATTING ROOMS,NEWS SITES,HEALTH-RALATED。

mobile phones and personal computers (Task 1)

a column chart, about some countries' numbers per 1000 people of using mobile phones and personal computers.

用 Internet 的原因列表(Task 1)

图表:讲的是 UK, 在不同年龄段是用 internet 的不同原因所占的比例, 横坐标是年龄段, 共五个, 依次是 16-24, 25-35, 35-45, 45-55, 55 或更老, 纵坐标依次是 email, information for goods and services, education, banking, chat room, other reasons。使用 email 的各个年龄段的人都很多大约依次是 38, 36, () () 40, 下面是使用 information 的比上一个少了一点, 紧接着越往下越少, 到倒数第二个, 大于 45 岁的两个群体跟本不聊天。最后其他原因, 比倒数第二个和倒数第 3 个多一点。和剑 4 以及剑二的表格差不多, 挺复杂的, 我写了差不多 230 个字。

	%	16~24	25~44	45~54	55 and over
Email]		31	second	30	most
Information on					
goods and service		least	22	most	22
...surf		second	most	?	least
Education		most	second	least	least
Account(低于 10)		1	?	?	most
...chat(出奇的少)		5	second	none	none
Other reasons(10~20 之间)		?	?	?	?

electronic games (Task 1)

3 pie charts showing the information of players who play electronic games in South Korea in 2003

图一: player by age <18 的占 39%, 18-35 的占 38%, 36 的占 23%>

图二: player by gender <male 72%, female 28%>

图三: best selling games <最受欢迎的是 Action, 占 40%多; 其次是 sports 第 2, 占 20%, 最后 racing 第三, 占 10%, 剩下是 educaiton 和 other 占 7%>

研究生论文完成情况 (Task 1)

讨论研究生论文完成情况, The chart shows that the number of students at a UK university who completed(on time or late),failed or rewrote their postgraduate dissertation in 1980,1990 and 2000.

是 BAR GRAPH, 说 postgraduate dissertation completes 的四种不同的情况有 on time completion, late completion, rewrite, fair 的, 三个年段 1980, 1990, 2000、

adult education enrollment 的表格 (Task 1)

表格题, 是关于 adult education enrolment。表格给的都是数据, 就是人数。表格的列是年份, 含 1996、1998、2000、2002。行包括 daytime study, evening learning course, male, female, all enrollment。

CEO (Task 1)

Table 1 below presents the perceptions of Chief Executive Officers and their partners as to the main sources of stress in the CEO lifestyle.

Using the information in the table, describe and compare the ways CEOs and their partners perceive pressures in the CEO lifestyle.

Table 1

Perceptions of pressure in the CEO life style-top ten rated sources of stress (percentages)

Factors perceived to produce stress	Perceptions of CEOs	Perceptions of spouses/partners
Time pressures and deadlines	52	60
Demands of work on private life	48	23
Demands of work on relationship with family	45	29
Work-related travel	39	57
Work overload	37	62

Interpersonal relations	25	21
Long working hours	24	62
Taking work home	24	32
Inadequately trained subordinates	24	17

家庭公司 (Task 1)

THE DIVISION OF THE HOUSEHOLD

工作学习情况 (Task 1)

Two charts about the employment of different subjects of university graduates in England in a certain year. One describe the employment rate in different sector, another is for classified in total working, not wokring, and working parttime or go on study.

学生在不同场所使用电脑次数的列表(Task 1)

The table and chart show that a result of a survey into how student in an Australia university using online facilities in 2001 and 2002

2001 年的 1066 和 722 这两个数字不太确定,但是出入不会太大,也就是上下加减 1 或 2,但是百分比可以确定没错。

chart 是比较 2001 年和 2002 年 location of used computers 的, 3 个 location 是 home, university 和 no computer 的。在家使用电脑的在增加, 在学校和没有电脑的在减少, 具体数字记不清楚了。

旅游者特征 (Task 1)

2009 .8.13

Bar Chart 柱状图

The charts below show different age groups of the visitors from the UK to Spain in 1983

and 2003.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

英国人的假期 (Task 1)

A graph and a chart, graph shows the number of holidays taken by British people and place (in Great Britain and abroad). The chart shows the activities that the British people spend their holiday (see-signing, reading, hobbies and so on).

英国旅游 (Task 1)

Two charts show the people visit to and from UK, and the most popular countries, which the UK residences like.

咨询旅游 (Task 1)

写 XXX 旅游办公室一月到六月收到的咨询信的传达方式, 三条曲线, 第一条 by telephone 第二条 by letter, 第三条 in person。

modes of travel (Task 1)

Average distance travelled by adults and the modes of travel in 1974 and in 2004 的一个柱状图

新西兰乘坐的交通工具 (Task 1)

小作文是 bar chart 新西兰旅游乘坐交通工具, 描述的是写作第一个就是 5 个国家的人 (大不列颠, 德, 日, 韩, 澳) 2004 年关于外国游客去新西兰乘坐的交通工具的百分比, 有 car, Air, coach & Ferry 四种, 竖轴是百分比, 横轴按游客国籍分为四组, 每组按上述交通工具各含有四个 bar。

five different European country (Task 1)

bar chart:visitors go to five different places in an European country between 1981 and 2001.

广播节目的图表 (Task 1)

The chart below shows the total number of several types of TV programme that played on the English BBC1.

Type 1: films and drama

1970.....

1980.....

1990.....

2000.....

type 2: sport

1970..

1980.....

1990.....

2000.....

type3: news and weather

1970...

1980.....

1990.....

2000.....

注释，黑色点点代表大体趋势) 只有 TYPE3 记得不太清楚啦。

电视频道的广告收入 (Task 1)

表格题，是关于 4 个电视频道的广告收入的对比和 2002 与 2003 的对比

美国青少年花在各种媒体上的时间 (Task 1)

两个饼图，美国人 2003 年花在各种媒体上的时间和青少年花的时间，描述并作适当对比。是美国人在 2003 年花多长时间在 TV, Radio, Book and Internet 上。另一副是同样的内容但是显示的是 teenage 的情况。值得注意的是，这些休闲的总时间在图下表示出来了，所以要写一下，因为一整个饼不是 24hours。

2002 年广告花费(Task 1)

表格题：英国 4 个汽车制造商的 2002 年广告花费，以及他们对 5 种不同形式广告的利用率。

Manufacturer	Total(million)	Type of advertising				
		press	cinema	radio	outdoor	TV
A	57	32%	6%	7%	7%	56%
B	57	47%	0%			52%
C	40	52%	6%		2%	25%
D	36		0%	27%	3%	70%

表格数据由网友提供,仅供参考

比较 5 个欧洲国家在教育培训方面的投入(Task 1)

表格题： percentage of government spending in education and training and percentage of 18-24 year olds participating in education and training in five different European countries in 2002.

图表中给了五个欧洲国家的数据。

政府与群众的态度比较 (Task 1)

两个饼图，欧盟的决策者和普通老百姓对欧盟 membership 的态度。

政府经费分配 (Task 1)

比较政府经费分配，关于 4 个国家政府在 90 年到 95 年的花销比较，4 个 pie chart, 4 个部分的花销:education,defence,health and others,其中肯尼亚和另一个国家较为相似（名字不记得了），在教育上的花销大而在 defence 上很小，与之相比较的是英国和美国，他们在教育上 expenditure 的较小，而健康和 defence 很大，4 个国家的相同之处就是占的比例最大，大约都在 70%左右。

人的寿命 (Task 1)

一个表格，说的是英国从 1912, 193 几年, 197 几年, 和 2001 年, 男的和女的活到 100 岁的人数; 表格分为三行, 四列, 第一行是 male, 第二行是 female, 第三行是 total 列, 就是以上的几个时间段, 很简单, 越靠近现代, 人的寿命越长。

年龄的增长和学习 (Task 1)

bar charts 啊, 是说随着年龄的增长学习目的的改变情况, 青年人大都是为了 career, 老年人人大都是为了 interest, 还有 employer 和年龄的关系。

英国车辆的变化情况 (Task 1)

2009.10.8

英国人在 1975 年到 2005 年拥有车辆的变化情况

fishing industries (Task 1)

2009.9.12

Table

The table below compares the data of the world's large-scale sea fishing industries and small-scale sea fishing industries.

(number of employees, annual catch, annual salary, annual oil consumption)

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

fuels for electricity production (Task 1)

2009.9.5

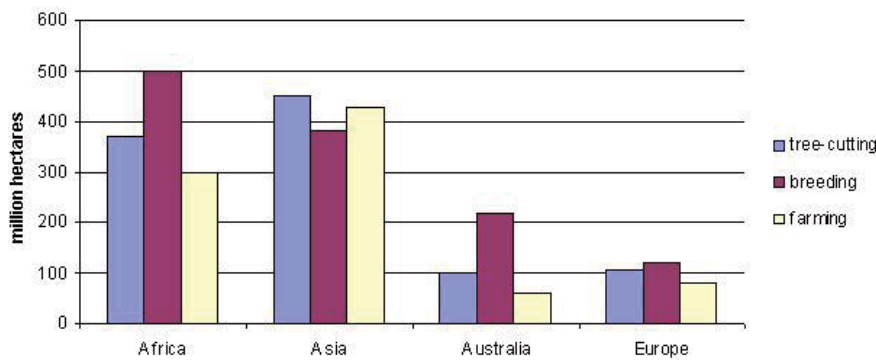
图表是 OIL, NATURAL GAS, COAL AND NUCLEAR 四种 FUELS for ELECTRICITY PRODUCTION in UK from 1996-2006 的情况

main causes of land damage in different areas (Task 1)

2009.8.22

The bar chart below shows the three main causes of land damage in four different areas. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

The Main Causes of Land Damage in Four Regions



oil production and oil consumption (Task 1)

2009.8.8

Line chart 线形图

The chart below gives information about the oil production and oil consumption in China from 1982 to 2006.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

几种主要能源的变化 (Task 1)

2009.6.20

The line graph below shows the changes of fuel source (oil, coal, natural gas, hydro power, nuclear power) in world demand between 1970 and 2030.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make

comparisons where relevant.

人口比例变化 (Task 1)

2009.6.11

The bar chart below shows the percentage of the world population in four different areas from 1950 to 2050.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Water and House use (Task 1)

2009.3.5

Two charts

1. pie chart

2004 年 residential water consumption 70%, 其中居民用水包括 house 和另外一个。

Business and industry 12% and 11% respectively,

Government use 6%

other 1%

2. Bar chart of House use

Garden?%, bath ?%, Kitchen, Toilet, washing clothes...

几个国家二氧化碳含量比较 (Task 1)

两个柱状图：第一个是 CO2 emissions by person, 单位 gigagrams, 美国最多，其次澳大利亚，中国和印度最少，法国意大利居中；第二个是 CO2 emissions by countries, 还是美国最多，澳大利亚明显



美国黄石公园的一次火灾后森林的生长情况 (Task 1)

Flow chart about the national park in USA after the fire disaster, the trees refresh the environment 300 plus years period.

是讲在美国黄石公园的一次火灾后，森林的生长情况。

能源消耗 (Task 1)

三个 PIE CHARTS shows the changes in the consumption of energy from different energies in different time (1928,195?,1998). Energies was composed of OIL, NATURAL GAS, COAL, OTHER and in 1998 NUCLEAR ENERGY was introduced.

石油煤炭天然气 (Task 1)

Task 1

横坐标: 1950-2000 年, 纵坐标: million tonnes 三条曲线分别是: 石油 (上升趋势), 煤炭 (先上后下), 天然气 (上升趋势)。题目: 这三个东东, 在过去 50 年在世界范围的应用。

世界能源百分比图 (Task 1)

一个 pie 图, about 世界能源分类百分比 solid fuels 44%, nuclear power 20%, gas, water, other renewable; 另一个柱图, 不是水平的, 是由上至下, about in 1997, European 8 个 countries production of nuclear power. France 第一是 78%, Belgium 第二是 60%, Finland 最后, 27%。

英国 1981-2000 年燃料的生产情况 (Task 1)

只要描述曲线的几个阶段的变化就可以了!

图表, 英国 1981-2000 年燃料的生产情况 (石油、煤、天然气)。

Worldwide land degradation 的情况 (Task 1)

一个饼图: main reasons of land degradation 饼图共四个部分, 四个部分的百分比分别是 35%; 30%; 28%; 7%, 显示的是关于 Worldwide land degradation 的情况。

一个表格是: how many percent of land degradation caused by these three main causes in North Africa, Europe & Oceania, 表格里是这三个因素在这三个地区所占有的比例, 最后一列是这三个地区总的 land degradation 的总比例。表格图有三个纵向的 Region, 分别是 North American, Europe, Ocean, 横向是 Causes of the degradation。

关于臭氧层的线图 (Task 1)

第一篇是两个 line graph, 第一个是臭氧空洞的 size 的变化, 从 1988 到 2000, 第二个 line graph 是三种对臭氧层有破坏的气体排放量, 三条线, 其中一个先上升后下降, 其他两个都是逐步上升。

最后结论是虽然总体的气体排放量没有多大改变, 但臭氧层却发生很大变化, 可以得出第 3 种气体的排放增量是导致臭氧层恶化的主要原因。

能源消耗 (Task 1)

美国日本澳大利亚的能源消耗 (石油, 单位桶) 的数量以及增长率的比较 (工业, 农业, 其他和总量四个方面) 图表比较澳大利亚, 日本, 美国 2000-2001 的 energy consumption, 和自 1990 年以来的增长趋势, 分为 industry, transport 和 other use, 以及 total, 美国消耗最多, 增长最慢, industry 增长是 0.9%, 澳大利亚消耗最低, 日本增长最快。

Energy consuming during 2000-2001, and increase rates than 1999. Summary and compare the figures and rates.

In million tones of oil equivalent

新能源投入折线图 (Task 1)

4 个国家对新能源的研究投入的折线图

Industry	30+	159+	400+
Rate (not sure)			
Transportation	20+	90+	560+
Rate (not sure)			
Others	31+	140+	430+
Rate (not sure)			
Total	90+	400+-	1443+
Rate	31. +		10+

国家森林覆盖率 (Task 1)

小作文是个 table,七个国家森林覆盖率的, 比较简单

二氧化碳量和温度升高的关系 (Task 1)

两个图, 每图两条线, 预测 2010—2100 年二氧化碳量和温度升高的关系, 重点在比较。forecasts of carbon emission and global temperature change from 2010 to 2100

NO 的排放量 (Task 1)

讲 4 类型交通工具 buses, lorries, petrol cars and diesel cars, 对一种污染物 NO 的排放量

图全部是笑脸状的,先是一个线性上升然后一个山沟, 顶点是 10KPH 时候, buses 的 16 g/km, lorries 10, p-cars 2, d-cars 1

最低点在 70KPH, b8, l7, p-cars 2 差一点, d-cars 1 差一点。次高点在 130 KPH, b14, l? p2 多一点, d1 左右。

总结是如果要减少污染, 选择后两种交通工具会比较好。

关于石油的世界储存量分布和消耗量分布 (Task 1)

两幅 table, 左边是 percentage of total world oil resources, 右边是 percentage of total world oil consumption, 让你分析, 然后还有句话让你说 realavantly 来着

average rainfall&temperature in Africa (Task 1)

是一个坐标轴上画了柱状图和曲线图, the chart gives the information on the average rainfall and temperature annually in T in Africa.

一年平均温度和降水量的图, 温度是用线图来表示, 降水量是用柱状来表示, 同时出现在一个表格里。记得是 4 月中旬温度最高, 8 月份下雨最多。

amount of oil discovered worldwide (Task 1)

柱状图: 全世界从 1950 年到 2020 年 amount of oil discovered worldwide。

population figures for four countries (Task 1)

The Table below shows population figures for four countries for 2003 and projected figures for 2025 and 2050.

Countries	2003	2025	2050
	Population (millions)		
Aregenia	34	48	62
*****	238	274	312
Italy	54	47	45
Republic of Korea	48	52	52

注: 国家的名字记不清了, 数字也不太准确, 大概趋势是对的(前两个国家一次增长; Italy 依次下降; Korea 后两个数字相同)

销售食物以及浪费的食物 (Task 1)

写的是一个表格超市在从 monday-sunday 记录下来的销售食物以及浪费的食物以及浪费的食物的百分比。

第一列 average sales, 第二列 average waste, 第三列, waste as a percentage of sales, 是一个图表, 一共七行, 从 monday to sunday

第一列最多是周六, 42,225 英镑。。最少的是周日, 11。周五比周六少点 39,***是第二多的。

第二列浪费做多的是周日, 1, 20*英镑。

第三列最多的是周日, 8.9%。最少的是周六 2.7%其次是周五 2.9%

垃圾的回收图表 (Task 1)

各种不同垃圾的回收百分率, 1992 年, 1997 年, 2002 年。只记得是最少的是 plastic, 然后是 cans? 然后是 paper, 最多的是 glass。

图表比较类

美国、加拿大、澳大利亚移民数量比较

2013.4.6

The line graph shows the number of immigrants in USA, Canada and Australia from 1990 to 2001. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 要用过去时 2) 按照最后的变化趋势来分, 上升一段, 下降一段。在进行趋势描写时, 需要注意对比, 以及数据的带入 3) 结尾段总体趋势的概括或者是主要特征的重述
重点表达	Grow substantially, undergo a dramatic increase; after decreasing slowly, it began to go up...;

男性和女性在地区性投票和国家性投票中数量的变化

2013.3.23

The line charts show the number of men and women who voted in local and national elections changed from 1970 to 2010.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 要用过去时 2) 男性和女性地区性投票变化分为一段, 国家性投票分为一段 3) 男女趋势变化的描写
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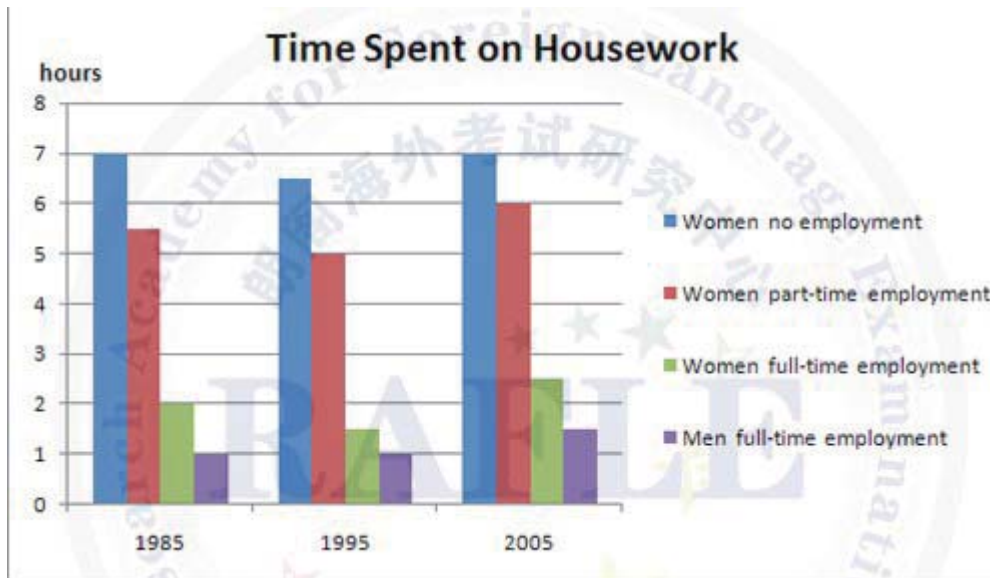
重点表达

Exponential growth, see an upward trend, It is interesting to note that.....,

男性女性做家务的时间

2013.3.9

The bar chart shows average hours of housework done by women (unemployment, part time, full time) and full time working men. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

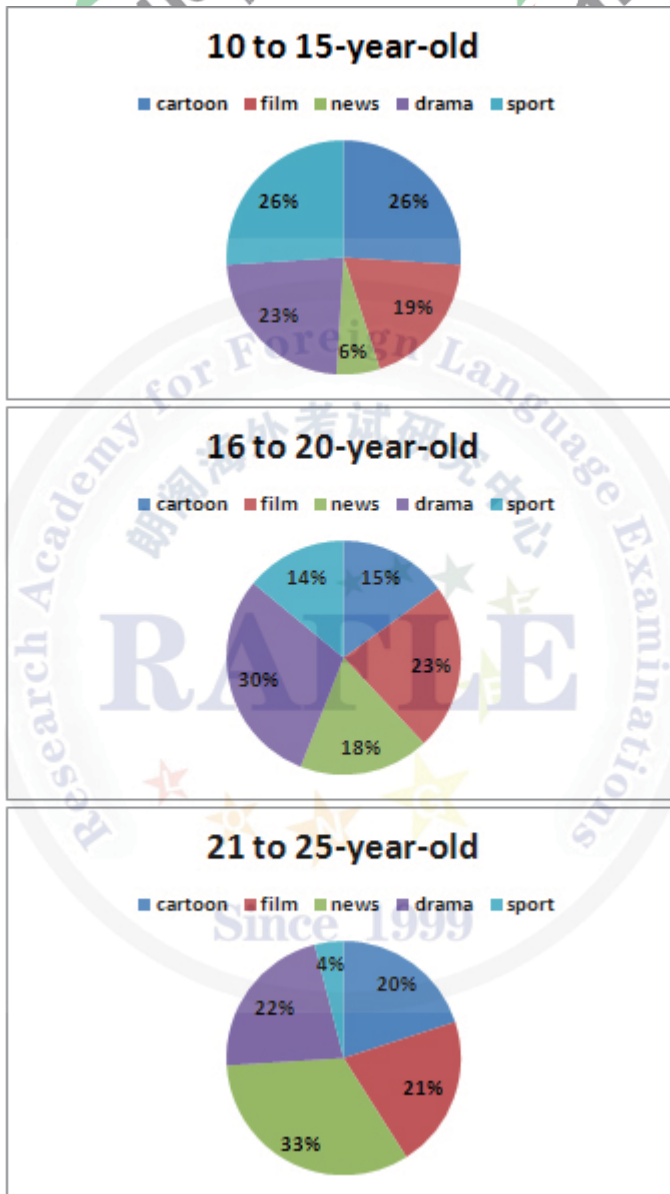


写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 注意时态，1985, 1995, 2005年数据要用过去时。 2. 动态数据的描写应注意句式的变化。 3. 重点数据为无业和兼职女性做家务的时间，应详细描写。 4. 在引言段中应先概述整个图表的趋势。
重点表达	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. While, however, in spite of, in stark contrast 等连词。 2. This can be in stark contrast with the figures of men with full-time work.

同年龄段的人群喜欢的电视节目

2013.3.2

The pie charts show the TV programs enjoyed by people of different age groups. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



写作指导

1. 注意同一饼图下的排序。

	2. 注意不同饼图之间同一电视节目比例的比较。
重点表达	1. While, however, in spite of, in stark contrast 等连词; 2. The preference for TV programs barely changes across different age groups.

对于经理的重要因素

2013.2.16

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 要用过去时 2) 注意趋势的描写 3) 文中要进行对比
重点表达has experienced a dramatic increase in.... The number ofrose sharply to

男女学生分别在各科目中取得 top grades 的百分比

2013.2.2

写作指导	本次小作文是四幅柱状图。 可以先进行横向比较, 即男生在哪些科目占优势而女生在哪些科目占优势。再进行纵向对比, 即1960年学生擅长的科目与2000年学生擅长的科目进行比较。 柱状图需要横向总结所有柱状图的共性特征, 也要描述各个柱子的个性特征。
重点表达	In 1960, the proportion of girls who got grade A was %, but 40 years later it dropped to %. The proportion of boys who got grade A in physics is slight higher than that of girls. 此外还可以用 while, however, in spite of, by contrast 等连词, 也包括类似 it is clear that 插入语。

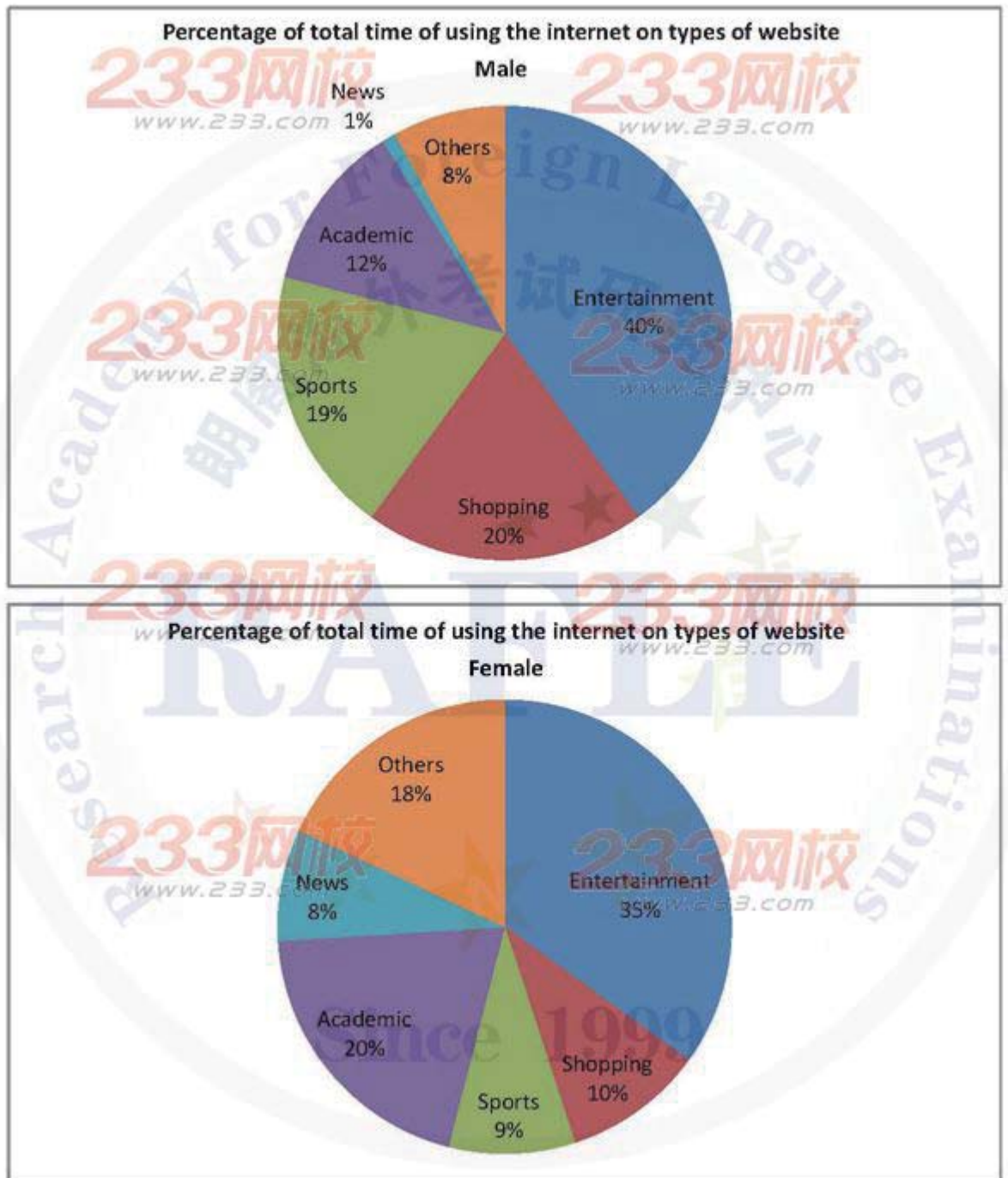
男女同学在不同网站花费的时间

2013.1.19

The two pie charts show the time of using the internet for different purposes in different genders.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.





写作指导

- 1) 开头段落进行改写
- 2) 主体段分两段，男生女生的上网时间分开写。

	<p>男性写一段---注意其中的数据排列部分，从大到小，others 放最后</p> <p>女性一段---其中的数据排列同上，但是还应该注意与男性的比较（一到两处）</p> <p>3) 总结，图形中的总趋势</p>
重点表达	<p>Provide information about; ...is the largest, while...are much less, but be similar...; ...is much higher than...</p>

运动场变化

2012.11.24

The two maps compare the same sporting center of a specific university in 2007 and present.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，07年用过去时，现在的用现在时写</p> <p>2) 主体段分两段，先描述07年的体育中心分布，第三段再描述与07年相比，现在的体育中心状况。</p> <p>3) 被动态写</p>
重点表达	<p>on the opposite side of, original/previous, completely disappeared, a newly built, on the eastern of, ...</p>

不同年龄段的人的不同收入水平

2012.11.17

The multi-line (3 lines) graph shows the different incomes between males and females with or without children in different age group in UK.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，要用过去时 2) 注意趋势的描写 3) 文中要进行对比</p>
重点表达	<p>..... has experienced a dramatic increase in.... The number of rose sharply to The income of the women with children</p>

日本东京和澳大利亚悉尼一年 12 个月的平均温度

2012 年 10 月 13 日

The line charts describe the average temperature in Tokyo, Japan and in Sydney, Australia.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 注意时态, 无具体年份给出的用一般现在时 2) 主体段分两段, 先描述日本东京的温度变化趋势, 重点描述变化趋势和几个特殊的点 3) 再描述澳大利亚悉尼的温度变化 4) 最后比较总结
重点表达	<p>Reach the peak, bottom out at, see/experience/witness/an upward/downward trend,</p> <p>There is a dramatic increase/decrease</p>

风能发电

2012 年 09 月 01 日

The line chart shows the amount of energy generated by wind in 4 countries from 1980 to 1995.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 描述各线时要突出线的整体趋势情况, 并强调最高、最低等特殊数值; 2) 各线的细节趋势不用描写得过于详细, 但是主要特征及特色情况一定要强调提出, 做到主次分明, 切忌喧宾夺主的描写; 3) 结尾段可结合各线趋势及数值进行整体比较, 给出整体性的汇总特征或强调某一国的特殊情况。
重点表达	<p>the -est / most(最高级);</p> <p>The number of sth. increased/decreased...;</p> <p>There was a rise/fall in...;</p> <p>The time from...to...witnessed a growth/decline in....</p>

男生和女生在选择不同出行方式的信息

2012 年 08 月 25 日

The pie charts provide information about how different modes of travel were used in 2008.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态, 要用过去时</p> <p>2) 可分成2-3段主体段, 总数先写。将6种不同出行方式以由大到小的方式进行排序和分组, 注重大小的比较。前三大比例需重点强调。</p> <p>3) 结尾可从三幅图共性处找联系和规律, 就是不论男女 drive car or van 都是最多的选择。</p>
重点表达	<p>..., (closely) followed by...</p> <p>What came next was...</p> <p>...was/were close behind</p>

新西兰家庭的家电持有率

2012 年 08 月 11 日

The table shows the percentage of household with electronic goods in New Zealand in 1997 and 2002.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态, 要用过去时</p> <p>2) 注意分段, 可以根据数据的变化趋势进行段落的布局, 先将上升的写完, 再写下降的和保持平稳的。需引用数据来强调这段时间的数据变化趋势。</p> <p>3) 结尾可只关注在最后一个时间点, 讲述里面最突出的特征, 可以写哪种家电最受欢迎, 哪种最不受欢迎。</p>
------	---

重点表达	...remained stable/ steady... ...rise/ go up/ grow/ go upward dramatically/ rapidly/ substantially... ...had an opposite trend...
------	---

各个地方电影院的售票情况

2012 年 07 月 07 日

The table shows the change of proportion of drama, comedy, romance, and fantasy film released and total ticket sales in the UK in 2000 and 2010. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1. 注意时态，要用过去时 2. 按照时间进行分段，中间段落写成两段 3. 在2000年把四个数据进行横向的比较排列。2010年采取同样的方式。 4. 最后一段把两个年份之间的一些比较关系进行简单概述。
重点表达	...by far the largest proportion... ...in similar quantities... ...while ...much fewer... ...account for/occupy/represent/take up

各个国家的二氧化碳排放量情况

2012 年 06 月 16 日

The table shows carbon dioxide (CO₂) production in five countries in 2005 and 2006. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 表格中各纵栏数据可按照从高到低排序顺序进行排列比较, 并突出强调最高、最低等特殊数值;</p> <p>2) 表格各横栏间可比性不强, 不需要在中途将2005年及2006年的数据进行单独比较, 因为表格最后一纵栏有特别交代两个年份中数据的变化情况, 如果将太多数据集中在一起进行比较反而会出现较混乱的场面;</p> <p>3) 结尾段可结合表格整体情况, 给出整体性的汇总特征或强调某一国的特殊情况。</p>
重点表达	<p>the -est / most (最高级)</p> <p>..., (closely) followed by...</p> <p>What came next be...</p> <p>...be close behind</p> <p>lie last</p>

国家之间人口比例

2012 年 06 月 09 日

The table illustrates the proportion of those aged 65 and older in three countries, Canada, the UK and Germany in 1980, 2000 and 2030.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态, 1980, 2000年的数据要用过去时, 2030年的数据要用将来时。</p> <p>2) 可按照数据比较的特点来写1980, 2000, 2030年老年人的比例, 可以进行纵向描写。</p> <p>3) 国家之间的对比可以进行横向描写</p>
重点表达	<p>A accounted for the largest proportion, (closely) followed by... What came next was... ...was/were close behind, compared with A, B...</p>

不同年龄段的成年人的上网时间

2012 年 04 月 21 日

The bar chart shows the percentage of adults in different age groups using the internet in UK during 2003 to 2006.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

动态表格，横向为五个年龄段（16-24, 24-44, 44-64, 65 and over），纵向分别为不同时期的人上网的百分比。

重点表达式	The number ofaccounted for...., with the number reaching.... ...ranks the first....
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咖啡不同情况的百分比结构

2012 年 04 月 14 日

The table shows the information about where coffee produced, consumed and the profits go.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

静态饼图，一个有三个饼，分别显示咖啡不同情况的百分比结构。

第一个饼显示了咖啡各地产产量的百分比信息，其中南非的比例最大，也就是产量最高(46%)；然后是亚洲和美洲,产量差不多，都在 16%-19%之间；最少为大洋洲（1%）。

第二个饼显示了咖啡的消耗量百分比信息，消耗量最大的为欧洲（42%），其次为“others”（29%），USA 为 22%，而 Japan 只有 7%。

第三个饼显示了咖啡的利润分配百分比信息，其中“shipper, roader”的比例最大，占了 55%，利润最少的是“producer 和 exporter”，各占 10%。

重点表达	proportion, percentage, the majority, the -est / most(最高级) ..., (closely) followed by... What came next be... ...be close behind
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	lie last
--	----------

三种书的销量对比

2012 年 03 月 31 日

The graph shows sales for books of three categories in the UK between 2002 and 2006.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

adult fiction, educational books, children's book 这三种书从 2002 年到 2006 年的销量对比(\$million), 其中 children's book 是连续四年保持销量增长, adult fiction 和 educational books 是彼此相反, 一个上升另一个就下降。

全职和兼职的工作时间对比

2012 年 03 月 17 日

The bar chart shows the working time of part-time and full-time workers in Greece, Netherland and UK.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

电视节目所观看的小时数

2012 年 03 月 08 日

The line chart shows the differences of the time spent on three TV programs in UK from 1980 to 2022.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

本题比较了三种电视节目所观看的小时数，分别是 news and weather, sports 以及 films and drama，注意时态中需要包含将来时态。

欧洲某国家男女出行的人数和目的的对比情况

2012 年 02 月 25 日

The bar chart shows the information on the number and purpose of trips made by males and females in a certain European country. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

讨论

年欧洲某国家男女出行的人数和目的的对比情况，其中三个是男性大于女性的数值，而另三个是女性大于男性，包括 shopping, taking children to school, visiting friend.

比较 6 个国家的小学和初中生平均人数

2011 年 12 月 03 日

The bar chart shows the average number of pupils in primary and lower secondary schools in six countries in 2006.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

比较欧洲和美国人在 business 上的成功因素

2011 年 11 月 05 日

The chart below shows the result of a survey about the most important factors to success in business of the people in Europe and the USA.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

城镇和城市的人口比例

2011 年 10 月 22 日

The graph below shows the percentage of population living in towns and cities in USA, India, China and South Korea since 1970s with projection to 2030.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant

商科和法律学生的费用及奖学金的差距对比

2011 年 10 月 20 日

The chart below shows the comparison of fees and scholarships of business students and law students in three universities in Australia.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

比较澳洲水循环系统目前的状态和未来的状态

2011 年 9 月 17 日

The diagram below compares the water system in Australia now and in the future.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features.

两个基本的地图，比较澳洲水循环系统目前的状态和未来的状态。

第一张是现在人们从 dam 等地方取来 clean water，用成 waste 后就给处理厂，处理厂倒到 river 里，还有 rain water 也直接倒到 river 里。

某欧洲国家 12 年内三种渠道售书比较

2011 年 5 月 7 日

The following line chart shows the number of books bought from different sources in a European country from 2000 to 2012.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

线形图，三条线，某欧洲国家 12 年内三种渠道售书比较：bookshop & supermarket & internet。

每四年一档，分成 3 段时间：2000-2004,2004-2008,2008-2012，

起点数据好像是：bookshops>supermarkets>internet，

末点数据最大是 supermarkets。

六个澳大利亚景点比较

2009 年 7 月 25 日

The table below gives information about the number of visitors in six Australian historic sites in 1996,1998 and 2000. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

图书馆资料比较

2009 年 7 月 11 日

The tables below give information about a questionnaire of the local library's range of books and non-printed materials (e.g. computer software & DVDs) according to different age groups (under 14, 15-49, over 50).

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

校园几年之间的变化

2009 年 6 月 27 日

The 2 maps below show the changes of a campus in 1955 and 2005.

(Gymnasium, Library, IT centre, Car park, etc.)

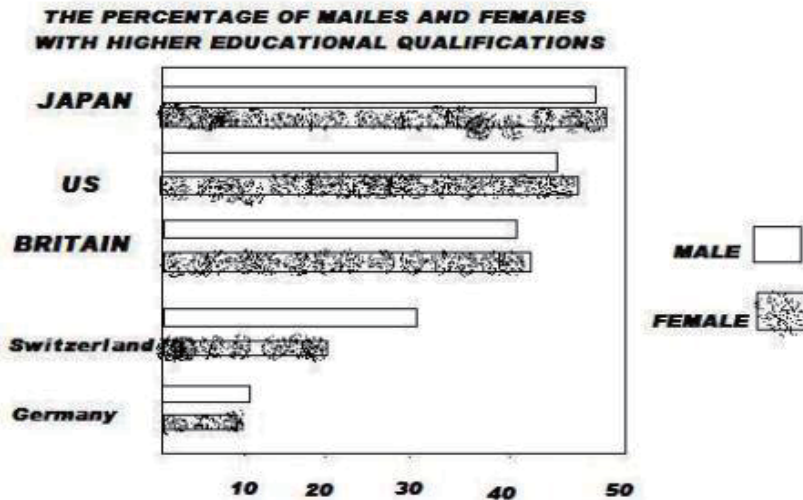
Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

几个国家男女教育程度比较

2009 年 5 月 30 日

柱状图 Bar Chart

About the percentage of 25-34 year-old males & females with higher education qualification in Japan, US, UK, Switzerland, Germany in 2001.



可可豆在几个地区的种植情况

2009 年 5 月 21 日

the table below show the cocoa bean production in six different region between 1992 and 1998.

六个地区不同时间老年人的比例变化

The bar chart below shows the percentage of the population aged 60 and over in 2000 and 2050 in different areas. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

男女花在 household activities 上的时间比较

The charts below show the average time spent on household activities and leisure activities by British men and women in 2001.

男女抽烟人数比较

2009.4.30

小作文是柱状图和曲线图结合.

内容是关于欧洲一个小镇抽烟的人数 <male&female>

Type of accommodation

2009.4.25

三个饼图 Pie Chart, 分别对应三年里度假的人如何安排住宿的问题

Literacy rate in different regions

2009.4.18

The bar chart shows the male and female adult literacy rate in different regions.

几个国家人口数量变化

2009.4.4

two BAR Charts

first chart shows the number of people per square kilometer in six countries by the year of 2003

second chart shows the change in urban population percentage in six countries during 2003-2005

six countries: australia, canada, japan, italy, sweden, United kingdom.

同一个地区过去和现在的对比(地图题)

2009.3.14

同一个地区过去和现在的对比

给出了一个特定区域从 1965 年到现在，以及以后的发展计划，让你描述有什么变化，主要是比较，像什么森林没了，有桥了，apartments 多了，car park 多了，以后还要建个**和停车场在 river 东南方向。

澳大利亚对中国进出口金额变化

2009.3.7

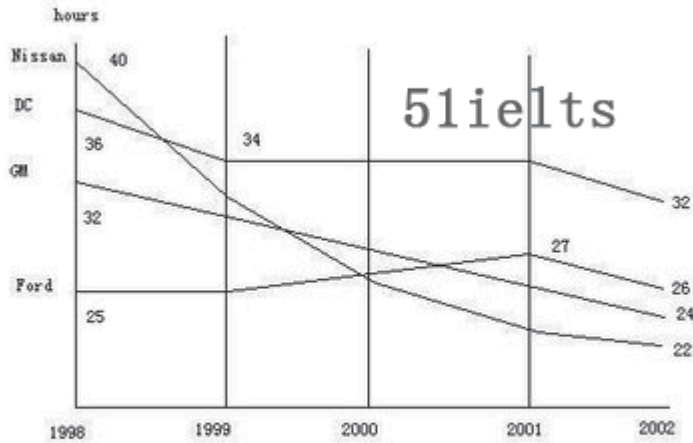
BAR CHART

澳大利亚对中国进出口金额的变化 BAR CHART, 以及 2003/2004 年澳洲自中国进口的几种商品的。

生产车辆所花时间的变化

2009.2.28

是对比四个公司 (Nissan DC GM Ford) 生产一辆车所花时间的变化从 1998 到 2002 年



destinations of exports

2009.2.21

3 个饼图, these charts below show the proportion of main regions of exports from three latin american countries.

每个饼图的成分是: 1. USA 2. Europe 3. Other Latin American countries 4. other regions

电影院的人数变化

2009.2.12

澳大利亚 1994-2002 年间电影院的人数 table 和 变化 line。

男女青年抽烟概率比较

2009.2.7

是两个柱状图, 一个是 13/15/18 岁的男青年抽烟的概率, 一个是相同年龄的女青年的抽烟概率, 是 1995 年, 2000 年, 2005 年的数据。

女性管理人员情况变化

2009.1.10

柱状图比较三种不同的女性管理人员(Director, Department Manager and Section Leader) 在 1990 年至 2005 年间的增长情况的变化。

比较三种手机所占市场份额

Moto, Nokia, Sony Ericsson 1994-2004 占市场份额的三条曲线

三个国家有关电影院相关比较

table 题型, 3 个国家——澳大利亚、日本和阿塞拜疆着 3 个国家在 1995 年和 1999 年

3 年中的电影院个数, 观众总人数, 和人均去电影院的次数。

同一地区所建房屋类型比较

bar charts

比较 1999—2002 四年中, 在一个 particular region 的四种新建的 homes: detached houses、semi-detached houses、terraced houses、flats。

四项体育 playing 人数在 1985-2005 年之间变化

曲线图。numbers of badminton ,tennis, basketball,rugby players in a european country between 1985 and 2005。

比较四项体育的 playing 人数在 1985-2005 年之间的变化。

四项运动有 badminton, tennis, basketball 和 rugby。

badminton 和 basketball 之间是一个反比的关系。

男女在不同年龄段志愿者工作量比较

柱状图，是说男女在不同年龄段志愿者工作量的比较。很像剑桥里一篇关于男女学历比较的柱状，不过这个小作文除了男女比较，还要比较他们在不同年龄段

公司员工语言培训

two pie charts, 第一个是 types of courses in language training. 第二个是关于 reasons for learning a language. 是某公司员工学习外语所参加培训课程的形式 type of foreign language training class (包括 intensive course, part-time course, self-tuition 等) 和原因 reason (包括 travel, meet person, business 等)

比较不同年龄段人群在阅读音乐所花费时间

two bar charts comparing the average amount number of time spent per day on two common leisure activities reading and music by different aged people of New Zealand.

员工平均一周工作时长的变化

是2张图,分别是线图:从1998年到2004欧洲某国的员工平均一周工作时长的变化。
表格:这几年每年平均带薪假期的天数

Year	average of days of paid holiday
1998	25
1999	27
2000	29
2001	30
2002	30
2003	32
2004	32

日本人口变化

曲线图 The graph shows the Japan's population by age from the year 1960 and includes the projected figures in 2040. 横坐标: year 纵坐标: percentage of population

一共三条曲线, 代表 three age groups: Age 1-14, Age 15-65, Age 65+

英国 3 所大学对科目的选择对比

英国 3 所大学对科目的选择对比.

四个国家四年内去英国读大学的人数比较

bar chart

比较欧盟, 中东, 远东, 非洲四个地区从 1999 年至 2003 年去英国读大学的人数比较。

图书馆满意度调查

2 个 pie chart, fulltime students and part-time students 对图书馆 it support 和 opening hours 的满意状况。

第一张图: 全职学生, 完全满意 32, 非常满意, 55, 完全不满意 13
半职学生, 完全满意 23, 非常满意, 32, 完全不满意 45

第二张图: 全职学生, 完全满意 12, 非常满意, 87, 完全不满意 1
半职学生, 完全满意 23, 非常满意, 72, 完全不满意 5

"Fair Trade" in UK between 1998 and 2002

bar chart show the information in the sales of selection "Fair Trade" in UK between 1998 and 2002,

UK 的 triff products 的 salling 情况的柱状图, 其中有 coffee, tea, cocoa, honey, and bananas

比较印度洋两国 99 年相关数据

是一个比较印度洋两国 Madagascar 和 Mauritius 1999 年相关数据的表格:

surface area(km²):前者比后者大很多

population(thousands):前者比后者大很多

GDP(US\$ per capita):前者比后者小很多

growth rate of population:前者比后者大很多

enrolment of school:分两项进行比较

primary 前者 97%左右,后者达到 100%

secondary 前者比后者小很多

结论: 从这两国来看, 人口越多的国家, 生活水平相对低。

6 个城市的地铁

写的是 6 个城市的地铁情况是个 table

由伦敦, 巴黎, 东京, 华盛顿, 洛杉矶, 还有一个日本的城市, 我不认识, 嘿嘿! 伦敦最早, 好像是最长, 要不就是巴黎, 东京的载客量最大! 就这些了, 我分别写了一下, 指出了最长, 最早, 最大载客量, 最小的那些

第一个是图表题

the table below is about the underground railway system in 6 cities.

city	date opened	kilometers of route	passengers per year
London	1878	1997	1900
paris	1900	1503	2400
Tokyo	1917	1122	3996
Washington d. c.	1978	400	300
某城市	1998	11	122
Los Angeles	2001	15	400

年份, 公里基本误差大, 人数实在不记得了, 但是基本顺序和大致范围应该是对的

4 个国家的数据

比較 2001 年時 4 各國家在 population, literacy 與 number of books published 的數字

南威尔士澳洲 90-98 数据

you have to write a report for a university lecturer ; a chart shows the number of softwood and hardwood in new south wales, australia, from 1990 to 1998,

4 个国家女人的工作情况

A bar chart shows the percentage of emplotment of women in 3 sections in 4 diferrent countries.

80-98 年美国犯罪

两个曲线图, 有关 1980 年到 1998 年美国 property crimes 和 violent crimes 的数字变化

关于 5 个国家的 payment per hour

三个表描述 5 个国家不同的 payment per hour

5 个国家的失业率

4 个国家的用水情况

是写 4 个国家在工业, 农业和家用用水的状况是个 BAR CHART。

是关于四个国家在家庭用水, 农业和工业的人均用水量, 很好写, 也没有什么困难看懂

4 column chart show the amount of water use in 4 countries in 3 categories (agriculture, household, industry). In agriculture, Australia leads the first. In household, industry, America is no.1. The U.K, no wonder a country full of gentleman, always the last one, and Japan strives for the third place.

英国 25 年间能源原料状况

英国 25 年间能源原料状况，折线图。当然是新的干净能源上升，污染的下降啊

英国四种能源的线状图

16.7 岁的年轻人教育,培训,工作等的比例

the proportion of 16 to 17 year-olds of their everyday activities

	1989	1994	1999
education	46%	64%	66%
working
training
no activities	5%	8%	10%

Shipping Industrial

Marine Shipping Industrial

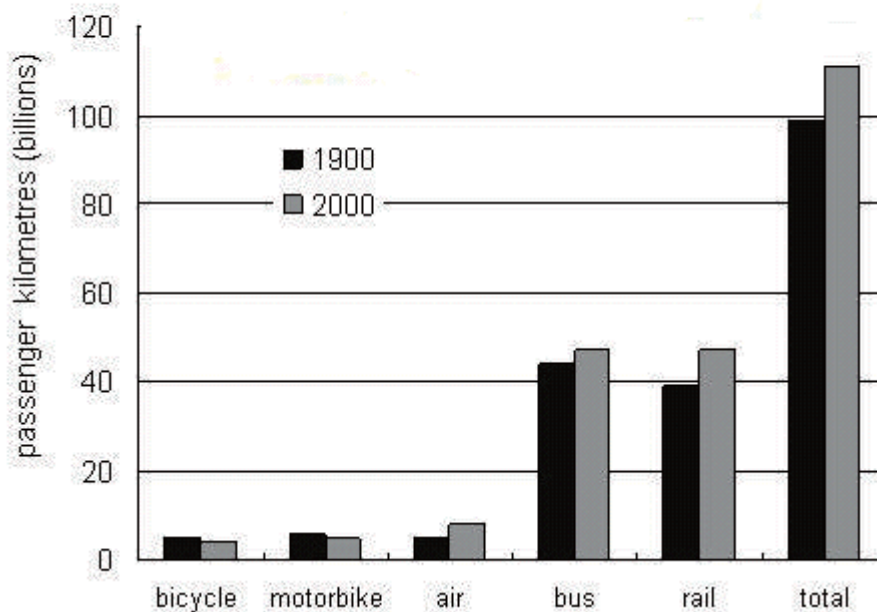
	Big-Scale: Industrial Ships	Small-Scale: Small Boats
Employees ***	About 50,000	nearly 120,000,000about
Annual catch: food Industrial Procedures	29 million tones ** million tones	24 million tones None
Captained cost of each person	\$30,000-\$300,000	\$250- forgot
Annual fuel oil ***	***	***

各种交通工具的旅客周转量

The bar chart below shows the passenger kilometers traveled by different means of transport in the UK in 1900 and 2000.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



关于交通的一篇范文

无忧雅思提示：本范文仅用于帮助考生熟悉雅思写作思路和写作方法，不可以背诵，更不可以整篇用于雅思实际考试中，否则将可能因为雷同得到极低分数甚至零分。

本篇作文为博普雅思写作主讲马良（Mars）老师的原创文章，任何组织与个人在未经博普雅思或作者本人授权的情况下不得使用本文章从事任何商业活动与赢利活动，若需转载请表明出处与作者信息，博普雅思、作者本人保留追述权。

Topic: 如何鼓励公共交通

We are now really ambivalent about private cars because they, despite contributing greatly to our life,

are also the root causes for chains of aftermaths: intensification of congestion, worsening air quality, and even the decrease of public physique. Being afraid that the situation will go further, we are now putting public transportation again in our sights. However, because of some subtle reasons, instancing vanity or self-esteem, some of us turn their backs to accepting short-distance buses or interstate coaches. Thus, several approaches should be adopted to encourage them.

The re-organization of bus routes and improvement of infrastructure should come first. Local authorities always focus their attention on some "hot spots", such as downtown, prestige neighborhoods, and the districts with dense population but are deaf to the strong demands from those "less important" areas, including suburb areas and the ones of complicated geographical conditions, where eventually become "blind spots". Failing the access to public transportation, the grass-roots in these places have perforce to choose private cars. If bettered roads and reformed traffic arrangement allow buses to reach these people and they will not shrug this way off because it is so environmentally-friendly and, more importantly, can also ease their economic burden.

Another strategy for stirring the public to use public transportation should be related to governmental propaganda and some special services should also be provided aboard. The practice of France can teach us a lot. The local authorities of Paris organize an activity called "Busing Your Dream", the mileages of a passenger will be exchanged to his credit and this credit will be very helpful for a passenger to apply for personal loan or jobs because banks and companies believe that the citizen loving environment is trustworthy, and vice versa. Meanwhile, bus companies also provide weather forecast and exclusive news. It is obvious that the carrot and stick approach is also powerful in this aspect.

In conclusion, the popularity of public transportation can only be fulfilled by the government and public, thus, the key to this problem is that the two parties must spend collective efforts, both in hardware and awareness. (350)

学生打工时间的图表

小作文是两个图 bar chart 各年龄段的学生打工人数的百分比。1983 和 2003 年的变化趋势十分相似，都是 20—24 岁的学生，打工人数最多；40plus 的学生打工人数最少。每个年龄段的学生中，打工人数都有所上升。

另外一个表格，两个年份中，1983 学生平均每周打工时间是 5 小时，完成学位是平均需要 3 年；2003 年学生平均每周打工时间是 14.4 小时，完成学位是平均需要四年。

TABLE

	1983	2003
Average paid work per week	5 hours	14.4hours
Average years to complete degree	3 years	4 years

学校教育花费图表

三个 pie charts, 关于英国某所大学的 schooling spending in 1981, 1991 and 2001. Pie charts for the total spending of a particular school in HK in 1981, 1991 and 2001, summary the main idea and make comparisons if necessary. The spending include teachers' salaries, other workers salaries, furniture and equipment, resources, e.g. books, and insurance.

大学生花费开支图示

3 个饼图, 讲的是 3 个城市大学生花费开支, 历史的对现在人有用还是没用。每个饼都分 accommodation, leisure, books, food, other。我觉得这里要注意, 他给的 3 个饼就是三个国家, 每个的 annual expenditure per student 都不一样, 这个不要忽略了。第一个是 5, 000 多? 反正最多, 第二个是 4, 500, 第三个最少, 只有 1, 000 多。

小学生数量统计表

TABLE the number of primary school pupil in England over the period 1998 to 2002

要写出 main feature 和 comparison

监狱人数统计表

是关于一个欧洲国家监狱人数的变动, 一个男的图, 一个女的图。给了两个 graphs about the population of male and female prison in a European country.

天气与日照比较的两个表格

小作文两个表格，印度和俄罗斯的天气与日照比较

两个柱状图人口寿命

两个柱状图，第一个是 country A country B country C 在 1900、1950、2000 年出生的人口寿命对比。肯定越来越长。第二个是 country A country B country C 在 1900、1950、2000 年小于 15 岁的青年人的比率。随着时间增加比例越来越小。

伦敦旅游

一个 TABLE：就是写海外的游客和英国当地的游客去伦敦旅游的百分比 给了几个 REASON，有 holiday visit friend/relatives business/conference others

关于体育的柱状图

柱状图：比较英国 1995、2000、2005 的体育的爱好

隧道

第一个 法国/意大利勃朗峰隧道，走汽车汽车，直的，从山下通过，几年就建好了。
第二个 日本的什么海底隧道，通火车的，v 字型，从海峡过，用了好几十年。

五个国家这两年 change

柱形图&表格，one bar chart and a table, the broadband connections in 5 countries.

.柱形图是 2000 和 2001 五个国家 connections per 1000 people.表格是五个国家这两年的 change.

两幅图 School Site 的情况

有两幅图 School Site 的情况

第一个是 2004 年 School Site 的情况: 一个 School Building(记不清了, 图中部偏上位置), 一个 Car Park (图右偏上), 一条 Road (图右下方, 一直通道停车场), 一条小 Path(位于教学楼下部, 此路通道运动场), 另外学校还有一个占地面积较大的 Sports Field, 图的其余地方都是草地和树。

第一个是 2004 年 School Site 的情况: 2 个 School Building, 一个 Car Park, 一条 Road, 一条小 Path(位于教学楼下部, 此路通道运动场), 另外学校还有一个占地面积较大的 Sports Field, 图的其余地方都是草地和树。

最左边是 Road

左上角是 Car Park

Car Park 右边是 School Building1

Sports Field 在 School Building1 右边

这三个都是靠上的

School Building2

在 School Building1 的东南方向 在 Sports Field 的西南方向

Path 在 School Building1 School Building2 之间穿过 从 ROAD 通到 Sports Field

academic arts science and healthcourses 的百分比

简单的 3 个 pie charts, 3 个年龄段的参加 academic arts science and healthcourses 的百分比。

城市的温度表和降水量表

4 幅图~是关于巴西圣保罗和非洲某个国家某个城市的温度表和降水量表~比较一下~

G 类书信

表扬医护人员

写表扬信,表扬医护人员写表扬信,表扬医护人员

Dear Sir:

I am a business man from America, and my name is David Smith. Last month it was the first time that I traveled to Beijing for business, signing a contract with a Chinese food company. Unfortunately I got a bad flu and then had a fever. I was sent to your hospital. Because my temperature was nearly 40 degree centigrade, I was asked to be in hospital. I worried about my business and the delay of signing the contract would lead to great losses to my company. However, after the doctors' careful treatment and nurses' patient care, I was recovered only in 4 days.

I completed the negotiation with the food company smoothly and signed the contract on time finally. So I sincerely appreciate all the staffs in your hospital who helped me full-heatedly. I was deeply impressed by the kind doctors and nurses, the pleasant and comfortable environment, and considerate services. I have no relatives and friends in Beijing, but I felt at home in your hospital. I will always remember all those warmhearted persons and your hospital in my heart.

Best wishes to you all!

Faithfully yours,
David Smith

表扬信——餐厅服务

Dear Manager:

I am a reporter from the News Weekend. Because of the demand of my work, I often come to Beijing to do interviews. Your hotel is my favorite, because of the comfortable living conditions, and the considerate service, especially your excellent food.

The restaurants in your hotel have many kinds of delicious food such as Chinese food, Japanese food, French food and so on. Among these delicious foods, I like the Beijing Toast Duck best, not only because of its Chinese characteristics but also its special taste for people from all over the world. So every time I come here I always choose this course.

Furthermore, what impressed me most is the high quality service, it always makes me feel at home. Waiters and waitresses are so kind and warmhearted that they always earnestly recommend every new or special food of the restaurant. I will recommend your hotel and restaurant to my friends without any reservation and hesitation.

Hope your hotel and restaurant will be more prosperous in the future.

Faithfully yours,

Will Smith

01/01/2000

写信丢包

you lost a bag of shopping in a museum, write a letter

写信给朋友到新的地方学习

你要到新的城市的 new school study english.写封信告诉你的朋友，内容必须包括：

1，介绍你住的地方 2，为什么你喜欢你住的地方 3，介绍你的学习的 class

写信给朋友来到新城市新学校

You moved to a new city and go to a language school, write a letter to ur friend, about where u r living, why choose that place, ur new school or class;

推荐朋友和外国小朋友一起工作的介绍信

It is a reference letter for your friend to work with foreign teenagers. Describe his or her character and why you recommend her.

I think, if you practice more writing before the test, especial those topics that are given by JIAHUA, writing will not be a big problem.

写信应聘工作

给一个 depart store 写信应聘工作，说明你为什么写这封信，你的资历，应聘什么职位。

Write a letter to apply a position in a local department store; include: what position? your experience and related ability?

写信给老师问一些关于学业的事

Write a letter to your teacher to ask some reference about a course you will take in the local college. Remind him/her something about you.

写感谢信并要电脑

You stay with a local family when you attended a training program in New Zealand. You returned to your home country in a hurry and found that you had left your laptop computer in the family. Write a letter to the family, thanking them for their hospitality. Describe your computer and where it is and ask the host to send it back to you.

给打工单位写信

你收到了暑期打工的报酬，但是比答应报酬少。请你给单位的经理写一封信，写明：

- 1 说明你的工作内容和工作了多长时间。
- 2 解释所发生的问题。
- 3 提出你的解决要求。

给旅馆写信办聚会

写信给 restaurant 要求一房间给朋友办 birthday party，时间，有什么其他要求。包括人数、时间、要求等

写信抱怨乱溜狗

写作一个是抱怨你家对面有一个小公园，有年轻人老让自己得狗随便跑，危险，向 council 投诉。

You live in a house opposite to a small park. Every evening a young man bring 2 large dogs and let them free. Write a letter to the city council and describe the situation, tell them it is dangerous and reason. Then tell them what action should be done.

写信给报社介绍一饭店

You took your family had a good meal in a local restaurant. Write a letter to the newspaper to tell about it, describe the meal you had, and why you think the restaurant is worth for other people to visit.

写信应聘工作

给一个 depart store 写信应聘工作, 说明你为什么写这封信, 你的资历, 应聘什么职位。

write a letter to apply a position in a local department store; include: what position? your experience and related ability?

写信给保险公司

是讲你买了财产保险,现在度假过程中丢失了东西丢了东西,要写封信给保险公司,要求是描述丢失情况,告诉他们你要他们怎么做等。

写信拒绝一个公司

某公司 offer you 一份工作, 但你不能去, 写封信, 告诉该公司人事主管你拒绝接受, 并表示感谢说明理由以及你如何喜欢你现在的工作。

写信给伦敦代理公司

You are going to London to take a training course for a month. Pls write a letter to the local accommodation agency to prepare a flat for u. U should tell him ur information, ur requirement, when u would arrive.

写信给公交公司说丢东西

讲你昨天在公共汽车上丢了东西, 你写信到公共汽车公司。要求说明:

- 1) 发生了什么事情
- 2) 丢了什么
- 3) 你希望汽车公司怎么和你联系

给老板写信旅游

You are in a local company and you want to have a training course in another city.
Write a letter to your boss.
give the details of the course.
explain the reason why you need to attend the course.
tell him how much time you need to take off from your work.

写信投诉商场电梯

你在商店遇到了些问题，是关于电梯的，写封投诉信，说明当时怎么回事，你的感觉？

写信给房东反映水管问题

讲租的房子的水管爆了,自己给钱修了,写封信给房东反映情况和如何处理

写信给朋友说不能一起度假

你有一个朋友要来和你一起度假，但不巧你不能等他。写一封信表示歉意，说明原因。

写信给朋友经商计划

You want to begin your own business, you write a letter to your friend to ask him some help. You should write your business plan, explain why it is good idea and ask him for some advice or help.

邀请朋友去旅行

你现在有一个 walking holiday，要你邀请你的一个朋友和你一起去。把时间，地点，过程说清楚。

写信说住处家具有问题

主要说的是 you and your family rented a accommodation, and you find something wrong with the furniture.

1. write to the landlore what's wrong with the furniture.
2. 说一下你需要他做些什么。

向房东抱怨家具有问题

向房东抱怨家具有问题,你是谁/什么问题/解决方案

给旅游局写求职信

求职信。给旅游局写信,要 show the english-speaking tourstis around the local area 为当地的英语游客做本地导游。

写信给代理关于住处

你下月要到一个国学习,联系好了一个住处,现在情况有了变化,你写信通知代理更改你的要求。

- 1, remind them 原来的安排。
- 2, 变化的原因。
- 3, 现在对住处的要求。

邀请朋友一起去旅行

写一封信,邀请朋友一起去旅行
要去 another country 旅行,写一封信叫一个朋友和你一起去
说明你需要去的理由
你的旅游计划
为什么你觉得他应该和你去

反馈信

完成培训后写的反馈信,对课程的描述、喜欢的地方和需要改进的地方。

1) 描述课程 2) 你喜欢哪些 3) 有什么建议, 可以改进的地方

写信投诉

写信投诉

The street where you live became dirty, write letter to complain and give your suggestion.

write to local newspaper

Write to local newspaper, about a competition "best neighbor in the area", nominate your neighbor to the completion winner

房子边上的大树的问题 (G 类)

Large tree grows just near your house, producing troubles for you. Write a letter to local authority explaining this problem, discuss the ways of its resolution and make enquiries about financial aspect.

To: Mr. S. Brown,
local authority org.
35, Willow av.,
Greencity, Russia.
Tel: (812) 345-46-76
Fax: 534-87-78
Telex: (812) 657-78-89
e-mail: local_authority@net

From: Helen Apple,
13, Willow Av.,
Greencity, Russia.
Tel: (812) 345-46-70

Dear Sir,

I am writing to you to apply for a big tree located just near my house. This tree really troubles me. The fact is that the tree stands in sun's light and because of that a close-fitting room is too

dark and gloomy. Also I must tell you we use that room as a nursery. Our son is only two months old and is still weak. As to me, I am his mother and I must be sure that I do my best to take care of him. But the tree doesn't let my son to receive enough sunlight and I am pushed to ask you to solve this problem.

I would welcome the sooner opportunity to meet with you to discuss the subject. I hope the tree has to be out. To tell the truth the tree is quite old and can fall down any time and I can't imagine that crash may happen.

While I am waiting for your decision, I hope that I am allowed to put away branches which directly cover the window. If I am allowed to do it, just call me as soon as possible and tell about it.

Adly, I want to know how much the cutting of the tree may cost and who must pay it. And which part of the payment our family has to pay. Also, I am interesting in possible discounts.

I will appreciate your prompt reply.
Yours faithfully, Mrs. Apply.

抱怨邻居垃圾问题 (G 类 Task 1)

A neighbor burn garden rubbish, You should express your complaint, describe the effect, How to solve the problem.

关于垃圾的写作素材:

如何面对永不消失的垃圾

Many people say that we have developed into a "throw-away society", because we are filling up our environment with so many plastic bags and rubbish that we cannot fully dispose of. To what extent do you agree with this opinion and what measures can you recommend to reduce this problem?

In present-day society, plastic containers and utensils are extensively used in big cities and the countryside alike. They are so ubiquitous I would hazard the guess that each one of us has seen, at one time or another, the unsightly scene of plastic bags swirling in the wind. These plastic shopping bags, chopsticks, to-go boxes and mineral-water bottles, to name but a few, when not properly disposed of, create a colossal amount of non-biodegradable refuse.

Therefore, some people argue that we have embarked upon a "throw-away" era when plastic

trash is largely dumped indiscriminately and irresponsibly (this practice is often labeled “white pollution” on account of the color of plastic wastes). Personally , I wholeheartedly support their view.

There are numerous reasons for this worrisome phenomenon coming into being. To begin with , at present the bulk of people who shop and/or eat out regularly are still poorly-informed, uninformed or misinformed about the pernicious influence that non-biodegradable pollutants exert on the ecosystem, which is the main culprit in the global-scale mishandling of the plastic wastes. The chief component of such trash is polythene, which cannot decompose on landfill sites over the process of the next hundreds of years if no major scientific breakthrough comes along in polythene treatment. Thus, such trash must be dealt with collectively rather than be scattered like tumbleweeds. Secondly, the proliferation of plastic shopping bags and eating ware is largely fuelled by the surging, headlong consumerism. Plastic containers and utensils are lighter in weight, cheaper(often free of charge) in price and water-resistant in performance. These superior properties make them preferable to their paper and cloth counterparts in customers’ eyes; and as consumer satisfaction reigns supreme in contemporary society, compared with superb portability, affordability and utility, how to dispose of them is the last thing the customers are concerned about. Additionally, plastic bags, wrap and containers are also commercially feasible since they are cheaper to manufacture, ship and store. These mercenary considerations also have prompted the good old cloth or paper bags to be supplanted by plastic bags but over the phasing-out process, few stores and restaurants advocate or encourage the use of environmentally—benign disposal of plastic trash, hence the whole slew of non-biodegradable garbage. And environmental hazards ensue.

Given the scale and severity of “white pollution”, we must take immediate steps to address this scourge. In the first place, we must do our utmost to enhance people’s awareness of how persistent and devastating non-biodegradable trash can be to our environment and our posterity’s. Secondly, retail stores and dining establishments should spare no effort in encouraging their customers to reuse plastic packing items. Furthermore, indiscriminate and irresponsible dumping of household garbage or personal junk should be outlawed by the legislature and heavy fines or even jail terms must be imposed on those compulsive litterbugs who fail to get their act together. Then, on the part of the biochemical researchers and technologists, scientific research must be launched here and now in pursuit of effectual ways to convert non-biodegradable refuse to biodegradable refuse. Last but not least, the government must not shirk its obligations in mobilizing scientific resources and rallying popular support in the crusade against “white pollution”. Neither should it just pay lip service to relevant research and campaigns if no enough funding can be obtained otherwise. Additionally, I am convinced a customer tax levied by the government on the use of plastic bags will also help to curb this massive “white pollution”.

The havoc non-biodegradable refuse can wreak on the ecosystem is beyond our imagination. It can eventually devastate soil, water and the aquatic and terrestrial biota. We must start combating this environmental catastrophe before the ecosystem irretrievably breaks down under the reign of the minute plastic debris.

雅思高分作文：垃圾问题

罗巾如（8月6日雅思考试获总分7.5，听力8，阅读8.5，写作、口语7）

The roads are dotted with trash, the railways are littered with decaying garbage and our cities are disgraced by plastic bags. Lately, the worsening rubbish problem has aroused people's wide concern. Some hold the belief that it is an overstatement to claim that people have formed a "throw away" society, and that they just discard the used items, which is necessary. Others, however, firmly contend that people do develop a habit of throwing things away. Personally, I firmly side with the latter.

It is no doubt that our cities are on the way towards becoming a huge landfill. To begin with, people are in the habit of littering. Nowadays, people tend to discard old items like outdated furniture and worn-out appliance, which are actually recoverable. Furthermore, due to the inadequate facilities of garbage collection, people throw away their refuse everywhere at will. In addition, rubbish is in rapid increase. In the first place the quickening tempo of modern lifestyle gives rise to people's favor of disposable items for sake of convenience, which greatly adds the amount of rubbish. In the second place, the development of science and technology also contributes to it. It generates new product in a more frequent way, which makes the old ones cast aside as rubbish at a quicker pace. Consequently, our cities are decorated with trash..

In view of the severity of the issue, we should adopt immediate measure to address it. First of all, the government should play a leading role. It ought to bring in strong anti-littering laws, backed by heavy penalties and effective enforcement, to tackle the littering behaviors. Also, officials should make good use of mass media to promote the public's awareness of environmental protection, making sure that everyone will become a conscious environment protector. Additionally, scientists can develop efficient technologies to degrade and recycle the rubbish. Research findings reveal that 63% of the refuse nowadays are recycled. Finally, it is essential for schools to attach importance to environmental education, so that every child will become environmentally friendly and get rid of the littering habit.

In conclusion, people's littering habit is turning our communities into a rubbish holder. It is high time that we took joint effort to solve the rubbish problem. Otherwise, we will live with rubbish in the future.

抱怨电话帐单错 (G 类 Task 1)

你发现电话帐单错了,写信给电话公司

1. 解释问题
2. 抱怨
3. 希望他们做什么

抱怨房屋供热问题 (G 类 TASK1)

You rent a house through an agency. The heating system has stopped working. You phoned the agency a week ago but it has still not been mended. Write a letter to the agency. Explain the situation and tell them what you want them to do about it.

To: Mrs. Brown,
Manager
Best Agency Ltd.,
35, Willow av.,
Greencity, Russia.
Tel: (812) 345-46-76
Fax: 534-87-78
Telex: (812) 657-78-89
e-mail: local_authority@net

From: Helen Apple,
13, Willow Av.,
Greencity, Russia.
Tel: (812) 345-46-70

写作示范

Dear Sir,

I am writing to you to inform you my heating system hasn't been working since the 5 th of December this year. I contacted your company and explained mr. S. Switch on the 7 th of November that my heating system has stooped working. But the situation hasn't changed till now.

The reason why it happened is not clear for me. Besides I have no possibility to repair the heating system myself and my waiting for the heating is very unpleasant for me and my family. To say more, the weather was really cold and I had to buy necessary warm clothes and a thick carpet to keep warm in the flat. I have bought a minimum of necessities:

a sweater - \$107.34

pants - \$38.67

a pair of socks - \$04.44

a carpet - \$1034.00

I cannot hide my disappointment but I still believe that "Best Agency" is a good and reputable company. And I hope that the situation can be solved by the following ways: to compensate all my expenses according to the checks and , of course, I am expected the heating in my flat as soon as possible. Otherwise will be getting more and more expenses and I shall be obliged to address these claims to the superior authorities, that I do not want to do.

Your prompt actions and your quick answer will be appreciated by me, by my children, my grandparents and all my relatives.

With best wishes, Mrs. Apple.

跟房东讲房子失火的情况 (G 类 Task 1)

the flat you rent caught a small fire. 让你跟房东说明当时情况,你有什么东西损坏了,需要房东做什么。阐述过程;列 you lost 详细物品;

放自行车 (G 类 Task 1)

You live in a rented apartment inside a building, You keep your bicycle on entrance hall of the building, and your neighbors complain it to the caretaker, now you write a letter to caretaker:

1. explain your situation
2. the reason you have to keep the bicycle
3. give your solution to this problem

向一个英国朋友介绍去旅游（G 类 Task 1）

去一个地方旅游回来，向一个英国朋友介绍情况，建议他带什么东西。

You have been to a place and your friend also will go to the same place, write a letter to your friend, describe that place, and give some advice.

attend his/her marriage（G 类 Task 1）

Your friend invite you to attend his/her marriage, but you can't give the reasons why?

不能去朋友的宴会（G 类 Task 1）

Write an appolozise to your friened because you did not go to your friend's party.

邀请参加婚礼（G 类 Task 1）

You and your future wife/hasband will hold a wedding you plan visit a English speaking friend to join

1. describe your future wife
2. tell detail activities to him
3. why you will visit him

流程图

澳大利亚雨水净化为饮用水的过程

2013.2.23

The diagram shows the procedure of collecting rain water and purifying it to drinking water in Australia.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1) 注意流程信息的完整性和逻辑准确 2) 注意连贯, 可套用相关句式
重点表达	Initially,/ To begin with, The ...step takes place in ..., where... Next comes... After ...is completed, The final stage is to ... The diagram reveals the procedure of..., which can be divided intophases.

食品加工运输流程

2012.6.30

The flow chart below shows the changes in transportation system of a supermarket. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 要用一般过去时和一般现在时 2) 使用被动语态 3) 开头段、主体段和结尾段缺一不可, 图表上箭头所代表的意义都要提及
重点表达	In the first stage, in the second stage Before being done, after being done, when, until so as to, in order to

循环纸的制造

2011.10.29

The chart below shows how recycled paper is made. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

煤发电的流程

2011.8.13

The flow chart shows how to produce electricity from coal.
Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

流程给出了 9 幅图，分别代表：从矿井挖煤，运输煤碳，碾压煤炭，加热，冷却，清洁，发电，输电这么一个过程。

Glass recycling

2009.9.26

Glass recycling

stage1: customers->used bottles->collecting point->recycling car
stage2: high pressurised water ->green brown clear bottles->cleaning plant
->glass factory->glass pieces->heating in furnace->liquid->glass mold->new ones
stage3: filling or packing->supermarket

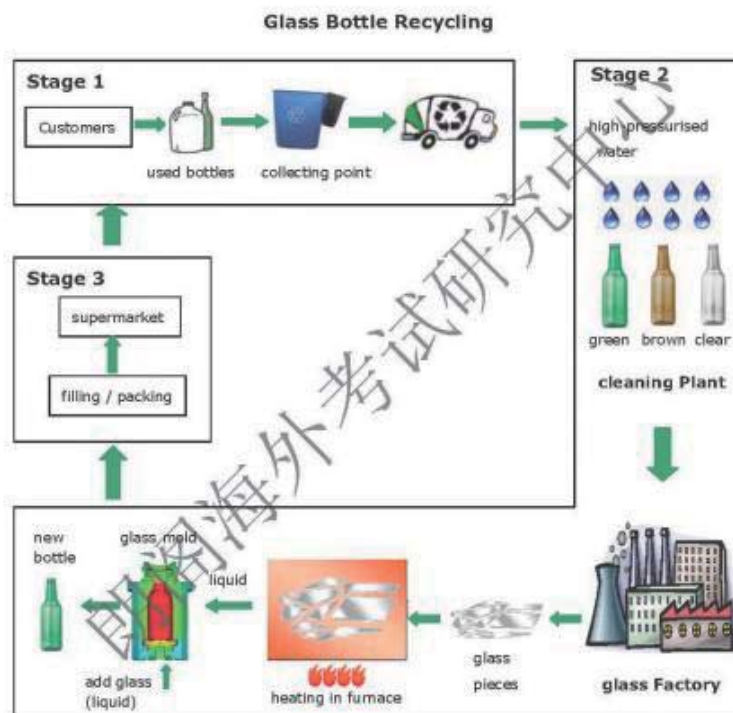
WRITING TASK 1

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task

The flow chart below shows the three stages of glass bottle recycling.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

You should write at least 150 words.



图表种类

图画题（流程图 flow chart）

图表解释

本图是一个标准的流程图，描述的是玻璃瓶回收（glass bottle recycling）的全过程。整个过程分为三个阶段，每个阶段都由若干步骤构成。需要注意的是这三个阶段构成了一个循环(a cycle)，因此在写作时必须提及这一点。注意本图中玻璃瓶三种颜色的标记，意思是说玻璃瓶在清洗的时候要分成三种颜色分别清洗（因为不同颜色的瓶子里面的液体性质可能不一样，因此清洗工艺也会不同，但这一点是不需要写到的）。

本题难点

流程图的难点主要是：

1. 考生心理上的恐慌。因为平时练习较少，因此看到考题是流程图时可能会有紧张情绪。
2. 一些专业概念的表达。有时候在流程图中会出现一些比较专业的概念表达。例如在本图中“模具塑造”概念的表达。
3. 被动语态的掌握。在流程图写作中如果需要把文章写得专业，则尽量要使用被动语态的表达方式。读者可以参考范文中的相关表达。
4. 如何进行过程的衔接。如果一味地使用 first、second、third 这样的连接手段文章会显得比较单调，读者可以参考范文中是如何运用从句的形式（用 when, which, where）等来进行过程的衔接。

类似考题

2006 年 6 月 24 日 A 类 Task 1（流程图）

（相似点：过程描述）

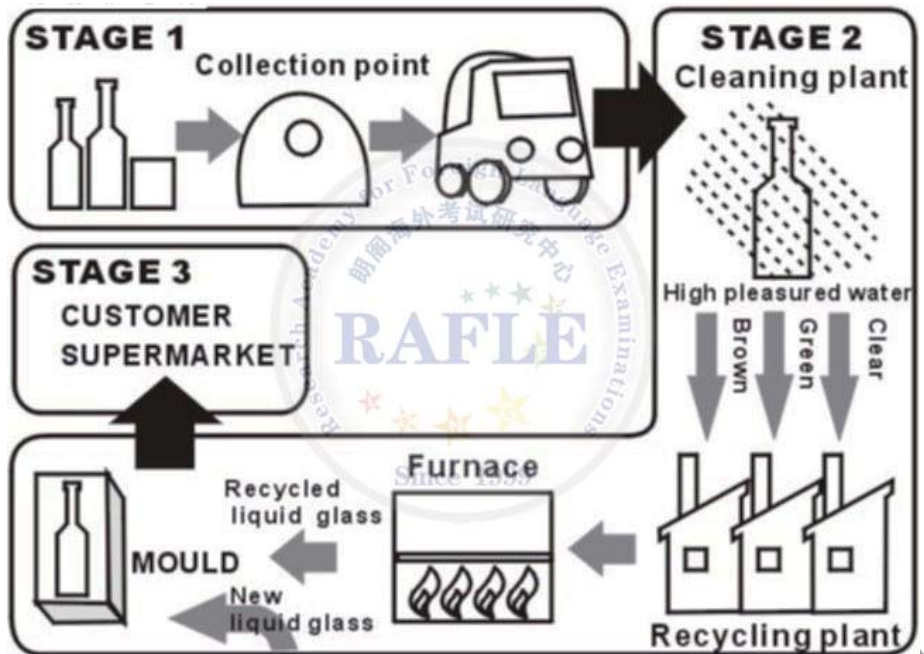
原创范文

This diagram illustrates the recycling process of glass bottles. The whole process is a cycle which can be divided into three main stages.

In the first stage, used bottles are collected at a recycling point ready to be transported by a truck. The second stage first takes place in a cleaning plant, where these recycled bottles are sorted by color into green, brown and clear ones, and washed by high-pressurised water. When this cleaning process finishes, the bottles are transported to a glass factory where they are cut into pieces which are then poured into a furnace. After being heated in the furnace, the molten glass, mixed with added glass liquid from other sources, flows into a glass mold. After the remolding process a new bottle emerges.

In the final stage, new, empty bottles are filled with liquid, packed and despatched to the supermarket ready to be picked by consumers. At this point, a cycle has been completed and a new cycle will begin.

~164 words~



沙丘的形成

2009.1.15

是三个小图 沙子被风吹起来 落地上之后 较湿的地方形成一个圆锥的形状 而不存留在干燥的土地上

cutting tool

一幅图，比较两个 cutting tool，都是 made from stone，图分上下两部分，上半部分是 Tool A 下半部分是 Tool B。每部分都有三个小图，分别是 front view, side view 和 back view。旁边还有一个比例尺是 0cm -5cm 的。共同点我觉得就是他们都是石头做的表面都是粗糙的。不同点：Tool A 比 B 小且薄，而且 B 的底部是圆的，整体呈水滴状，而 A 就比较没规律而且底部有棱角。根据比例尺还能看出 A 是 10cm，B 是 14cm。两个时代的 cutting tools made by small pieces of stone，让你介绍它们的特点和比较

glass recycle 的流程图

是一个 glass recycle 方法的流和图。有 3 个 STAGE，首先是 COLLECTING 再是

高温水消毒和按 COLOR 分类，切成碎片，熔炉加热液化，最后放入一个 MOULD 成形。居然考过流程图！关于 glass 回收再利用的，customer---used bottle---collecting point(recycle)---一个卡车的图---high pressurized water---clear,brown,green---glass factory---cut intopieces---heat---liquid---new bottle---filling/packing---supermarket---customer

产品制作流程图

element production and concrete production

village 的发展历史的流程图

一个 village 的发展历史，给了三副图，三个年份。

第一个是很穷的，人也不多，但是农业有 4 个农场，有大森林，河流地区没有开发。

第二幅是有了一些发展，河上有了桥，又了公路，人口也多了，但是农业少了，少了两个农场。森林小了一点。

第三幅图，貌似农业没有了，森林也没有了，多了学校和体育场，家庭数增加到了 500 还是几百，又新建了公路，河流沿岸开发了有了很多 shops，西南边被规划成了野鸟还是什么水鸟的保育区。

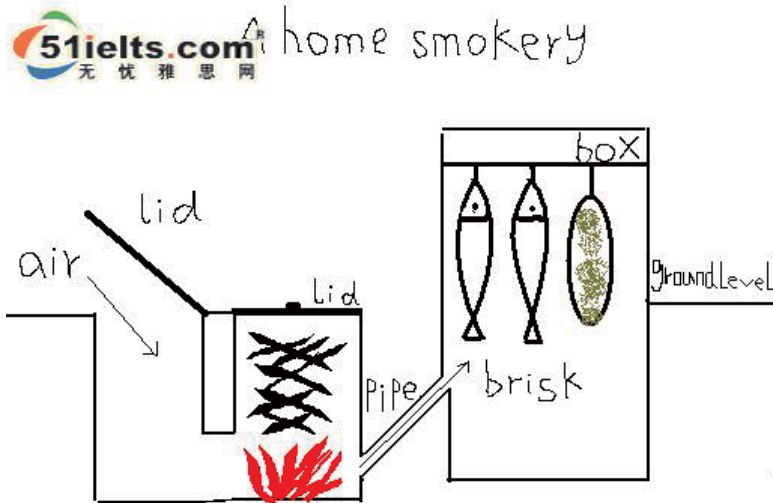
家庭烤肉的流程图

the home smokey,家庭烤肉的流程图，第一步是空气进入一个地下的无盖的通道，然后进入另一个地下的有盖的通道，这个通道里面有 logs，logs 下面有火，因为空气的进入使得 logs 充分燃烧产生 smoke,然后 smoke 通过 pipe 进入到一个地上的大 box,大 box 里面挂着鱼和猪肉等生肉，pipe 传输的 smoke 就去熏烤 box 里面的生肉。整个流程一共 3 个步骤：1 传入空气；2 产生烟；3 熏烤食物。只有 box 在地上，其他装置都在地下。

描述起来不是很难的样子，而且题目有三个步骤的标识，还算好写！

大概的情况就是将空气引入地下，然后再通过火炉（虽然不是很像火和柴火，大家将就看吧），再就是通过管子来到 box 里，还有那个鱼旁边的那个东西当作是其他的肉类吧（鸡肉等）

此主题相关图片如下：



肥料的制作流程图

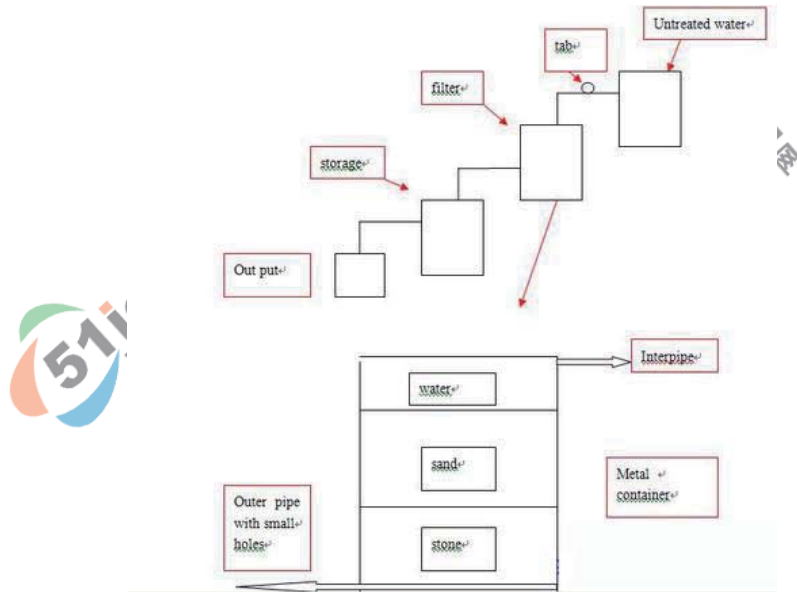
五张图片：把 waste foods、grass 和 newspaper 依次分层放进一个 2 立方米的，上细下粗的，浑身孔子的，带盖子的 plastic container 中，在热天放进去水和氮肥，盖上盖子，让热量从孔排除，六个月后就成为肥料了。

净化和储备 untreated water

如何净化和储备 untreated water 2 个图。

第一个是说 sand filter 是什么结构，第二个是说一个 system 如何过滤和储存这些水；第一个图是一个 Sand Filter and Storage System，是由高至低阶梯形排列的三个大金属桶，中间的那个就是第一幅图描述的那个桶，上面的桶装着未处理的水，流经中间的桶，然后流到下面的桶里，下面的桶是用来储水的，然后有一个出水口在最下面。

第二个图是 Cross Section of Sand Filter，是一个 200L 的大金属桶的透视图，上面一个进水管，然后里面有水，在下面是一厚厚的一层沙子，再下面是一薄层小石头，再下面是一个有洞洞的管子，直接接到底层的出水管上。



glass container

画的是二个流程,

第一个 method A 有 3 步, 第一步画的是上面有个 press, 中间是 hot glass, 下面是个 mould, 第二步 press 压下来压到 hot glass 上面 第三步 press 和下面的 mould 脱离, 形成 container (thick wall)

第二个流程图, method B 有 4 步, 前二步与 method A 第一步第三步一样, 作出了一个奇形怪状的 container (thick wall) 第三步又换了一个 new mould (在下面), 第四步上面吹入 air, 形成 container (thin wall)

要求是写这二个 method 的 main feature, and difference between the two method (有时间我再专门画一下图). 不难, 只要一步一步描述都看到什么了, 怎么操作的, 最后再写一个二种方法的区别就行.

Task2

学校教育学生生活

学生应该学习大量科目还是少量科目获得知识

2013.4.27

Some people think that older school children should learn a wide range of subjects and develop knowledge; while other people think that they should only learn a small number of subjects in details.

Discuss both views and give your opinion.

<p>写作指导</p>	<p>第一段：阐述主题背景，表述自己的观点及立场。 第二段：中心句——学大量科目扩充知识的好处 分论点：1、拓宽视野，有助于今后的学习； 2、有助于挖掘学生的学习潜能。 第三段：中心句——详细学习少量课程的好处 分论点：1、定向择业，专业技能； 2、根据学生自己的兴趣爱好选择学习的科目。 第四段：总结——综上所述，学生应该学习大量科目还是少量科目要根据学生学习的阶段而定。在初期，学生还是应该广泛地学习各科知识为好。</p>
<p>重点表达</p>	<p>Broaden their horizons; expand their scope of knowledge; lay a solid foundation of.....; potential; be encouraged to learn.....; aim at.....; future career</p>

读大学的目

2013.3.9

Some people believe that studying in a college or university is the best way for students to prepare for their future career. Others think they should leave school as soon as possible to develop their career through work experience. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

写作指导	本题是2007年9月1日的老题，是教育类话题“教育的功能”分支。采取“双边论证”的方法，先承认通过尽早离校工作可以适应社会，然后驳斥：找到的工作都是 labour-intensive manual labour, 对于职业发展不利。下一段讲大学在促进就业上的作用：传授理论知识、实践技能、道德价值观等。
重点表达	Those opposing a higher-education experience may argue that students who left school earlier can accumulate more work experience.

传统教室教学和远程课堂

2013.3.2

Universities and colleges are now offering qualifications through distance learning from the Internet rather than teachers in the classroom.

Do you think the advantages of this development outweigh the disadvantages?

写作指导	好处： 1. 时间上更加灵活，非常适合一些群体，比如说工作人士等； 2. 给了学生们更多的选择，不需要出国便可以就读全球任何一所优秀大学，省钱。 坏处： 1. 缺乏老师的面对面讲解和辅导
重点表达	Distance education deprives students of interactive experience such as face-to-face tutoring that is inherent in traditional classroom learning.

大学生选课情况

2013.2.23

Nowadays, not enough students choose science subjects in university in many

countries.

What are the reasons for this problem?

What are the effects on the society?

写作指导	<p>1) 思路: 1. 原因</p> <p>a. 个人兴趣爱好</p> <p>b. 很多孩子数学不好</p> <p>c. 职场特征, 读商容易赚钱</p> <p>2. 影响</p> <p>a. 抑制科学创新和进步</p> <p>b. 导致就业市场上学商的学生过多</p>
重点表达	<p>Personal interest; future career; curb scientific innovation and advancement; incentive; well-rounded students; concern</p>

2012.7.12

It is better for students to live away from home while studying at university than live at home with parents.

留学时学习国外文化和传统风俗问题

2012.6.30

When visiting foreign countries, some people think it is advantageous to learn their cultures and traditions. How do you think people learn other cultures and traditions? Why are some people interested in learning those traditions and cultures while others not?

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态, 不要出现过去时 (除非举过去的例子)</p> <p>2) 思路: 开头段交代背景, 不需发表观点。(注意是分析解决型话题)</p> <p>第二段: how to learn</p> <p>1. 通过上网, 看书收集信息了解</p> <p>2. 主动与当地人交流</p> <p>3. 主动体验当地的生活如食物, 风俗, 节日等</p> <p>第三段: 原因分析</p>
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	<p>1. 个人兴趣决定</p> <p>2. 心态，有人愿意接受新事物，但是有人不愿意</p> <p>第四段：结尾</p>
重点表达	<p>The reasons can be listed as follows.</p> <p>Collect relevant information</p> <p>Get knowledge of sth on the Internet</p> <p>Local people</p> <p>Participate in some festivals</p> <p>Be curious about sth.</p> <p>Mental attitude / interest</p>

封闭的大学学习会使人们缺乏兴趣点, 说说你的看法?

2012.2.25

Full-time university students spend a lot of time studying, but it is essential for them to be involved in other activities. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2011.9.17

The qualities that a person needs to become truly successful cannot be learned at university or in a similar educational institution. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2011.8.25

Higher education is funded in several ways: all costs paid by the government; all costs paid by students; all costs paid by students with a government loan which must be repaid after graduation. What are the advantages of these options? Which is your choice?

2011.8.13

Some people think that the main purpose of school is to turn children to be a good citizen and worker, rather to benefit them as individuals. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

教师的工作是单纯的学术教育还是应该给学生正确的 是非观

2011.5.28

Some people think that teachers should be responsible for teaching students to judge what is right and wrong so that they can behave well. Others say that teachers should only teach students academic subjects. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

典型的教育问题

2010.12.18

According to some prediction, the typical teaching situation of a teacher and students in a room will disappear around the year of 2050. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

学校教育到成人

2010.11.6

Everyone should stay in the school until they reach the age of 18. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

读书跟看电视哪个比较好

2010.11.4

Some parents need to spend time on reading or telling stories to children, while others think children can read through various kinds of resources like books, TV programs, but not by their parents. Discuss both sides and give your own opinion.

上大学仅对于学校本身有意义

2010.7.31

Some people believe that university students should pay all the cost of studies because university education only benefit the students themselves not the society

as a whole. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

学校对于成年的教育影响

2010.7.15

Some people think adults should learn practical skills by themselves, while others think they should learn from teachers. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

学校对于农村学生的考虑

2010.6.5/2010.6.19

Some people think that universities should give various priorities to those students who come from rural areas. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this point of view?

大学课程学习兴趣

2010.5.29

Many people who leave school hold a negative attitude towards learning. Why does this happen? How to solve the problem?

大学教育远程培训

2010.5.15

Nowadays, distance-learning programs are such common things for us (the study material by post, by internet), but some people argue that courses can never be taken as good as those by attending in a college or university in person. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

学术教育对学生的影响

2010.5.8

Schools should concentrate on teaching students the academic subjects that will be useful for their future careers. Subjects such as music and sports are not

useful. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

看电视对孩子课外活动的影响

2010.3.27

Studies suggest that children spend more time on watching TV than they did in the past and spend less on doing active or creative things. Why do you think this is the case? Suggest some ideas to solve the problem.

大学教育

2009.10.24

University education should prepare students for employment or university education has other functions?

游学的利弊

2009.9.26

In some countries some school leavers are choosing to work or travel for a period of time between finishing high school and attending university. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages for school leavers' decision. Give your own opinion and reasons. Use your experience of life to explain it.

读书还是工作

2009.9.5

Some people think young people should go to university to further their education while others think they should be encouraged to work as car mechanics or builders etc. to serve society. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

教学课程内容

2009.8.13

The subjects and lesson contents are decided by the authorities such as the government. Some people argue that teachers should make the choice. Do you

agree or disagree?

寄宿学校

2009.7.25

Nowadays sending children to boarding school is becoming increasingly popular. What are the reasons? Do you think it is a positive development? 现在送孩子们去寄宿学校已经变成了一种时尚，分析原因，你是否认为这是积极的趋势？

是否应该学外语

2009.6.20

Some believe that those who are not talented in language learning should not be required to learn a foreign language. Do you think school should require students to learn a foreign language? (观点比较选择类题目)

观点一：没有天赋不用学外语

观点二：学校应该要求学生学外语

读书和看电视哪个比较好

2009.5.16

It has been believed that people reading for pleasure have developed better imagination and language skills than people who prefer to watch TV. Do you agree or disagree?

学生应该博学还是选择专业课程

Some people believe that teenagers should learn all school subjects, while others claim that students should focus on the subjects that they are best at or that they are interested in. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

电脑和网络与老师对学生重要性比较

2009.4.25

Some people think that computers and the Internet are more important for a child's education than going to school. Others, however, believe that schools and teachers are essential for children to learn effectively. Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

留学的利弊

2009.3.14

More and more students are choosing to study in another country for higher education. Do the benefits outweigh the drawbacks?

老师教学优于课外学习

2009.1.15 = 04.11.13 = 08.10.23

Students at schools and universities learn far more from lessons with teachers than from other sources (such as the Internet and television). To what extent do you agree or disagree?

是否应该上大学

Some people believe that a country can benefit a lot from the fact that many students graduate from university, others believe that sending a large percentage of young students to go to university is the way leading to future highly rate of unemployment. Discuss to what extent do you agree or disagree.

记忆在学习中的作用

Memorization of information by frequent repetition (rote learning) plays a role in many education systems. Does the usefulness of the learning method outweigh its limitations?

对农村学生是否应该提供更简单的大学教育

Students from rural areas often find it difficult to access to university education, so people think universities should make it specially easy for them to study at .To what extent to you agree or disagree?

来自贫困的地域的学生发现自己很难接受大学教育，是否同意对于农村的学生，大学应该提供更加简单的教育。

写作思路：

让步反驳（理由是大学并没有因为学生来自乡村就提供简单教育，假设提供简单教育，其弊端也是明显的）

主题观点：

对于乡村大学生，尽管简单课程可能有利好，但是弊端更多，我认为不应该提供简单的教育，这篇文章将提出我的理由以及提出其他帮助乡村大学生快速适应大学生活的方法。

思路拓展：

首段：背景（很多来自乡下的大学生发现自己很难适应大学的学习生活，很有挫败感，甚至失去学习的兴趣）+ 有待反驳观点（在这样的背景下，有人提出要为乡下大学生提高简单教育）+ 提出自己观点（我不同意这个观点，本文将论证理由以及提出如何帮助乡下学生适应大学的学习生活。

二段：让步提供简单教育的利好以及提出潜在的弊端（我不否认，那些提出给乡下学生提供简单教育的人初衷是好的，由于乡村地区的教育质量较差，学生的学习基础较差，简单教育理论上是提供了量体裁衣的教育方式。但是其弊端更加明显，第一，这是教育资源的不合理分配，其实人人有权接受平等的教育。第二，这样做会让一些乡下学生产生自卑心理。第三，简单教育培养出来的大学生缺乏竞争力，对于未来的事业以及成长不利。

三段：提出我的建议（帮助乡下学生适应大学学习生活方法很多。第一，建立学习小组，鼓励优秀的学生帮助乡下学生。第二，老师可以适当的放慢教学的速度，在课程的开始阶段关照下乡下学生，另外，乡下学生完全可以录下老师的课程课下自学。第三，鼓励乡下学生提高学习的主动性，热情，建立良性的学习习惯。

尾段：再次表明观点+总结理由

* 词汇替换：（这次每一次范文写作前的准备工作）

1. from rural areas = come from remote rural areas 来自乡下的学生

2. find it difficult to = find it far from easy to = find it extremely challenging to 发现很难做某事

3. access university education = to receive college education = to get educated in universities 接受大学教育

雅思写作语料库：（建议背诵以及写作范文）

1. build up one's self-confidence in the academic study 树立学习上的自信

2. receive fine education with high quality 接受高质量的教育

3. receive fine education with uniform quality 接受同等质量的优良教育

4. enhance one's competitiveness in the future job-seeking 提高一个人未来的择业优势

5. ready oneself for the future career and life challenges 帮助一个为未来的事业和挑战做好准备

6. contribute to sense of inferiority 导致自卑感

7. quickly adjust oneself to the new academic environment 调整自己适应新的学习环境

8. dive into the dynamic nature of the university 融入了充满活力的大学生活

9. students whose foundation courses are worse. 基础差的学生

10. average students = common students = not-so-excellent students 学习一般的学生

11. top students = exceptional students = elite students 优秀学生

12. make them become less competitive both academically and spiritually compared with peers who receive normal college education 比之接受正常大学教育的人，他们会失去竞争力，不仅在学习上，更在精神上

13. learning group = study group 学习小组

14. unfair allocation of educational resources 教育资源的不合理分配

15. custom-tailored education = custom-made education 量体裁衣的教育

16. enhance self-study motivation and enthusiasm 提高学习的主动性和热情

17. decelerate teaching speed 放慢教学进度

18. hinder one's future career and personal growth 对于未来的事业以及成长不利。

老师和家长对孩子的影响

2008.9.6

Once children start school, the teachers have more influence in their intellectual and social development than parents. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

学生是应该一起学习还是独自学习

2008.8.30

Some people think that students should be organized into groups to study, while others argue that students should be made to study alone. What are the benefits of each study method and which one do you think is more effective?

Theoretical courses and practical courses

2008.7.5

Some people think students should learn more practical courses like computer, but others think they should learn more about theoretical courses like geography and mathematics. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

阅读对教育重要,应鼓励孩子读任何资料

As reading is important for a good education, we should encourage our children to read whatever appeals to them.

写作示范: The famous English philosopher Francis Bacon said, "Reading makes a full man". Reading books can strongly shape your inclination, mature your thoughts, widen your horizon and enrich your personality. Life is limited, but knowledge is boundless. The more books we read, the more knowledge we get. Hence, we should encourage our children to read more books.

However, books can also be harmful, particularly the pornographic books. Bad books contain evil thoughts. In them, there might be much description about violence, superstition, and sex. Let's suppose that you are in the position of a parent. Would you allow your children to read whatever appeals to them? If your answer to the question is "yes", you are either extremely

permissive or just plain irresponsible. If children read bad books, the evil thoughts would poison their mind gradually. They will be dispirited and perhaps commit a crime.

Good books, on the other hand, teach and help children to do good things. Good books are children's real companions, and they are both instructive and inspiring. Children know past events from history books, study communication by language book, learn space and numbers through mathematics books. In a word, different kinds of good books can give them a large amount of ideas and knowledge.

Consequently, those who read good books can be inspired to grow healthily, while those who read bad ones will lead a wicked life and meet with miserable failure. So before we encourage our children to read books, we should teach and help them to identify good and bad books.

教育的价值

无忧雅思网发表雅思范文，目的是为了广大雅思考生了解和熟悉雅思写作方法，切不可背诵，更不可应用于实际考试中，否则可能因为雷同得到极低的分数，甚至 0 分。

Is education losing its value?

写作示范 1: *Education: Losing its Value*

Today, it seems to be universally accepted that increased education is a good thing. Thousands of colleges and millions of students spend vast amounts of time and money chasing pieces of paper. But what is the value of these qualifications? This essay will discuss whether education has been devalued.

Supporters of education (usually teachers or educators, or those in the business of education) say that increased levels of education will open doors for students. Certificates, diplomas, and degrees are held up as a status symbol, a passport to a private club of money and power.

However, the truly powerful are not those with degrees, but people who stand back and look at what is really important in life. These people are found in every part of society. Like many brilliant people, Einstein was a weak math student. Like many successful businessmen, Bill Gates never completed college. Like many inventive and creative people, Edison never went to school. The greatest religious teachers do not have letters after their name. Similarly, many of the world's political leaders do not have master's degrees or doctorates. These are the people who shape our lives, and they are too busy with real life to spend time in the paper chase.

Students in college are being sold an illusion. They are made to believe that self-understanding and society approval will come with the acquisition of a piece of paper. Instead of thinking for themselves, and finding their own personality and strengths, they are fitted like square pegs into round holes, in so-called professional jobs.

The role of education is to prepare masses of people to operate at low levels of ability in a very limited and restricted range of activities. Some of these activities are perhaps more challenging than the assembly lines of the past, but the ultimate purpose is equally uninteresting. More worryingly, despite the increased level of education, people are still not genuinely expected to think for themselves. In fact, the longer years of schooling make the job of brainwashing even easier.

There is still a role for study, research, and education. However, we need to examine our emphasis on education for the sake of a piece of paper, and to learn the real meaning and revolutionary challenge of knowledge.

376 words(现在雅思写作结构有所变化, 现在一般为 4 段、5 段论。并且字数有些多, 可以借鉴范文中一些表达方式。)

写作示范 2 : *Education: Still Invaluable!*

In the past, degrees were very unusual in my family. I remember the day my uncle graduated. We had a huge party, and for many years my mother called him "the genius" and listened to his opinion. Today, in comparison five of my brothers and sisters have degrees, and two are studying for their masters'. However, some people think that this increased access to education is devaluing degrees. In this essay, I will look at some of the arguments for and against the increased emphasis on degrees in our society.

People have several arguments against the need for degrees. They say that having so many graduates devalues a degree. People lose respect for the degree holder. It is also claimed that education has become a rat race. Graduates have to compete for jobs even after years of studying. Another point is that studying for such a long time leads to learners becoming inflexible. They know a lot about one narrow subject, but are unable to apply their skills. Employers prefer more flexible and adaptable workers.

However, I feel strongly that this move to having more qualifications is a positive development. In the past education was only for the rich and powerful. Now it is available to everyone, and this will have many advantages for the country and the individual. First of all, it is impossible to be overeducated. The more people are educated, the better the world will be, because people will be able to discuss and exchange ideas. A further point is that people with degrees have many more opportunities. They can take a wider variety of jobs and do what they enjoy doing,

instead of being forced to take a job they dislike. Finally, a highly educated workforce is good for the economy of the country. It attracts foreign investment.

In conclusion, although there are undoubtedly some problems with increased levels of education, I feel strongly that the country can only progress if all its people are educated to the maximum of their ability.

339 words

写作示范 3 : *Education: Losing Its Value*

Today, more and more people are attending third level education, and many go on to post-graduate degrees. People specialize in subjects that were not dreamed of a century ago. However, the result has not been an increase in real knowledge, but a cheapening of education. In this essay I will discuss how education has become devalued.

Education is now something that can be purchased. Like a powerful new car or an architect-designed house, a degree or a post-graduate degree has become a luxury that everyone wants. But when everybody has something, that thing becomes worthless. Gold is sought after because it is expensive and hard to find, but if everybody changed their attitude to gold, its value would drop.

In the same way, education, like the currency of a bankrupt country, is becoming devalued as more people have degrees. It takes ever-higher qualifications to get a job. Once a degree-holder was respected and listened to. Now he or she is just another job-seeker or employee.

One effect of the rush towards degrees is that knowledge becomes less important. Other factors, such as influence, are more central in getting a job or a promotion when everyone has a qualification. A further point is that people lose respect for themselves. Since everybody has a degree, even degree-holders feel that what they have is almost worthless. More seriously, the pressure to have degrees results in a drop in quality. When thousands of people study in a college, the professors cannot possibly maintain standards. Furthermore, we need to question whether advanced education is suitable for everyone. Does our entire population really need to spend years in school and college just to do fairly simple jobs?

In conclusion, there are many negative aspects to the increased emphasis on qualifications. If we want to maintain the value of education, we need to examine the emphasis we put on degrees.

313 words

儿童教育应群教还是因材施教

Some people think educate children of different abilities together will benefit them. Others think intelligent children should be taught separately and give special courses. Discuss both side and give own opinion.

Endowed by different talents, every individual is contributing to our society in different ways. Therefore, to treat every student equally is a common practice at existent schools; however, there is a tendency of growing popularity that schools are oriented by producing "elite students". It has aroused fierce controversies, for which reason I suggest that schools should keep their traditional strategy unchanged.

To begin with, to separate students according to their individual competence can injure their personality development. Some seemingly intelligent students are instilled with a sense of superiority. Consequently, they place themselves over the rest of the class, but some findings have indicated that those are of great wise are not necessarily of great use.

Secondly, to categorise students with a rigid rule can spur the rivalry between students, which is harmful for the academic atmosphere of a school. Schools are prestigious because of their inborn ability to provide children a relaxing and cooperative environment to study. To treat gifted children different would inescapably upgrade the competition between children. Arguments or infightings thus escalate.

Admittedly, to devise particular courses for a certain group of students can find their way to benefit students' future. Some students have advanced their special interests in some subjects, such as philosophy, astronomy, and geography, to mention but a few. Those subjects, in general, demand fewer practitioners, compared with other profitable subjects, e.g., business, computer, and graphic design, etc. However, as emphasised before, it is rational to leave students options to choose, instead of forcing an inflexible rule.

In brief, to train students for specific purpose might be beneficial in some sense, but to coach them together is more favourable a strategy.

Endowed=gifted 被赋予..(一般接天赋,能力一类的词)

Environment-friendly (adj.) 有利环境的

Profit-oriented=profit-driven (adj.) 以盈利为目的的

Environment-interested (adj.) 对环境感兴趣的

Environment-conscious (adj.) 具备环境意识的

Rigid=inflexible=strict=rigorous=relentless: 严厉的,没有任何余地的, (一般形容法律,秩序)

短期培训和终身教育

In the past people thought that education was only for young people. Now, it is believed that education is for a person's whole life. Do you agree or disagree? State it with your own experience and specific details.

Education is an indispensable part in a person's life. It illuminates human knowledge and culture, improving the development of science and technology. Education is not only for young people, it should be proceeding in people's whole life.

Children begin to receive education at an early age in the kindergarten, where they could learn some basic knowledge about our nature and acquire some living skills. When they go to primary schools and secondary schools, they study mathematics, language, physics and other subjects, which are fundamental and essential for their further study and education. When they go to university, they can study the subjects which they are interested in, making preparation for their future career. University is a place where most learned people carry out research and study. There students have seas of knowledge and skills to learn. But university education is not the terminal of a person's study life.

For one reason, our society is developing at an amazing speed along with the improvement of science and technology. If people stop studying after graduation from university, they cannot keep abreast with the steps of social development and easy to be eliminated in the fierce competition. Take the development of IT as an example. The dazzling information technologies come to the fore every day. If a person does not learn the latest knowledge, they would not be able to develop new technology and products. Therefore, a person should learn new knowledge for the whole life.

As the saying goes, "Never too late to learn". To fit in with the development of society, a person must study during his whole life. Otherwise, he will lag far behind the others. (277 words)

作者:孙肇春

大学里更多实用性还是理论性的知识

Some people think that university should not provide theoretical knowledge, but to give practical training benefit to society. Do you agree or disagree? Use your own experience and knowledge to support your idea.

无忧雅思提示：本范文仅用于帮助考生熟悉雅思写作思路和写作方法，不可以背诵，更不可以整篇用于雅思实际考试中，否则将可能因为雷同得到极低分数甚至零分。

发帖: how2do 无忧雅思网原创作品，转载请注明作者和出处！

提纲：

P1: 现在很多大学生花费超过一半的 **semester hours** 学习理论知识，因为这种学习往往枯燥无味(**tedious**)，听到很多的抱怨，一些学生认为应该提供更多的实用知识以使他们跟上社会的发展。这种想法忽视了基础理论在教育中的核心作用(**vital importance**)

P2: 稳固的理论基础 (**the stable theoretic basis**) 是学生学习进程的必要条件 (**necessary condition**) 例子：对自动控制专业学生来说，自控是实用知识，但如果他学不好数学和物理，就无法掌握控制理论 (**principle**) 理论和实用知识是相互作用 (**interrelated**) 的都不可偏废 (**should ignore neither of them**)

P3: 基础理论不光提供给学生特定的知识，更有分析和思考问题的方法。通过理论学习，学生可以学会如何以科学的方法解决问题。举例：大学生掌握计算机程序理论后，可以很快掌握任何一种新的程序语言。

P4: 总之，理论知识在高等教育中扮演着不可或缺的角色(**indispensable role**)。学生应该认识到重要性并注意理论的学习。Only if they master the soul of the knowledge, can they refresh themselves continuously.

Nowhere in the world has the issue of student been so much debated as in our society. In this competitive society, ability of work and employment experience have become very important features of ordinary students' future; therefore, many people think that university should teach students the real knowledge that comes from practice and direct experience. The above point is certainly wrong; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that students' study will be delayed and disadvantaged. The academic knowledge of students will be hard to make greater progress in order to practical training and employment experience. In this special period of life, students have the best memory and intellect. If they do not work hard at study, they will lose it that could be balanced by neither good employment experience nor information of outside classroom. If students choose to carefully study academic knowledge in the university, they would gain a better future.

Another reason is that current knowledge of students is not enough capable to face practical training's requirements. If students are not taught professional theoretical knowledge, they just depend on the basal academic knowledge that they studied in the high school. In fact, they are really difficult to progress real practical training and gain abundant employment experience.

Last but not the least reason is the professional theoretical knowledge that it is necessary to work of future. For instance, when I graduated from university, I did not have any employment experience. But, I was hired a famous network company. I could gain this work chance, only, because of my professional theoretical knowledge.

In conclusion, the students ought to only study theoretical knowledge in the university. It is unnecessary to let university that provides plenty of practical training.

素材:theoretical knowledge VS. practical training

1. theoretical knowledge is beneficial to the society.

a) Theory study is providing powerful tools for us to deal with the world around us as well as the body within ourselves.

Physiological/medical theories enable us to understand the way our body works so that we know how to combat diseases more effectively.

Economics theory helps explain such phenomena as inflation and unemployment.

Scientists, through theoretical study in gravity and by pure calculations of the orbits of planets Uranus and Neptune, predicted the existence of the ninth planet Pluto, which was later verified by observation.

b) Theoretical findings pave ways for more advanced scientific as well as social studies.

Take mathematics for example. Many people are under the impressions that advanced mathematical study in university is so theoretical that it does not have any practical value.

However, the truth is that, ours is an age in which all areas of science are permeated more and more by methods and approaches derived from theoretical knowledge in mathematics. Even marketing, once believed to be just an art of persuading people to buy, is now becoming a scientific subject based on statistical studies of market data, which requires profound mathematical knowledge.

2. Practical trainings are based on theoretical knowledge. / Practical trainings and theoretical studies are interrelated.

a) Some professions require that people have solid understanding in theoretical knowledge before going into practice in those professions.

For example, to be a qualified doctor, someone will have to first learn theoretical knowledge at a medical school for a few years in various related subjects including medical science, humanities and social sciences. Then at the final years at the school, he or she will be given chance to practice as an intern in a hospital to gain practical experience. Only with a combined knowledge both in theory and in practical skills can a person truly become a successful doctor. The same goes with a number of other professions such as lawyers, psychiatrists etc.

3. We have specialized schools such as polytechnic schools and vocational schools etc. which can provide practical trainings, for example schools specialized in teaching cooking skills. Therefore universities should focus more on theoretical knowledge.

男女分校的利弊

Some people think that it is better to educate boys and girls in separate schools. Others, however, believe that boys and girls benefit more from attending mixed schools. Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

发帖: how2do

提纲:

P1: 最近, 男女分校的话题又引起公众的注意 (been put into public focus) Is it a blessing or a curse?

P2: 包括一些家长在内的人认为在单性的学校学习有好处。因为男女在学习能力上不同 (share the same performance in their study), can make out appropriate curriculums and courses for students according to their sexual characteristics.; 可以集中精力, 避免早恋影响 (devote themselves fully to the study and will not be distracted.) Campus love affairs are very popular, which can be eradicated by purify the campus environment.

P3: 一些人认为对青春期发展不利 (not benefit to the adolescent development of students)。没有提供真实的社会氛围, so they lack the realistic preparation for the society in which they will be expected to function when they become adults. 另外, it is not uncommon for students to grow up in the misunderstanding about the opposite sex. 很多毕业生发现很难理解异性, 很难和他们相处和沟通。

P4: 总之, 各有利弊。个人看来, 支持后者, 学生需要广泛的交流来增加经验, 而不能被孤立。应该牢记: any action violating the rule of nature will lead to the bad outcome.

Some countries have single-sex education models, while in others both single sex and mixed

schools co-exist and it is up to the parents or the children to decide which model is preferable.

Some educationalists think it is more effective to educate boys and girls in single-sex schools because they believe this environment reduces distractions and encourages pupils to concentrate on their studies. This is probably true to some extent. It also allows more equality among pupils and gives more opportunity to all those at the school to choose subjects more freely without gender prejudice. For example, a much higher proportion of girls study science to a high level when they attend girls' schools than their counterparts in mixed schools do. Similarly, boys in single-sex schools are more likely take cookery classes and to study languages, which are often thought of as traditional subjects for girls.

On the other hand, some experts would argue that mixed schools prepare their pupils better for their future lives. Girls and boys learn to live and work together from an early age and are consequently not emotionally underdeveloped in their relations with the opposite sex. They are also able to learn from each other, and to experience different types of skill and talent than might be evident in a single gender environment.

Personally, I think that there are advantages to both systems. I went to a mixed school, but feel that I myself missed the opportunity to specialize in science because it was seen as the natural domain and career path for boys when I was a girl. So because of that, I would have preferred to go to a girls' school. But hopefully times have changed, and both genders of student can have equal chances to study what they want to in whichever type of school they attend.

思路分析:

首段:

Some countries have single-sex education models, while in others both single sex and mixed schools co-exist and it is up to the parents or the children to decide which model is preferable. 用一长句作为开头, 介绍两方观点: "Some countries have ..., while in others ..."

Body1: 讨论 single-sex schools 的好处

Body2: 讨论了 "Mixed schools" 的 advantages

结尾: 我的观点

大学里男女一起学习每一学科

Universities should accept equal numbers of male and female study in every subject. Do you agree or disagree.

提纲：

不同意

男生和女生思维特点不同

选科上的差异

举例说明有些难可做女不能做

同意

男女平等，无论男生还是女生都应该享有平等的选择专业的机会。

男女搭配做事不累(这是开玩笑的话,哈哈)就是效率高

写作示范 2:

Nowhere in the world has the issue of female rights and interests been so much debated as in our society. Nowadays, plenty of universities limit the number of female students who study in some of subjects; therefore, many people think universities should accept equal numbers of men and female study in every subject, but others have a negative attitude. As far as I am concerned, I think men and women should gain equal educational opportunities, but accepting equal numbers of male and female, in every subject, is unnecessary and impossible. Therefore, I disagree with the view that universities should accept equal numbers of male and female students in every subject. My argument in support of my view is as follows.

The main reason is that mode of thinking is different between female and male. Everyone, male and female, has equal right to study in universities, nevertheless, due to difference of in thought and views. Men and Women may represent varied study capability. A case in point is that men may possess more talent than women in mathematics, physics and like stuff. In the study of language, on the other hand, female shows stronger ability than male. In the history of human beings, most scientists, especially those who research abstract theories, are male.

Another reason is that nature decides different directions of development between men and women. Today, although female's right is being increased, female still plays a different social role. Women are by nature good at housekeeping since the biological function of a woman is first to bring children into the world and then to bring them up and it has been proved by some scientists that women are not good at business management, political administration, etc. So, in the study of business and management, requiring equal numbers of male and female is not essential.

From what has been discussed above, we may draw the conclusion that accepting equal numbers of male and female students in every subject is impossible and I also disagree with this point of view.

中学生关于综合学科和专用学科的学习问题

中学生 17 岁前应该先学尽量多的 general subjects 然后再学习 special subject。Do you agree or disagree?

是否应该鼓励学生去评价和批评老师

许多人说为了不断提高教育质量，就应该鼓励学生去评价和批评老师，另一些人说，这样做将导致教室里的尊敬与纪律消失。讨论这两种观点。

学生学习综合学科和特殊学科的问题

是现在一些人希望学生多学点 general subjects,另一些人希望学生不满 17 岁就开始学习 special subjects. Do you agree or disagree. Give some reasons and give your relevant experience about it.

High school students should study general subjects before they are 17 years old, and to study specialist subjects before that age is too early for them. Agree or disagree.

老师要学生学会竞争还是合作

Sports encourage competition rather than cooperation. Therefore, sports should not be encouraged at school. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the statement?

无忧雅思提示：本范文仅用于帮助考生熟悉雅思写作思路和写作方法，不可以背诵，更不可以整篇用于雅思实际考试中，否则将可能因为雷同得到极低分数甚至零分。

写作示范 1：

作者：孙肇春

Sports enrich students' campus life and energize their physiques. Faced with immense pressure from work and study, more and more people begin to realize the importance of physical training. However, there is a heated debate over whether sports should be encouraged in school. As for me, I cannot see any contradiction between cooperation and competition.

On the one hand, competition is the driving force of social progress. Without exception, the development of athletics attributes mainly to the competition in sports. Competition, the motivation of athletic development, not only stimulates athletes' desire for winning a game, but also entertains the audience. If there is no competition in sports, NBA games, for instance, will not be that attractive and exciting.

On the other hand, competition is not the decisive factor to win a game. Some sports games such as football, basketball and boat racing require cooperation, and without which, some athletes and sports stars will not be so brilliant. The World Cup gives us a very convincing illustration. Soccer, an overwhelming team game in the world, implies both fantastic individual skills and good cooperation between the players. Therefore, sports can cultivate pupils' team spirit and strengthen unity of a class.

To sum up, competition does not result in hatred between rivalries as expected. On the contrary, it plays a very active role in the building-up of friendship and the relationship between the people from different races, religions, cultures and political backgrounds. Personally, I advocate the encouragement of sports at school because sports benefit students both physically and psychologically. (256 words)

学生的态度引起的问题

In many countries, many schools have the severe problems with the students' behaviors. What are the causes of it? What are the solutions?

无忧雅思提示：本范文仅用于帮助考生熟悉雅思写作思路和写作方法，不可以背诵，更不可以整篇用于雅思实际考试中，否则将可能因为雷同得到极低分数甚至零分。

提纲：

现在很多国家的学校存在很严重的问题是由于学生态度引起的，这些问题是怎样形成的，你有什么建议来改变这种情况。

一. 学校内治安差，经常发生暴力事件的问题

原因：1. 暴力电影看太多，影响了他们对社会的看法

解决：1. 政府应大力倡导健康生活，限制暴力电影的播出或发行

2. 学校也应该加强教育，灌输正确的世界观，指导学生参加学校的健康活动

二. 相关专业生源少

原因：1. 学生只重视热门专业。

2. 学生对该专业了解不多, 认为枯燥乏味

解决: 1. 学校方面应做好宣传, 宣传各冷门专业的前景, 让学生们有信心

2. 学生自身应认识到, 热门专业和冷门专业之间的优势和劣势。

三. 毕业率低的问题。

原因: 1. 学生希望早点进入社会打工赚钱, 学习的时间因此不够, 或者干脆休学

2. 学生厌烦学习, 认为学习是枯燥, 对学习丧失兴趣

解决: 1. 从学校方面——降低学费(虽然这不太可能, 但这确实是个好方法, 考官不会在意)

2. 从政府方面——严格限制学生校外打工的时间和场所

一定要注意的一点是, 题目是很多国家的学校, 而不是中国的学校, 不可以拿中国学校的特殊问题来代替世界范围内的问题。即使提及中国, 也只能说以中国为例

类似:

Many problems in schools are aroused by the attitudes of students. How do these problems form? What should we do to change the situation?

关于孩子的生活

Some people think that children's lives will be different from their own. What is your opinion? Explain the reasons by your experience and examples.

男女是否应该一起学习

V95 男女分校的利弊, 一些家长认为 Boy and girl study together 好, others 认为不好, discuss and give your opinion.

教师应该教导什么

Most people think that teachers should teach students how to judge right and wrong and how to behave well. Some feel that people should just teach students academic subject. Please discuss these two views and give your opinion. Please give relevant cases or experience.

写作示范:

Teachers are supposed to teach academic subjects, but it is also necessary for schools to establish a moral foundation that can have a lasting impact on children for the rest of their lives. Of course, whether a person can teach morals, or morality in general, is worthy of debate. However, for that matter, many think that a teacher's responsibility in school is just as necessary as parents at home, so the issue is how as well as why.

Teaching morals is character education, which is crucial because children need guidance in judging what is right from what is wrong. Character education gives students an understanding of such concepts as honesty, politeness, integrity, charity, kindness, cooperation and fair-play, among other moral values. Academic skills a student learns in the classroom are just a small part of the overall education. Students lacking moral orientations are likely to say or do things contrary to acceptable social standards when older. In other words, moral principles ingrained on immature minds at an early age can contribute to making good choices. Hence, even though teaching moral lessons is not an easy task, there should be no excuse for a teacher to refrain from doing the job.

Others who think differently may consider teaching right from wrong to children as exclusively parents' task at home, and not without reason. Nevertheless, while instilling moral principles in children is mainly a job for parents, sometimes parents fail to do that and the task falls to teachers. In this case, a teacher must set a good example to be followed because the best moral lessons are done by the body rather than the mouth. It also must be remembered that the purpose of education is not to fill the young minds with facts but to teach them to become productive members of society. An effective means for that end is to teach from the heart, not from the book. Naturally, enabling this development involves every aspect of what takes place in school from the classroom to the playground.

In sum, it makes educational sense the necessity of a teacher playing the role of a third parent in guiding children to behave morally and make choices conforming to standard of right behavior, regardless of any religious background. Teaching kids to read and write and count is fine, but teaching them what counts is so much better. Failing to educate a student in morals is bad enough to educate a menace to society.

进私立学校的好坏

Some people think that it is beneficial for students to go to private secondary schools, but other people think that it can have a negative effect. Discuss the two points and give your own opinion.

写作示范:

Private secondary schools are booming as never before in China and I believe parents if able to afford the tuition fees had better send their children to private secondary schools though a small number of flaws are inevitable.(38words)

It is undeniable that attending private secondary schools is at such a high cost that an overwhelming majority of parents cannot afford or feel reluctant to pay. Take, for instance, China. There are a great many public secondary schools of which the cost is by far lower and in which the teachers are equally well-qualified. More parents, therefore, tend to choose public schools.(63words)

However, private secondary schools, most of which are adequately financed, can provide far better conditions available to the students. Some private schools, as far as I am concerned, superbly equip each of their classrooms with two air-conditioners and four electric fans so that the students can study in a fairly comfortable environment, especially when it comes to a scorching summer or frigid winter. Public schools, however, are usually poorly equipped due to dearth of funds.(75words)

In addition, the stricter regulatory system of private schools obliges the teachers to be more responsible and competitive. It is reported that the least popular teachers who are rated as unqualified might be fired relentlessly by private schools, which nonetheless seldom occurs in public schools. System of this sort, stringent as it is, does make the teachers more responsible to their students, urging their education quality towards a higher level. (70words)

Overall, I am strongly convinced that private secondary schools are a better option for wealthy families that can afford the fees except for some minor unavoidable demerits.(27words)
(273words in total)

住家好还是住校好

Some people argue that it is good for children to stay away from their families and go to a boarding school. Others suggest that children live with their families and attend a day school. What is your opinion?

住校好的优势:

1. 更有利于学生的成绩提高, 因为他们的学习状况可以一直被监督。
2. 集体生活增加了学生与他人交流的机会, 培养集体意识
3. 增强了独立生活的能力。

住校的坏处:

1. 学生脱离社会。
2. 与父母疏远甚至产生代沟
3. 自由受到限制

语言学习

In order to learn a language well, we should also learn about the country as well as the cultures and lifestyles of the people who speak it.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?

大学专业的选择

Many people think the government of the country should decide which subjects the students should study, while others think students should be able to apply to the subject they preferred.

main task of universities

main task of universities: offer the students with the knowledge and skills which are essential for their future career or give them the access to the knowledge itself?

What should the university education contain?

select school

Some people think pupil should select school according to academic ability, and some people believe different abilities should educated together. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

unpaid community service

Some people believe that some unpaid community service should be a

compulsory part of high school programmes (eg. working in a charity, improving the relationship of neighbourhood or teaching sports to children)

Do you agree or disagree?

教学系统方式

In some countries, schools aim to provide a general education across a range of subjects; in others, children focus on a narrow range of subjects related to a particular career. For today's world, which system is appropriate?

中学该用哪种教学系统方式:大概意思是讲学校目的在于提供一种 general education 包括大范围的 subjects, 而 children 则关注于小范围的 subjects related to their particular career.有人说 secondary school 应该广泛开设科目, 另一些人说学校应该集中在一些科目上, 结合你自己的学习经验讲一下你的看法。

lectures 和 technology education

lectures 和 technology education, as the technology now available for education, lectures 应不应该被 technology education 取代。

Lectures in the past were used as a way of teaching large number of students, but with the development of technology, we do not need to lectures. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

successful career

大学学习和尽早参加工作哪个更有利于获得一个 successful career. Enter into a college or university after schools or get a job as soon as leave school?

小学学英语比中学学好

Some experts believe that it is better for children to begin to learn a foreign language in primary school than in secondary school. Does the advantage outweigh the disadvantage?

the aim of university education

Discuss the aim of university education: Be helpful to job position or benefits individual and society.

学生兼职是件好事情

Is it good for students to have part-time jobs?

Arguments

1. It's good for students to have part-time jobs because this helps cultivate independence among young people.
2. Part-time jobs in business can foster a sense of competition, which is important for students in the future.
3. Being able to earn their own money gives students a feeling that they've become adults and, therefore, makes them feel more mature.
4. Part-time jobs make students more confident in themselves because through the work they can realize their own value and prove that they are capable people.
5. Part-time job experience gives students an insight into what work is about and prepares them psychologically for their future jobs.
6. After-school work teaches students how hard it is to earn money and helps develop thriftiness in our younger generation.
7. Part-time jobs can help students apply their knowledge in practice, and, in return, their experience will make them know better what they have learned in classes and books.
8. Part-time jobs give students a feeling of achievement through contributing to national construction.
9. Students' part-time jobs contribute a lot, in one way or another, to our socialist construction.
10. Students who have part-time jobs can relieve, to some extent, the economic burdens of their parents.

Counter-arguments

1. Part-time jobs often distract students' attention from their studies, and some students even play truant.
2. The main task of students is to study hard and learn what is needed for the development of our nation. Social experience can be gained later after they finish their studies.

3. It's not good for students to do part-time jobs because they will become money-oriented.
4. Many students who have part-time jobs have shown a decline in their studies.
5. Part-time jobs do not help develop a sense of thriftiness among young people because many students spend the money on such high-priced items and luxuries that their parents can hardly afford.
6. Since students are in their formative years, part-time jobs may expose them to social ills at an age when they cannot differentiate good from bad.
7. Some students become juvenile delinquents because they come under the influence of bad people through part-time jobs.
8. Though students who have part-time jobs may relieve their parents' economic burdens, their early contact with society adds greatly to the worries of their parents.
9. Though some after-school work can help students practise what they learn in classes, many of the jobs require nothing of the students' knowledge.
10. Some students have become dropouts because through part-time jobs they've found that the more education you have, the less money you make.

家庭教育家庭生活

看电视对孩子只有负面的影响

2013.02.2

写作指导	<p>双边中立：</p> <p>正文第一段支持正方观点，即电视对孩子有负面的影响。</p> <p>可以从：</p> <p>第一：电视占用孩子过多的时间，孩子没有充足的时间从事娱乐活动以及户外活动。</p> <p>第二：电视节目会限制孩子的想象力以及创造力。</p> <p>第三：看电视太多使孩子缺乏与父母的沟通和交流。</p> <p>正文第二段支持反方观点，即看电视对孩子的成长有积极的影响。</p> <p>可以从：</p> <p>第一：电视节目可以扩大孩子的视野，增长知识。</p>
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	第二：电视给教育提供了巨大的可能性。
重点表达	Television takes up too much of children's time. Television programs restrain children's imagination and retard their creativity. Children can broaden their scope of knowledge and widen their horizon.

儿童保育培训课程

2013.01.19 =2009.9.12

Caring for children is probably the most important thing of the society. It is suggested that all mothers and fathers should be required to take the childcare training courses.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the statement?

写作指导	<p>一、注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>二、写作思路：需要视情况而定</p> <p>1. 开头：现象+话题</p> <p>2. 中间段分成两段</p> <p>A. 对于完全不同或者有盲点的爸爸妈妈，这个课程是有好处的。</p> <p>a. 父母也许会更了解孩子，有助于教育，和孩子未来的发展</p> <p>b. 正确的教育会使得家庭关系和谐</p> <p>c. 对于父母来说也是一个进步的机会</p> <p>B. 有时这样的课程不一定能够带来预定的效果</p> <p>a. 可能会浪费时间精力和金钱，并且网上关于各种各样的信息都能够查询到</p> <p>b. 不一定适合自己孩子的教育可能适得其反，甚至很容易给孩子树立一个教条主义的榜样</p> <p>c. 父母之间可能会攀比</p> <p>3. 结尾段落</p> <p>总结，重申论点，建议不能统一而论，应该视父母以及孩子的具体情况来看。</p>
重点表达	Become an essential part of; participate in related training courses; mandatory; take care of ; acquire knowledge; promote the interaction; earn a living; financial burden; high-pressured lifestyle

2013.01.12

In some countries, the parents expect children to spend long time on studying both in and after school and have less free time. Do you think it has positive or negative effects on children and the society that they live in?

<p>写作指导</p>	<p>1. 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2. 思路：</p> <p>A. 改写话题，引出文章题眼：学生在课内外将更多时间用于学习，而拥有更少自由支配时间，并表明个人观点：a negative development!</p> <p>B. 负面影响1: 主旨句：更多时间用于学习将有害于青少年身心健康。分类论证：身-剥夺青少年课后放松和从事体育锻炼的时间，举例篮球和棒球，从而使青少年身体状况退化，大幅提高青少年患流感，肥胖症，心脏病的几率，最终有损于他们的学习。心-不管青少年的学习意愿而大量增加学习时间，青少年产生负面甚至仇恨情绪，如果没有适当处理，可能会导致青少年犯罪率上升。</p> <p>C. 负面影响2: 主旨句：强迫青少年更长时间学习与现代教育观念相违背。论证：现代教育注重专业理论和实践能力的结合，举例，学生在课后自行设计实验来验证在物理或化学课堂上学习到的知识。如果家长只要求学生延长学习时间，会剥夺青少年实践的机会，没有机会去设计实验，去艺术馆欣赏课堂上学习的画作或音乐，去阅读语言课上所设计的文学作品。这是不平衡的学习，与现代教育理念违背。</p> <p>D. 先引出反向观点再反驳。反向观点：一些人认为增加学习时间可以提高学习表现从而获得更多教育资源。反驳：盲目增加时间，不顾青少年学习能力和学习意愿，会破坏学习热情，降低效率，使学生厌恶学习，最终影响其学习表现。</p> <p>E. 总结全文。点明学习时间的设置应考虑青少年的学习意愿和学习能力，盲目增加学习时间有负面影响。</p>
<p>重点表达</p>	<p>Exert negative impact on, be detrimental to, play a vital role in, juvenile delinquency, degradation</p>

老龄化

2012.03.10

It is expected that there will be a higher proportion of older people than young people in many countries in the future. Do you think it is a positive or negative development?

家族历史

2011.12.17

It becomes more popular to find out the history of one's family. What are the reasons for people to do this and do you think it is a positive or negative development?

家长对孩子的教育问题

2011.3.10

In some countries, children start school at the age of seven, so they could have more time to build relationship with their parents. In other countries, some think that children start school as young as possible. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

学校及家长对孩子的教育

2010.5.20

Some people think children should obey the rules their parents and teachers set and listen to them, but others think less control will help children to deal with their future adult life. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

类似:

Some people think that children should be obey the rules or do what their parents and teachers want them to do, while some people think that controlling children very much cannot deal with problems themselves.

家庭对孩子的影响

2009.10.8

A family has great influence in children's development, but the outside plays a bigger part in child's life. Disagree or agree?

儿童游戏和传统游戏相比的优缺点

是问现在儿童游戏和传统游戏相比的优缺点, to what extent do you agree or disagree.

远程教育

现在很多人都可以在家通过远程培训节目进行自学, 用一些 course materials (如邮寄, internet, TV 这里是题目给出的例子), 但是有的人说, 这样的教育远远不能和大学教育比, 问你的看法。

distance-learning programme(study at home via internet and TV)好还是 attending a college 好?

There are more workers to work from home and more students to study from home. This is because the computer technology is more and more easily accessible and cheaper. Do you think it is a positive or negative development?

给小孩零用钱的利与弊

写作示范 1:

无忧雅思提醒: 范文仅供参考!

With the development of our modern society, people's living conditions become much more comfortable. But along with intense competition, parents have less time to consider children's needs in all-round. One method to solve this contradiction is to give children some pocket money. Pocket money is useful to children. But whether the children are considerable enough to make correct use of these money. There are two viewpoints about the pocket money. Some

people think that giving children pocket money will make them become luxurious. Others think that will not lead to such disadvantage. In my opinion, both of them are partially reasonable.

Someone believes that giving children pocket money really has many advantages. With pocket money, children can buy their daily necessities such as pencils, little toys, and snack food they like. It will give children a certain freedom to select what they want, make them aware rules of the equivalent exchange. Since time to parents is very precious, giving pocket money to children help them to save time spent in shopping, but used in busy working and earning money.

Others insist that there are undoubtedly some disadvantages in spending pocket money. First, young children do not know how to use pocket money appropriately, they possibly consume all the money to buy expensive merchandise that they like, and then ask for extra money from their parents. Some parents cosset their children, and always give them a large amount of pocket money. Such conditions will make children become more and more prodigal. Second, since adults do not supervise the procedure of shopping, children could probably buy something that is not suitable for their age, such as adult magazines.

Judging these two viewpoints above-mentioned, I think that parents should give their children a limited amount of pocket money. There are some preconditions: the amount of pocket money must be finite; the parents should instruct their children how to use the money moderately and what is suitable to them; for a costly merchandise, parents themselves should take children to buy it. With these preconditions, pocket money will do no harm to their children.

小孩子的个性是后天培养还是先天生成的

Opinions divided concerning what plays a more important role in people's personality development, nature or nurture. What is your opinion?

发帖: how2do

提纲:

P1: 关于小孩的天生特性和个体发展的关系, 争论由来已久。Gene 和 Education, 哪个起更大的作用, 我认为 latter 更重要, 尽管前者也很 significant.

P2: 一个孩子的成功与后天的教育和个人的努力分不开。举例: 很多科学家, Nobel, Einstein, Newton 取得巨大的成就, 是他们长期辛苦努力和学习的结果。很穷的国家往往有很差的教育体

系，虽然他们不缺乏天才（genius）；

P3: 如果一个有天赋的人不通过艰苦努力与不断学习，单纯依靠他的天赋是不可能成功的。例子：there is a famous Chinese fable. A boy had surprising intelligence in poems when he was 3 years old. His father flaunted his son's gift and brought him travel around every day. Several years later, he become very common and cannot write any new poem. Good gift 是好的条件，但如果不学习，反倒会成为失败的原因。

P3: 人们的天生智慧（natural factors）是非常相似的，所谓的神童（wonder child）非常少见。因此后天的努力和 nurture 是成功的关键，这也是为什么很多家长让学生参加各种课程使他们获得更好未来(gain a better future)的原因。Einstein 说过 The success is equal to the 99% of diligence plus 1% of

P4: 总之，教育和奋斗是孩子成功最直接的最关键的原因，我们应该利用我们天生的能力（fully utilize the born advantages）并 devote ourselves to the hard work and study.只有这样才会成功。

写作示范：

Nowhere in the world has the issue of children's education been so much debated as in our society. Nowadays, many parents let their children attend all kinds of courses that will help children to get a better future; therefore, some people think that the postnatal nurture is more important than the congenital factors for personal growth and progress. The above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that success of a child would not be separated from right teaching and personal effort. Currently, lots of famous scientists and politicians gain huge success in the world, as they are long-term to hard work. Moreover, the main reason why plenty of developing countries drop behind is their poor education.

Another reason is that if people do not work hard but only depend on their high intellect, they will be far from successful. For instance, the little Bronte was quite clever during his childhood; he was particularly adept at writing. But he was so satisfied with his superior intellect that he did not study carefully. Finally, he became an idle person. However, his sisters became famous authors as a result of their hard study. They are Charlotte Bronte and Emily Bronte. Charlotte wrote "Jane Eyre", "Wuthering Heights" was written by Emily.

Last but not the least reason is the advantages of natural factors that are more and more similar. Plenty of advanced technological products are invented and widely used. They can supply people's gaps. In the past, the difference of mathematical ability was remarkable. With the invention of the calculator, people can hardly find out the difference.

In conclusion, scientific and proper teaching is the most significant factor for personal growth and development. If people are satisfied with their advantages, they will become the biggest failures.

Research indicates that the characteristics we were born with have much more influence on our personality and development than experiences we have had in our life. Which do you think is the major influence?

本文为赖劲松老师特供无忧雅思网作品

Introduction (38words)

Human's endeavor in researching on factors affecting one's personality and development has offered quite an amount of proofs. My position may provide you with a clear notion that nurture plays a far more important role in one's development.

Body 1 (95words)

Reportedly there was a maid, a countryside girl with only an educational background of primary school, working for an American professor who worked in Shanghai Jiaotong University, China. After two years of stay at the learned and exotic surroundings, amazingly this plain girl could speak fluent English and started to help the host to receive and send e-mails to his students. When the professor left for New York later, soon she sought a post at a multinational firm. This example clearly reveals a common truth: appropriate nurture can turn an average person to be competent. (topic sentence)

Body 2 (89words)

I will then go on to examine my position by offering other facts. It is well believed that overseas graduates who once furthered their education in foreign universities are taking incredible places in China because these elites have a broader way of thinking and their bilingual and creative capabilities have proved themselves much better than domestic ones. In contrast, some people show their linguistic talent by precisely speaking a variety of dialects but still lead a poor life because no foreign language learning process has been conducted for them.

Conclusion (42words)

To sum up, the competence of a former maid and the qualities of overseas Chinese students already illustrate an undeniable fact: a right way of nurture can mould one to be outstanding whilst extraordinary nature without nurture is a waste of resource.

(作者: 广州雅思考试中心专职写作老师赖劲松)

小孩去幼儿园以方便妈妈工作

Young children should stay in kindergarten or nursery schools so that their mothers can return to work earlier. Agree or disagree?

小孩子应该学什么会什么更有用

Some people think children should learn to compete, but others think that children should be taught to co-operate that become more useful adults. Express some reasons of both views and give your own opinions.

写作示范:

Nowhere in the world has the issue of competition and cooperation been so much debated as in our society. Nowadays, the competition is more and more furious between different groups, but many people think that parents teach competition to children that it will be bad for their growth, let them learn how to cooperate that is the most important. Above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that children' intellect is not enough capable to analyze right and wrong competition. If children do not have correct teaching, the competition easily leads children to a wrong way. For instance, children usually pay attention to match their clothing and toys; in fact, it is really worth competing thing that their study is being ignored.

Another reason is that if children work together, they could easily find out and supply their gaps. Because of limit of age, in order to children's knowledge is limited so that they have the different strongpoint. When they work together, they can learn the merit from others, and quickly correct their mistakes.

Last but not the least reason is the cooperation means common progress. A people's ability is limited, but group's power is unlimited. Lots of things are really difficult to complete by personal power. Nevertheless, people working together to solve problems will become really easy and simple. Thus, it is important to let children get to know signification of cooperation.

In conclusion, children ought to learn signification of cooperation and how to work together, in order to their better future.

孩子去海外留学是否好

Some say that it is good for children to stay away from their families and go to boarding school. Others say that children had better live with their families and attend a day school. What do you think about it?

体罚孩子的问题

在一些国家父母可以体罚孩子；而在另一些国家，这样的行为是违法的。结合实际情况谈谈你的看法。 结论：属于很普通的题，没有问题。

孩子们花太多的时间在看电视上

Teenagers spend too much time on watching TV, which affects their human relationship.每周花 40 小时在 television and video 上，而只有 8 小时在与家人交流上。有人说这影响了他们的交际能力。

家长教育孩子时的处罚问题

Many parents use punishment to teach the different between right and wrong to kids. Many think punishment is necessary to help children learn the distinction. To what extent do you agree or disagree?
What kind of punishment do you think parents and teachers can use?

现在的孩子越来越懒,胖.

一项报告标明 children are becoming lazy, fat and unsociable, give your possible causes and measures.

People use the computers when they work but somebody argue that it will make the people isolate and decrease social skills.
To what extend do you agree or disagree?

父母和孩子在一起的时间太少

Today's parents spend too little time staying with their children and use television to make their children keep quiet. Explain the reason and results by using your relevant experience.

写作示范：

无忧雅思发表雅思范文，仅供参考，不可背诵，更不可应用到实际考试中，否则可能因为雷同得到极低分数，甚至 0 分。

In China, both of the parents have their jobs. With the development of economy, people tend to pursue high quality living conditions. Most of the parents try their best to offer their children comfortable circumstances, but they seldom have time to stay with their children. In my point of view, no matter how busy they are, they should make the best use of their time to stay with their children.

First, the love between children and adults will be improved by spending more time on their children. Children could feel parents' affection through the genial conversation and sharing their pleasure with them. Every time when parents take them to amusement park, help them to prepare their birthday parties, applaud for them when they are competing in the sports meeting, the time they spend with children will become treasure in their memories.

Second, children need the direction from their parents. There are some wrong behaviors in our society such as dishonesty, corruption, violence and eroticism and so on. Children have weak resistance in defending this detrimental influence. In this case, parents' instructions seem to be very important to children's growth. Parents should sit down and talk with them about what they should do and should not do. In addition, if parents often spend time in staying with their children, adults' good behaviors will greatly influence their children.

Here I do not deny that there are some disadvantages in spending too much time on children. Some parents restrict their children, and give them little freedom to develop their interests. Therefore, I emphasize that parents should educate and instruct their children appropriately in their spare time apart from their busy works.

不买电视为了孩子有时间去创造发明

Some British families decide not to buy televisions because they influence the development of the creativity of children. What do you think?

无忧雅思提示：本范文仅用于帮助考生熟悉雅思写作思路和写作方法，不可以背诵，更不可以整篇用于雅思实际考试中，否则将可能因为雷同得到极低分数甚至零分。

写作示范 1:

As science and technology accelerates, television, as a powerful invention in the 20th century is becoming unbelievably popular in people's life. People can be acquainted with the current affairs and appreciate the affluent programs right at home. As to my opinion on it, television will not whittle children's creativity as exaggerated.

To begin with, television is the most effective means to inform children of the latest news and scientific improvement all over the world. Television reveals the recent development of some researches, such as the new computing technology, clone technology, genetic breakthroughs and so on, which can inspire the imagination of children and motivate them to conduct relevant experiments, making new findings and breakthroughs in their study.

Moreover, some programs like adventures and geography can enlarge children's capacity of knowledge. With the emergence of information technology, the knowledge presented in textbooks cannot cater for children's curiosity any more. Children need to learn wider knowledge and know more about our world. Programs like adventures can cultivate children's creativity and the ability to tackle difficulty; programs like geography can teach children knowledge about different countries in the world and initiate their aspiration to know about the nature; programs about science can inspire children's interest in science and technology.

Admittedly, the inappropriate programs on television somehow play negative role in the shape of children. The films containing violence, crimes and pornography contents tempt children to go astray.

In a word, it is my strong belief that television will not impair children's creativity as is asserted. Nevertheless, the government and the whole society should exert to eliminate the unhealthy contents on TV and ensure the children with a favorable growing environment.

写作示范 2:

With the rapid development of science and technology, television, as a new invention in the 20th century is becoming very populous in people's life. People can be informed of the latest news and enjoy the colorful programs at home. In my opinion, television will not affect children's creativity as exaggerated.

Firstly, television is the most effective tool to inform children of the latest news and scientific

development over the world. Television tells us the recent development of some researches, such as clone technology, Genetic breakthroughs, the new computing technology and so on, which can stimulate the imagination of children and encourage them to carry out relevant experiments, making new findings and breakthroughs in their study

Secondly, some programs like adventures and geography can enlarge children's knowledge of scope. With the emerging of information technology, the knowledge in textbooks cannot satisfy children's curiosity any more. Children need to learn wider knowledge and know more about our world. Programs like adventures can cultivate children's creativity and the ability to tackle difficulty; programs like geography can teach children knowledge about different countries in the world and initiate their aspiration to know about the nature; programs about science can inspire children's interest in science and technology.

However, the improper programs on television sometimes play negative role in the growth of children. The shots about violence, crimes and pornography contents are making children walk on the criminal road.

To sum up, I believe that television will not influence children's creativity. But meanwhile, the government and the whole society should do their utmost to prohibit the unhealthy contents on TV and provide the children with a clean growing environment (275 words)

(March, 16, 2002 Shenzhen)

作者:孙肇春

孩子看电视和玩电脑的问题

Parent should limit children's time of watching TV and playing computer game, others insister children should spend time reading books.

关于乱花钱的问题

怎么看乱花钱, 一些人花很多的钱在服装, 做头发上 some people say it is a good way to use money, others say it is waste 用你的经验说名你支持哪种观点.

尊重老人

在现在的社会里, 许多国家有一个现象, 就是忽视了对老人的尊重 (show respect to the old) 请分析情况产生的原因以将产生的对社会的后果

社会问题

现在大城市的生活质量在下降的原因

2013.5.11

Today the quality of life in many big cities is decreasing. What are the causes of this problem? Any measures should be taken to solve it?

写作指导	<p>1. 报告类考题的难度不大，而且问的是原因和解决方法；也是考生平时接触得最多的提问方式；建议全文四段安排，主体两段原因和解决方法各一段说明即可。</p> <p>2. 考生可以留意原因类考题可从内因和外因两个角度去说明；而对应的解决方法也是一一对应即可。</p> <p>3. 涉及到城市的生活质量可以从环境，社会竞争，健康等角度去分析。</p>
重点表达式	<p>There is a range of reasons identified leading to this problem, among which the increasingly fierce competition might be the primary one.</p>

犯罪该如何受处罚

2013.2.16

Some people think lawbreakers should be sent to prison, while others think there are some alternatives (e.g. make them do work which also benefits for the local community) for those crimes are minor.

Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

写作指导	<p>第一段：阐述主题</p> <p>第二段：中心句——犯罪者应该被送去监狱</p> <p>分论点：1、让犯罪者充分认识到自己的错误</p> <p>2、避免对社会造成更坏的影响</p> <p>第三段：中心句——对于犯罪较轻的罪犯，可以采取其他的教育方式。</p> <p>分论点：1、让其通过体力劳动弥补他们的过失</p> <p>2、给予一些思想和工作上的培训和指导</p> <p>第四段：总结——根据犯罪者的犯罪情节的不同程度，采取不同的惩罚手段。目的在于，使人们认识到触犯法律的严重性及带给人们的伤害程度。</p>
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重点表达	Criminals; compensate for; be threatened by; provide opportunities of learning and training for the criminals; realized their mistakes; physical work;
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建筑反映社会文化

2012.11.17

In the past, buildings often reflected the culture of a society, but today all modern buildings look alike and cities throughout the world are becoming more and more similar. What do you think is the reason for this, and is it a good thing or a bad thing?

写作指导	第一段：阐述主题 第二段：中心句——造成这种情况的原因是多方面的：分论点：1、广泛的文化交流 2、教育方式的改变 3、旅游业的发展 第三段：中心句——正面和负面都有，但是负面多一些 分论点：1、不会让人觉得在异地有陌生感 2、传统文化的消失 3、不利于城市个性化产业的发展 第四段：总结——原因是多方面的，造成负面的影响要大于正面的影响。
重点表达	Traditional culture and customs; cultural exchange; the development of the tourism; the transformation of educational system; industrial development

犯罪问题

2012.11.03

Many people are afraid to leave their homes because of their fear of crime. Some believe that more action should be taken to prevent crime, but others feel that little can be done. What is your opinion?

写作指导	<p>双边中立：</p> <p>正文第一段支持正方观点，即为了预防犯罪可以采取的措施。可以从：政府出台严格的法律法规 constitute more rigid laws and regulations, 对犯罪予以严厉打击，震慑潜在的罪犯，加强法制教育，安装监控摄像头 surveillance cameras,等等。</p> <p>正文第二段支持反方观点，即很多预防措施仍然不能解决犯罪问题。可以从：预防措施并不能从根本上防止犯罪的产生。造成犯罪的因素有很多，社会的原因，个人的原因，预防措施并不能从根本上防止犯罪的产生。</p>
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	<p>单边支持：</p> <p>正文分三段，每段各写一个预防措施。</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 政府出台严格的法律法规 constitute more rigid laws and regulations,对犯罪予以严厉打击，震慑潜在的罪犯。 2. 安装防盗设施。 3. 加强法制教育。
重点表达	<p>installing safeguard doors are conducive to deterring potential criminals.</p> <p>implementing necessary guard action can offer a sense of security to people when they are out of their apartments.</p>

2012.10.20

Nowadays, it is more convenient and easier for people to travel to other countries.

Is this a positive or negative development?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

写作指导	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子） 2) 两种思路： <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 完全偏向性 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A 完全支持 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，这是一个积极的发展趋势 b. 旅游有利于经济的发展，创造更多的就业机会 c. 旅游会使得当地的公众和政府更注重文化的保护 d. 总结，重申论点 B 完全反对 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，这是一个消极的发展趋势 b. 过多的游客会过多的使用当地资源，并且产生非常多的垃圾 c. 游客和当地人可能会产生很大的冲突，由于缺乏对彼此之间文化的了解 d. 总结，重申论点 2. 中立 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，有好也有坏 b. 参照上文，选取一个好的原因
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	c. 选取一个坏的原因 d. 总结全文，重申观点
重点表达	Promote the economic expansion; create more job opportunities; lay more emphasis on; protection/ conservation of the local cultures; overuse of some rare resources; generate the conflicts between... and...

2012.9.22

In some countries, young people are not only richer, but also safer and healthier than ever more. However, they are less happy.

What is the main reason about this might be?

What can be done for this?

写作指导	<p>第一段：阐述主题并表明自己的立场</p> <p>第二段：中心句——不快乐的原因是多方面的： 分论点：1、虚荣心增强，交不到真正的朋友 2、没有经济压力，就没有成就感</p> <p>第三段：中心句——解决此问题的措施有以下几个： 分论点：1、家长要让孩子体会自己劳动的成果，让年轻人通过经历一些困难让他们了解生活，珍惜自己所拥有的。 2、一些社会活动的宣传和组织让新一代的年轻人明白亲情、友情的意义和价值。建立起正确的人生观和价值观。</p> <p>第四段：总结——这个问题的有效解决关键在于家庭和学校的教育和引导。社会的环境和气氛也是后期人们应该关注的。一个良好的成长环境和正确的价值观导向会逐渐地解决这个问题。</p>
重点表达	Solve the problems; life value; to publicize; pay attention to; build up; economic burden; social circles.

政府的资助应该只能支持科学调查

2012.9.15

Money for postgraduate research is limited. Therefore some people think financial support from governments should be only provided for scientific research rather

than research for less useful subjects. Do you agree or disagree?

<p>写作指导</p>	<p>传统来说, scientific research 包括 physics, chemistry, biology, agriculture, cell technology, 这些科目都是和自然世界(physical world)有关的。而其他方面的研究包括语言学, 心理学, 哲学, 历史, 社会学等。这种题型在雅思写作中很典型, 意思是“只应该做 A 事情, 而 B 事情完全不应该去做”。这类话题明显都是一种偏激的观点, 写法基本上是一样的。第一种写法: 先承认 A 观点的合理性, 然后进行驳斥, 讲只做 A 会产生的负面影响, 接下来讲 B 的必要性。第二种写法: 先交代 B 观点的不足之处, 然后对其进行驳斥, 然后再讲 B 观点的合理性。结构与思路: 本文适合写成单边支持型。在“题型解读”中提到的两种方法都能使用。第一种写法: 第一段让步段, 先承认科学研究是合理的, 因为科学研究可以获得即时利益, 可以找到新的资源能源, 能让我们富有。然后驳斥, 只在科学研究上花钱会产生的一些后果(公民只有物质生活而没有精神生活的负面影响), 然后讲对其他领域投资的重要性。投资其他领域会让我们的精神生活更加健康。第二种写法: 第一段让步段, 先讲有些人或许会认为投资其他领域并不能创造经济上的利益, 因此政府投资其他领域是浪费纳税人的血汗钱。然后说投资其他领域的好处, 所以政府对其他领域的投资是完全值得的。正文的第二段再讲投资其他领域的意义。</p>
<p>重点表达式</p>	<p>the findings of research can be translated into profitable ideas immediately.</p>

2012.8.25

Many museums charge of admission, while others free. Do you think the advantages are more than disadvantages?

<p>写作指导</p>	<p>1) 注意时态, 不要出现过去时(除非举过去的例子) 2) 此题为新题, 有些难度, 容易偏题, 从博物馆存在的价值切入, 但辩论的焦点应注意是收费还是免费。 3) 需注意论点的层次性和说服力。</p>
<p>重点表达</p>	<p>House a large collection of selected objects, provide interpretations, provide entertainment, concentrate on the host region's culture, ethnology, anthropology, ...far outweigh..., Only by doing ... can ... be solved</p>

2012.8.11

Nowadays in many countries after leaving school, the youngsters are hard to find

jobs. What problems would the youth unemployment cause for the individual and for the society. What measures should be taken to reduce the level of youth unemployment.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2) 这篇是报道类文章，且此题为旧题，难度比较小。</p> <p>3) 文章可以采取四段式</p> <p>a. 开头（现象+话题）</p> <p>b. 问题</p> <p>individual: 由于经济上的不独立，带来对自我能力的怀疑</p> <p>society: 为了糊口，通过一些不正当手段获取利益，对其他人的生活造成不利影响，甚至导致惯性犯罪。</p> <p>c. 解决方法</p> <p>school: 提供就业培训，提高学生实际的就业技能；鼓励学生多做兼职，参加实习，获得经验（很多公司只招有经验的学生）</p> <p>individual: 不要眼高手低，可以从低做起，锻炼自身的能力</p> <p>government: 可提供一些创业基金，鼓励学生自我创业。</p> <p>4) 总结段可稍带提及解决方案</p>
重点表达	<p>It is common that...</p> <p>...economic dependence...; earn a living; make money; have a negative influence on; job training; practical working skills; take part-time jobs; enrich work experience; self-employment</p>

2012.7.28

Arts (painting and music) does not directly improve People's life, so government should spend money on other important areas.

2012.7.21

In most cities and towns, the high volumes of road traffic become a problem. What are the causes of that and what actions could be taken to solve the problem?

写作指导	<p>第一段：阐述主题并表明自己的立场</p> <p>第二段：中心句——造成交通拥挤的原因是多方面的</p> <p>分论点：1、汽车速度增长过快</p> <p>2、道路容量过小</p>
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	<p>3、公共交通不完善</p> <p>第三段：中心句——解决此问题的措施有以下几个</p> <p>分论点：1、优化公共交通运行条件</p> <p>2、疏散城市居民人口</p> <p>第四段：总结——解决交通拥挤问题是一个迫切的问题。通过对此问题原因的分析，我们可以通过采取有效措施解决交通拥挤的问题。</p>
重点表达	Traffic congestion, public transportation, effective measures, processing problem, city dwellers, contribute to

2012.6.16

There is an increasing number of people who do not know their neighbours. What causes this situation? How to solve?

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举已发生事件的例子）</p> <p>2) 分析问题、解决问题的思路（正文两段分别回答两个问题）</p> <p>1.分析问题（原因）</p> <p>a. 现在人们，尤其是年轻人以自我为中心，不相信周围的人；</p> <p>b. 职场人士因为繁忙的工作没有时间与周围的人进行沟通；</p> <p>c. 现代的科技型休闲方式，甚至科技型建筑风格也阻碍了邻居之间的相互交流。</p> <p>2.解决问题（方法）</p> <p>a. 学校教育及社会宣传对现代人们观念的积极改良；</p> <p>b. 社区组织本社区集体性活动，鼓励所有成员参与；</p> <p>c. 居民从自身安全性考虑也应该主动地加强与周边邻居的联系。</p> <p>3) 对逻辑思维严谨的考生而言，本文也可以在正文中将原因与解决方法相结合进行论述。</p>
重点表达	newly-established urban community, ignorance, indifference, contribute to, self-centered, could not afford to spend time on, participate in, modern housing plans

新闻与人类的生活关系

2012.6.09

Some people think news have no connection to people's lives, so then it is a waste of time to read the news in the newspaper and watch television news

programs. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

写作指导	看新闻的好处： 第一增加知识量； 第二可以了解国家、地区、甚至行业的有关政策； 第三为自己做生意、管理、投资找到依据。
重点表达	Broaden our scope of knowledge and widen our horizon. Learn about countries, regions, and relevant policy.

2012.5.12

版本 1: Some people think sending criminals to prison is an effective way to deal with them, while others think education and training are better. To what extent do you agree or disagree.3

版本 2: Today prison is the most common solution for crime. But some people think that it would be a more effective way to provide them with better education to prevent them from becoming criminals. Do you agree or disagree?

写作指导	第一段：阐述主题并表明自己的立场。 第二段：中心句——教育确实能对犯罪有一定的作用，特别是对于青少年罪犯和轻罪犯。解释举例——青少年犯罪的原因分析，教育和监狱的改造方式比较。所以教育比监狱对于改造他们来说更好。 第三段：中心句——但是，不能说教育在任何情况下都更好，对于重罪犯和累犯来说监狱还是必要的、更好的改造方式。解释举例——重罪、累犯特点。所以监狱更好。 第四段：总结——教育有好处，但不一定比监狱更好。
重点表达	Prisoners, juvenile delinquency, play a vital role in....., the factors, contribute to, survival skills, exert positive effects on.....

2012.4.14

A tendency of news reports in the media focus on problems and emergencies rather than positive developments that is harmful to the individual and to society. Do you agree or disagree?

2012.4.12

Ambition is an important characteristic of people in today's society. How important do you think it is for people who want to succeed in life? Is it a positive or negative

characteristic for success?

2012.3.31

In some cultures the old age is more valued, while in some cultures youth is more valued. Discuss both view points and give you own opinion.

全球化和跨国公司的增长对每个人都有好处，你的观点？

2012.2.9

The spread of multi-national companies and resulting of globalization produce positive effects on everyone. Do you agree or disagree?

为过去的传统和当今社会观念的取舍

2012.2.4

Some people think that young people should follow traditions of their society, while others think that young people should be free to behave as individuals. Discuss both sides and give your own opinion.

工作中成功的要素是 skill 还是 qualification 的提问

2012.1.14

Nowadays, it is widely accepted that social skills are as important as good qualifications for success in a job. Do you agree or disagree?

一些人建议政府在每个城市开放免费图书馆

2012.1.12

Some people think that government should establish free libraries in each town. Others believe that it is a waste of money since people can have access to the internet to obtain information. Discuss both sides and give your own opinion.

邀请国外大型公司投资建厂是否有利中国的经济的发展

2012.1.7

Some people think inviting large foreign companies to set up factories in developing countries is helpful for local economy, while others think that the foreign companies should not be allowed to build their factories in developing countries, instead, local companies should be encouraged in order to develop local economy. Discuss both views and give you own opinion.

解析:

【一些人认为邀请大型外国公司在发展中国家建造工厂有利于当地经济的发展，然而有些人却认为不应该允许这些公司这么做。相反的，为了发展当地经济，应该鼓励本土公司的发展。讨论双方观点并给出自己观点】

分析：“讨论双方观点”一定要注意在行文过程中题目中两个观点都要进行分析。针对该题，正文一段分析外国公司在发展中国家建厂与当地经济的关系；另一段应就外国公司建厂对当地公司的影响进行论述

突破口：1) 发展中国家往往缺少资金和技术，而这恰恰是外商可以提供的

2) 当地的经济究竟是由谁其主导主用：外商投资？本土企业？

观点建议：鼓励外商投资，加强本土企业的竞争力，实现双赢

2011.12.10

Human activity has negative effects on the plant and animal species on the earth. Some argue that it is too late to take action. Some think effective actions can be taken to protect them. Discuss both and give your opinion.

2011.12.03

Today food travel thousands of miles from the farm to the consumers. Why is this? Is it a positive or negative trend?

2011.12.01

Some people think sports games are important for society, while others believe

they should be taken as leisure activities. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

2011.11.26

The people nowadays get richer. The people in developing countries feel happier than before while those of the developed countries do not feel happier. Talk about the reason and what you can learn from it.

2011.11.19

Some people think that job satisfaction is more important than job security. Others think that people cannot expect to enjoy a job and having a permanent job is more important. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

2011.11.17

Someone claims newspaper is the best way to get latest information because it has more influence than other forms of media. Do you agree or disagree?

2011.11.05

Some people think government should invest more money in teaching science than other subjects in order for a country to develop and progress. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2011.10.20

Holding Olympic Games is an exciting event. Some people think it has positive effects while others argue it is a waste of money. Discuss both sides and give your own opinion.

2011.10.8 老龄化

In many countries, the proportion of older people is steadily increasing. Does this have more positive or negative effects on the society?

2011.9.3

The qualities that a person needs to become truly successful cannot be learned at university or in a similar educational institution. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2011.8.27

The number of people who watch foreign films is much more than people who watch local films. Describe the reasons and should the government provide financial support to the local film industries.

2011.8.20

Some people think that a police force carrying guns can educate higher level of violence. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2011.7.28

If a product is of good quality, and which meets people's needs, people will buy it. Therefore, advertising is unnecessary and is no more than a type of entertainment. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

广告越来越普遍了，你认为是不是利大于弊？

2011.6.25

If a product is of good quality and meets people's needs, people will buy it. Therefore, advertising is unnecessary and is no more than a type of entertainment. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

traditional food 被 international fast food 取代 优弊

2011.6.23

In many countries traditional foods are being replaced by international fast foods. This has a negative effect on both families and societies. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

现代人变的越来越自私,要不要回到传统的对社会的方式

2011.5.14

Individual greed and selfishness has been the basis of the modern society. Some people think that we must return to the older and more traditional values of respect for the family and the local community in order to create a better world to live in. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

cheap air travel 利弊

2011.4.2

Many people think cheap air travel should be encouraged because it gives ordinary people freedom to travel further. However, others think this leads to environmental problem, so air travel should be more expensive in order to discourage people from having it. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

SOHO 式办公学习的优缺点

2011.3.19

Computer technologies are more accessible and cheaper, as the result, more adults work at home and children study at home. Is this a positive or negative development?

讨论 competitiveness 是积极的还是消极的

2011.3.12

Competitiveness is a positive quality for people to have among most societies. How does this competitiveness affect individuals? Do you think it is a positive or negative trend?

保护小语种的消失问题

2011.3.5

Some people believe governments should spend money in saving languages of few speakers from dying out completely. Others think this is a waste of financial resources.

Discuss both views and give your opinion.

关于食物的民生问题

2011.2.26

Many people believe that countries should produce food for all population eats and import food as little as possible. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

关于女性服兵役

2011.2.19

Some people think that women should play an equal role as men in military force or police force, while others say women are not suited for such kind of work. Discuss both side and give your own opinion.

政府给作家经济补贴

2011.2.17

Some people think that creative artists should be supported financially by the government of their country, while others believe that they should find financial support from other sources instead. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

旅游行业的利弊

2011.2.12

Tourism is an excellent way to develop country, but it also can cause some harm. How can a country ensure tourism benefit the development?

是否该去国外旅游

2011.1.27

Some people think that it is necessary to travel abroad to learn about other countries, but other people think that it is not necessary to travel abroad because all the information can be seen at TV and the internet. Discuss both opinions and give your own opinion.

一些反社会行为

2011.1.22

Today there is a great increase in anti-social behaviors and lack of respect to others. What are the causes of this? Who should take responsibility for dealing with it?

工作场所男女数量一样

2011.1.15

The workplace nowadays is trying to employ the equal number of females and males. Do you think it is a positive or negative trend?

同辈人团体力量行为

2010.12.16

Others often influence young people in their behavior and situations in the same age. This is called "peer group pressure". Do the disadvantages outweigh the advantages?

垃圾食品的利与避

2010.12.11

Scientists think people are damaging their health by eating more junk food. Some think education want people to eat less junk food, while others think the education will not work. Discuss both sides and give your own opinion.

商场的发展地点

2010.11.27

Out-of-town big stores replace more and more center-town stores. As a result, more and more people have to drive cars in order to get to those 'far away' stores. Do advantages outweigh disadvantages?

社会发展和环境污染的关系问题

2010.10.23

Some people think pollution and damage of environment are resulted from a country developing and becoming richer, which is hard to be avoided. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

现代电视与视频是否会影孩子

2010.9.25

A report indicated that many children between 7 to 11 spend too much time watching television and/or play video games. How does the problem affect the children, their families and society? What measures can be taken to control it?

社会建立规则与法律来约束人

2010.9.16

Society is based on rules and laws. It would not function if individuals are free to do whatever they want to. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

城市划分的优劣性

2010.08.28

In many cities, planners have separated schools, homes, shops, offices in specific areas which were widely separated from each other. Do you think advantages of this policy outweigh disadvantages to the city residents?

慈善活动

2010.08.21

Charities and organizations always give special names to particular days such as 'National Children's Day' and 'National Non-smoking Day'. What are the causes of these particular days? How effective are they?

居住在城市的人的困扰

2010.08.14

The major cities in the world are growing fast, as well as their problems. What are the problems that young people living in cities are facing with? Give solutions to these problems.

青少年犯罪问题

2010.08.05

In many parts of the world children and teenagers are committing more crimes. Why is this case happening? How should children or teenagers be punished?

当下人从农村到城市工作

2010.07.17

The movement of people from agricultural areas to cities to work can cause serious problems in both places. What are the serious problems and what measures can be taken to solve this problem?

政府担心年轻人担任重要的职位而引发的舆论

2010.07.10

More and more young people hold important positions in government. Some people think it is not suitable but others think otherwise.

Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

海外旅游的优势与劣势

2010.06.26

International travel often leads people to have some prejudices rather than broad-mind. What are the main reasons of this phenomenon? What do you think people can do to get better understanding of the countries they visit?

旅游与商业之间的联系

2010.06.17

To what extent do you agree that societies benefit from international tourism and business.

物质要求对人们的影响

2010.04.24

It has been suggested that everyone in the world want to own a car, a TV and a fridge. Do you think disadvantage of such a development outweigh advantages?

政府采取行动制定健康的生活方式

2010.04.17

Some people think the governments should act to decide how people live in order to make a healthier life. Others think individual should decide their own lifestyle. What do you concern about? Discuss both views, and give your opinion.

各种岗位对男女的要求

2010.04.15

Some people think that men and women have different qualities. Therefore, some certain jobs are suitable for men and some jobs are suitable for women. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

不同人对廉价航空旅行的看法

2010.04.10

Some people think that the increase of cheap air travel has brought about many benefits while others argue that this development has its drawbacks to the world's environment and resources. Discuss these two points of view. What's your opinion?

机器代替手工制品的优劣

2010.03.20

Nowadays more and more work can be done by machines instead of hands. Do you think its positive impact on the development outweighs its negative impact on individuals or society? (注: 部分文字可能与真题有所出入, 但总体意思不变)

动物园的建筑问题

2010.03.18

Some people think that zoos are cruel and all the zoos should be closed. However, other people think that zoos are useful to protect the rare animals. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

影响人类寿命

2010.03.06

Survey shows that in many countries across the people are living longer but increased life expectancy has many implications for the aging individuals and for society as a whole. What are the possible effect of longer living for individuals and society?

参考范文:

Population ageing has emerged as a global phenomenon in the wake of the now virtually universal decline in fertility and increases in life expectancy. Many countries are confronted with new demographic realities that spread from the cities to the villages. In my opinion, more problems than benefits will surface with this trend.

Admittedly, older people often have time to offer for the benefit of family and the community. Nowadays, the young tend to rely on the older generation for household chores. It is also reported that time devoted to voluntary work and care is at its height within the age groups over 55. Such devotion adds greatly to the community well-being, if not to the GDP.

Population ageing, however, brings about serious economic and social problems. When the number of workers decreases, the national income goes down. At the same time, as a person's use of health services increases significantly in the later years of their life, an ageing population causes a relative rise in the public resources required for pensions, health and residential care outlays. Moreover, with an ageing population, the problems associated with the "sandwich generation", people who have both children and parents to look after, have gained increasing prominence. Members of this "in-between" generation are often torn between the needs of raising children, caring for ageing parents and job responsibilities.

To sum up, population ageing is an inevitable prospect, the negative effects of which outweigh the positive. As ageing is a normal part of lifecycle for human beings, we must recognize its challenges to our life and society, and work on effective strategies to minimize its adverse influences.

朗阁海外考试研究中心专家点评:

本次考题和 2006 年 3 月的一个考老龄化的题目 (In many countries, the proportion of older people is steadily increasing. Does this trend have more positive or negative effects on the society?) 类似, 本次的考题为讨论寿命增长对个人和社会的影响。这道考题因为和社会现实比较贴近, 又是生活类文章, 因此难度较小。在写作的时候, 考生需要注意以下三个问题:

1. 虽然出题的形式为报告的形式, 但事实上写作可以从人的寿命增长的优缺点, 也就是正面影响和负面影响来进行讨论。
2. 讨论的时候要注意, 文章已经给出了两个论证角度, 一个是对个人的, 一个是对社会的, 这两

点都要写到。

3. 在写作的时候多用实例，例子可以参考范文。

经济发展与生活水平

2010.02.20

Most countries want to improve the standard of living through economic development; however, others think social value is lost as a result.

Do you think the advantages of economic development outweigh the disadvantages?

胡伟点评:

考的命题看似抽象难辩，实则和我们日常生活息息相关，只要具备一点生活常识和不那么“愤世”，写作观点还是很好把握的，即要“利大于弊”比较好写作，当然结尾段再附上一句“扬长避短”式的话语会让你的写作更完美。只有发展经济，民众的生活水平才能得到改善与提高，这是放之四海而皆准的道理，正如命题所言，这也是世界上大多数国家的普遍做法（当然，以“海盗为生”的索马里例外略）。既然这是普遍道理和普遍做法，肯定有其自身“利大”的一面，我们写作时就不好“反驳”了，即要支持这种做法，并罗列该做法的诸多好处来加以论证之。当然，有得必有失，发展经济来改善和提高民众的生活水平难免也会带来一些社会价值观念的缺失（如，价值观颠倒，“笑贫不笑娼”就是最好的写照，物质至上、拜金主义、享乐主义、极端利己主义等在社会上盛行），这是客观事实，也很难加以“反驳”，那我们该如何来呈现“利大于弊”的写作观点呢？这就是本作文写作的难点和重点了。我们可以把生活水平的改善与提高归属于“物质财富”的范畴，把“一些社会价值观念的缺失”归属于“精神财富”的范畴。道理很简单，物质财富是精神财富的基础，在这个社会一个人没有物质上的财富（生活水平的提高），一日三餐不饱，就很难生存下去，他的精神世界必然是苦闷的，那么就谈不上精神财富的追求了。因此，从这个角度来讲，“生活水平改善和提高”要比“一些社会价值观念缺失”更重要。当然，一个人当他的物质财富可以满足基本生存的时候，他不能总是停留在物质财富上，而是应该进而追求精神财富（正如著名的“马斯洛需求理论”所言），只有这样，他的人生才有意义。所以，国家在发展经济来改善和提高民众生活水平的同时要注意防止一些社会价值观念的缺失，只有那样，百姓才能安居乐业，社会才能和谐稳定，国家才能繁荣富强。

政治家与科学家对社会的重要性

2010.02.11

Some people think that politicians have the greatest influence on the world. Other people, however, believe that scientists have the greatest influence.

Discuss both of views and give your opinion.

贫富人对航空旅行的看法

2010.02.06

Air travel can only benefit the richest people in the world. The ordinary people can get no advantage with the development of air travel. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

反社会意识

2010.01.30.

Today there is a great increase in anti-social behavior and lack of respect to others. What are the causes of this? What can be done to reduce it?

贫富差异化

2010.01.23.

The gap between the rich and the poor is becoming wider. The rich is growing richer and the poor is growing poorer. What problems would the situation cause and then give the solutions.

胡伟点评:

属于“问题解决型”，命题核心问的是“贫富差距加大所带来的问题以及应对的措施”。

带来的问题：经济角度上看，贫富差距加大对社会经济发展具有很大的负面影响。1) 贫富差距加大消费不足企业减产/破产和减员 → 就业机会减少，贫困、失业和待业的低收入者增加贫富差距进一步加大；2) 贫富差距加大社会经济增长滞缓国家财政收入减少国家对低收入者的资金扶持力度减少贫富差距加大。社会角度上看，贫富差距加大不利于社会的和谐稳定。贫富差距加大公民心理失衡/扭曲，穷人“仇富”、“羡富”，富人“嫌贫”、“爱富”不和谐因素增多，社会稳定隐患加大涉财违法犯罪行为增加，“富人区”和“穷人区”增多社会治安环境恶化、“贫富”矛盾加剧、社会割裂和对立严重社会的不和谐、不稳定。从国家高度上看，贫富差距加大会影响到影响社会制度的公正与权威，削弱一个政府公信力和凝聚力，危害国家安全和统一。

应对的措施：首先，要努力营造一个起点平等、机会均等、规则公平、过程公平的社会环境；其次，要切实理顺分配关系，切实提高低收入者收入水平，扩大中等收入阶层比重，保护高收入者的合法收入；再次，要加强税收调节，完善社会保障制度（通过税收等手段来对富人征税，并通过财政手段转给低收入群体）；最后，积极鼓励富裕者做慈善事业，借以帮助穷人。

企业在科研（投资与研发）中比政府更扮演着重要的角色

2010.01.14.

In today's world, it is private companies rather than governments who pay for and carry out most scientific research. Do advantages outweigh disadvantages?

胡伟点评：

本次考题基本重现了 2005 年 12 月 10 日的雅思作文题目，试比较：Many people believe that scientific research should be carried out and controlled by the governments rather than private companies. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion? 可见，只是本次命题的陈述角度恰与原命题角度相反，且提问方式由原来的“同意与否”换成了“利弊讨论”而已。若考生有准备历年雅思“写作机经”所考一些话题，必将好写，甚至拿高分。

写作建议：

本次命题陈述了当今世界几乎每个国家都普遍存在且认同的一种做法：企业在科研（投资与研发）中比政府扮演着更重要的角色，其中，前者是主角，后者为配角。既然这是一种普遍做法，套用经济学的专门术语来讲，那么它的存在必然有其“收益”的一面和“风险”的另一面，同时这个“收益”要比“风险”大。故此，你要毫不犹豫地认同题目提问的核心内容“the advantages outweigh disadvantage”（利大于弊）。

论据把握：

“收益”的一面：对政府而言，一是，科研上的投资适当压缩，可以减少政府财政支出，减轻政府自身负担；二是，科研投资是一种风险投资（产出与投入往往不成正比），适当减少科研投资可以规避一定的金融风险；三是，适当放手让更多企业在科研投资与研发中唱主角，可以提高国内整体的科技水平，推动经济更好更快地朝前发展，最终提升一国的综合国力。对企业而言，一是，在科研投资上占更大份额，意味着企业就能在科研实践中享有更大的发言权，有利于增强企业的自主创新能力；二是，企业在科研中唱主角，其为了追求自身利润的最大化，就能加快技术的消化、吸收、开发与创新，促进科技成果的商品化、产业化和国际化，从而最终提高企业的效益和市场竞争能力，为企业的永续发展提供不懈动力。

“风险”的一面：如果政府减少科技领域减少投入，也可能导致一国综合国力的下降，在激烈的国际经济科技竞争中处于不利地位。新近，欧美一些国家就感觉到中国经济与科技的崛起所带来的压力，而纷纷加强科技方面的投入就是最好的佐证。如果过多放手让企业搞科研，可能会导致国家核心技术（包括一些重要民用技术，尤其是军用技术）的外泄，从而影响一国国家利益，危害自身的国土安全。

人们对慈善的看法

2010.01.09.

Some people believe that the charity organisations should give aid to those in greatest need, wherever they live. Some people believe that the charity organisations would better concentrate on helping people who live in own country instead. Discuss both views, and give your opinion.

胡伟点评:

此作文题目与 2009 年 11 月 21 日大作文题目似乎如出一辙, 试比较: Individuals and countries can not help everyone who needs help in the world, so we should be only concerned about our own communities and countries. To what extent do you agree or disagree? 问题属于“双边讨论 + 自己观点”型, 考生应该很好设计文章总体段落架构, 而题目中两命题的核心是“慈善机构帮助对象的选择问题”, 即到底是“无论哪里的”还是“本国的”好的问题, 估计对很多考生而言不易展开讨论。

写作建议:

建议你站在某慈善机构负责人的高度去思考问题。试想, 你是某一慈善机构的总裁, 你能接受“帮助最需要帮助的人, 无论他们来自哪里”和“帮助本国最需要帮助的人”两种不一样的服务理念吗?

(两种观点分析如下):

I. 针对第一种观点的分析:

n (先让步, 肯定该想法) 在这世界上, 有许多需要我们帮助的人。在这大背景下, 一些人提出“慈善机构应该帮助最需要帮助的人, 无论他们来自哪里”的想法的确很不错, 这是慈爱的一种最高境界, 如果将之付诸于实践, 必将给全世界众多需要帮助的人带去福音。

n (后强烈反驳) 但是, 一般来说, 慈善机构开展的慈善项目、选择的资助对象大多限于本机构所能辐射的范围内。试问, 一个校级的红十字(如, 大学里的)有能力资助世界上无论来自哪里的最需帮助的人吗? 当然不可能, 根本就没有那样的财力! 当然, 也有一些国际慈善机构, 例如世界儿童基金会 WCF(World Child Foundation), 把资助范围定位于全球, 即便如此, 其资助对象也限定在特定的人群, 即世界各地最需帮助的儿童, 而对其他年龄段的最需要帮助的人则根本不资助。

n (得出结论) 该观点是一种理想主义, 但现实可行性相对较差, 不过, 可以作为慈善机构为之努力奋斗的目标。

II. 针对第二种观点的分析:

n (先让步, 肯定该想法) 一国的慈善机构帮助本国最需要帮助的人是天经地义的事情。试问, 假如中国的慈善机构不对四川大地震的灾民进行慈善救济, 反而跑去非洲资助一些难民, 而我们的四川灾民却只好等待国外的慈善救济, 你认同吗? 这不仅是一个道德问题, 还会上升成为一个严肃的国际政治问题呢!

n (后点出一点不足, 提出一点期待) 当然, 对于一国某些现在或将来有能力的大型慈善机构, 不管是官方的、半官方的, 还是非官方的, 在政府允许、财力允许等前提下, 不能仅限于帮助本

国最需帮助的人，还可以把帮助对象扩展到世界上其他国家的最需要帮助的人。

l. 基于上述讨论，确立自己观点：

n 我们看问题，要具体问题具体分析，不能一概而论。至于一国的慈善机构帮助对象的选择问题，我个人认为，首先要立足于国内，然后才是放眼于世界；而世界性慈善机构则应尽可能多地帮助世界各地最需帮助的人。

我们无法阻止犯罪这个全球化问题

2009.12.19.

Crime is a global problem; we can do nothing to prevent it. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

医生和教师是否应该比运动员和名人们挣的更多

2009.11.14

The professional workers such as doctors, nurses and teachers should be paid more than the sports and entertainment personalities. Do you agree or disagree

青少年犯罪

2009.11.7

Reasons for increase of teenagers criminal acts and give your measures to reduce it.

lawbreakers sent to prison

2009.9.17

Some people think that lawbreakers should be sent to prison. However, others think that better talents among those should be made to work. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

2009 年 8 月 8 日

The development of technology changes the way people connect with each other. In which way does the development of technology change the types of relationships among people? Does it have positive or negative effects on the relationships?

21 世纪对世界的影响

2009 年 7 月 23 日

Many people are optimistic about the 21st century and see it as an opportunity to make positive changes to the world. To what extent do you agree or disagree with their optimism?

What changes would you like to see in the new century?

附有长沙北雅首席写作名师朱礼逵老师的作文范文:

无忧雅思发表雅思范文，仅供参考，不可背诵，更不可应用到实际考试中，否则可能因为雷同得到极低分数，甚至 0 分。

The question whether human beings could better increase the technology, confront the environmental problems, and, finally, provide much offer to citizens than before in 21 century or not has been debated by pundits, scholars, and media critics. I have confidence that many landscape of our society will be changed optimistically, harboring the ideas: many technologies will furnish indisputable help in offer conveniences for life; the plight that every countries involve in the revolution of information communication will bring many promises.

It's been not a secret that we, in 21st century, have made incredible process in improving the technologies regarding the industry, agriculture, as well as the management of international corporations. It's sure that these could bring numerous of positive changes to us. IBM, and Ford and Toyota corporations, with the outstanding designs, management experiences, as well as the gorgeous quality of engine, provides the best PC, or transportation tools to the customers. And the improvement of technology of agriculture curbs the soar of numbers of hunger in developing countries (for instance: Laos, Kenya, and Burma) with good productivity and fabulous quality of the products. Further, we could also get many examples of positive changes from the revolutions of information communication which is the important feature of the millenary. The college students could get the best academic resources, through internet, on the database of MIT, Harvard University. The employees, in Shanghai, could directly have discussion with the team leaders in U.S. by MSN, or Email.

But we have to pay much attention to the concerns that there is an increasing number of students indulging in PC games; and that the pollution, because of the increasing use of transportation tools, are attracting the attention from citizens, and policy-makers. And the fact that more and more students are depending on the internet, pose the questions to the teachers: it is possible that they cannot finish their paper without the help of internet.

In conclusion, I am sure that we benefit much from the developments of 21 century. But some developments, inevitably, have adverse effects on the job and routine life of human beings.

经济资助和实际行动对社会的作用比较

2009 年 6 月 27 日

Developing countries require help offered by international organization to ensure healthy and sustainable development. Some people think that financial aid is important. Others believe that practical aid and advice is more important. Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

重复犯罪问题

2009 年 6 月 13 日

Recent research shows that majority of the criminals who are sent into the prison continue to commit crime after they are set free. What do you think in the case? What should be done to solve this problem?

蔬菜运输的利弊

2009 年 6 月 11 日

The food travels thousands of miles from farm to consumer. Some people think that it would be better to our environment and economic if people only ate local produced food. To what extent do the disadvantages outweigh the advantages?

Museum 的作用

2009 年 4 月 30 日

有些人认为博物馆 should be enjoyable place. 有些人认为博物馆的目的是 to educate . Discuss.

音乐的作用

2009 年 3 月 7 日

Music plays an important role in society, but others think it is simply a form of entertainment for individuals. Discuss both sides and give your opinion.

公众健康问题

2009 年 2 月 28 日

Some people believe that the best way to improve public health is by increasing the number of sports facilities. Others think that this has little effect and other measures are required. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

考题分析:

本题是政府政策类话题和健康类话题的结合。考题虽新，但政府类话题和健康类话题却是经常出现的。考到政府政策类的话题，有一个思路总是可以通用的，那就是：政府可以通过教育来提升人们对于.....的认识（这比花大笔资金建设某某工程要来的更“实惠”和有效。）下面的范文是朗阁海外考试研究中心研究员撰写的高分范文，其中就有对该思路的体现，值得借鉴。

写作示范

范文出处：朗阁海外考试研究中心（RAFLE）

The construction of new sports facilities are definitely needed in an environment where people's health is in a declining state. However, there are those who believe that the way to improving people's health should lie in other measures that governments have to come up with to get people to live more healthily.

In many countries around the world, sports facilities are diminishing at an alarming rate, with existing ones being threatened with closure or face redevelopment in favor of housing and commercial development. The lack of sports facilities has directly led to a sharp decline in the general public's involvement in sports activities, which is the major culprit for ill health and excessive weight nowadays. If a wider range of sports and fitness facilities (swimming pools, basketball court and gymnasiums etc.) were available, then people would be more willing to spend time in these facilities to train their bodies and to improve their fitness, instead of living a sedentary life at home watching television, playing video games or using computers.

However, the building of such facilities may become a waste of time and taxpayers' money if they are built far away from where people live or if they are too expensive to use. There are scenes of empty sports grounds in many cities because it takes too much trouble to get there, and many sports clubs are receiving fewer guests because they charge unreasonably high membership fees. In these cases, the government should be spending more on advertising healthier life style instead of just wasting money on facilities that are not going to be actively used by the people. For example, it is important for people to know that little things like jogging or taking the stairs provide as many benefits as using exercising equipment in a sports club.

All in all, the government should be spending more money on the campaigns of getting the people to be more involved in a healthier lifestyle instead of wasting taxpayers' money on sports facilities that are barely used by the general public. This is by far the best way of improving the health standards of a nation as a whole.

(359 words)

慈善机构通过命名普及活动

Nowadays, many charities and organisations have to publicise their activities by giving a name to a particular day, such as National Children's day for encouraging treatment of children, National Non-smoking Day for encouraging people to give up smoking.

Why do these charities and organisations do so?

How effective can these special days be?

以下是顾老师点评:

大意:

如今, 很多慈善团体或者机构通过命名一些特别的日子, 来增加他们活动的普及性。譬如说儿童节是为了鼓励提高儿童的待遇, 无烟节是为了鼓励人们放弃吸烟。

这些机构为什么这样做?

这些特殊日的有效程度如何?

原因:

让自己的活动师出有名 (provide rationales for their course), 更好地得到公众的认可 (receive recognition from the public), 增加媒体的曝光率 (attractive media coverage), 并且得到政府的许可 (obtain support from local authorities)

引起人们对某些活动的关注 (raise the awareness of some issues or campaigns), 并且保证这些活动能够延续 (ensure that all these campaigns extend in future) .

有效程度:

可能未必尽如人意 (not as effective as anticipated)

这些特定的日子太多, 很难让人记住, 公众的参与很低 (hard to win the public's involvement);

活动缺乏连续性 (is not consistent), 没有真正达到目的 (attain objectives);

tourism

The increased tourism's advantages outweigh its disadvantages.

fashion

Fashion becomes more and more important for people to choose clothes, why? 并讨论是 positive 还是 negative to the development.

犯罪者应该如何处理

Criminals are imprisoned, many argue think that education and job training should replace the former to deal with criminals. To what extent do you agree?

人口迁徙的好坏

In some countries, governments encourage industries and businesses to move from large cities to regional areas.

Do you think the advantages outweigh the disadvantages?

顾家北老师解析题目:

大意: 在一些国家, 政府鼓励工业和商业从大城市转到小地区。你是否觉得其中的好处多于坏处? 这是一道老题。

另外, 这一次的题目有了一个小变化, regional areas, 以往是 countryside. 雅思中心觉得乡村地区本来就不适合大量发展工业和商业, 会破坏环境; 这一次, 就改成了 regional areas, 增加了可辩论性。然而, 作为政府类的题目, 找观点相对还是容易的。碰到社会类或者政府类的题目, 只要从经济、社会、公民利益三个方向去思考。

好处:

经济: 有助于落后地区的发展 (the development of some disadvantaged or underdeveloped regions), 提高那里的生活水平 (improve the standard of living);

社会: 缓解大城市的交通堵塞 (ease traffic congestion), 减轻空气污染 (reduce air pollution), 减轻对各种设施的压力 (relieve the pressure on facilities), 譬如说交通系统;

个人: 城市的居住条件更好 (better living conditions)

坏处:

经济: 有一些地区比较偏远 (remote), 商业迁到这些地区会增加交通运输的费用 (cost of transportation), 更何况很多地区没有相应的基础设施去支持经济发展, 譬如说网络 (information networks);

社会: 影响某些地区本身的文化和生活方式 (culture and lifestyle), 破坏自然环境 (cause damage to the scenery), 人口流动甚至会导致犯罪率上升 (population mobility leads to a higher crime

rate) ;

建议写优点多过缺点。

Dependent or independent

Some people think that in the modern society individuals are becoming more dependent on each other, while others say that individuals are becoming more independent of each other. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

是否应当限制私人小汽车

The private motor vehicle has greatly improved individual freedom of movement. Moreover, the automobile has become a symbol of status. Yet the use of private motor vehicles has contributed to some of today's most serious problems. How can the use of private motor vehicles be reduced?

Topic words:

Private motor vehicles

privately owned cars

Serious problems eg. Pollution, traffic jams, accidents

Task words:

How can ... be reduced?

Note: answer question "how can..." not "Should the use of cars be reduced?" The task is in the final question, not in the preceding sentences.

Sample Essay

The private motor vehicle has given us a freedom our ancestors could not dream about. We can travel swiftly, and usually safely, over the roads which have been built to accommodate our cars. People can display their wealth by driving a car which may cost as much as another person's home. - Introduction: advantages of cars (brief)

Sadly the car has become a disadvantage as well as a boom. The car pollutes the atmosphere, may be involved in serious accidents, and by its very numbers blocks roads and chokes cities. How can we reduce its use? - Brief statement of problem: disadvantages of cars

The car is only desirable if we can use it easily, so we might begin by reducing access to parking spaces in the cities and simultaneously increasing the quality and availability of public transport. Cars could be banned from certain parts of the city, thus forcing people to walk or to use public transport. - Ideas for cutting the number of cars

The expense of buying and running a car can be raised. If the motorist is faced with a high purchase price, high road tax, high insurance premiums and substantial fines he or she may reconsider the purchase. A corresponding reduction in the price of public transport would help this financial argument against car ownership.

Neither of these arguments will sway the super rich who can afford the status cars, but it would perhaps encourage them to look at other ways of demonstrating their wealth. However we do it, reducing the number of cars on the road will reduce the problems of pollution and the congestion which can bring cities to a standstill. - Conclusions: states the benefits of reducing the number of cars

是否同意均衡饮食是身体健康的关键，为什么

A balanced diet, or eating balanced meals, is the key to a healthy life. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.

无忧雅思提示：本范文仅用于帮助考生熟悉雅思写作思路和写作方法，不可以背诵，更不可以整篇用于雅思实际考试中，否则将可能因为雷同得到极低分数甚至零分。

写作示范

Although a balanced diet is important, there are other factors which contribute to a healthy life. People in some cultures do not eat a balanced diet, but use limited food sources. In addition, lack of stress could well be as important as diet.

One culture-related reason concerns environmental or climatic conditions. The Inuit, in the Arctic Circle, live in harsh surroundings and their major source of food for many months of the year is fish. Nutritionists in industrialized countries would not consider their diet balanced or even healthy, yet Inuit people have flourished in food from the sea for centuries. Another cultural reason is religion-based. Many Hindus are vegetarians because of their religion. Again, many dieticians claim that vegetarianism is unbalanced because humans need protein,

especially from animals. Hindus, however, seem to be quite healthy, suffering no ill effects from the lack of animal protein.

The major reason for disagreeing with the balanced diet argument, however, is to do with stress. Even though people in the past did not always have a balanced diet, something existing only on potatoes and bread, they lived healthy lives because there afflicts urban residents today. Secondly, there is a large percentage of contemporary people who do their jobs, then relax in front of the TV, and quite often eat junk food. But seem healthy enough. They may be spared disease by their relatively stress-free lives.

In conclusion, although it is undeniable that a balanced diet is of some importance to health, there are no doubt more factors that may get involved in affecting people's health.

快餐和传统食品不同

Discuss the differences between fast food and traditional food, such as nutrition, and recipe?

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写作示范

Living in a fast-paced society, the modern eaters are no longer interested in the contents of their food, but focused on whether a convenient meal is available at hand to devour. Statistics indicate that even housewives spend much shorter time at kitchen than their predecessors. This writing will compare and contrast advantages and disadvantages of fast food and traditional food.

Traditional food has its unshakable position in the human culture both in the social and historical context. Historically, chefs have gone to all lengths to experiment on novelties, invent cooking skills to gratify guests' hunger. Hence, traditional food has secured its incomparable value with a complex of tantalising features, including the variance, flavour, and taste. Its unique charms can nurture social relations as well. A family is accustomed to prepare a traditional feast to serve their guests at weekend or on holiday, such as Christmas.

Further, traditional food is favourably nutritious and balanced, compared with fast food. Dieticians have suggested audience through millions of televised courses that traditional food can retain more nutrition before being served on the table, for in general, they are cooked with a

temperate heat. By contrast, the fast food are made at such a high temperature that nutrition has inescapably vaporised during the cooking process. Meanwhile, cooks pay more attention to the balance of recipe when preparing traditional food, such as combing meat with vegetable.

Despite a range of advantages, traditional food is overshadowed by its fast competitor in terms of time. Traditional food can consume a considerable amount of time from choosing materials, to arranging your table for visual appeal. In contrast, fast food cannot be faster when making a five-minute trip to a store around the corner, or even dialling to a fast food company. Needless to say recently, a string of fast food companies have tried their hardest to enrich the menu.

To summarise, traditional food has an irreplaceable role in our life, backed with various merits. However, its prevalence is declining for people are more and more time conscious.

Overshadow=eclipse=obscure:使黯然失色 His performance has eclipsed his predecessor's success.

Go to all lengths:竭尽全力地做某件事情

By comparison=in contrast=by contrast: 对比来说,

Compared with A=in contrast to A:和 A 对比来说,

On the contrary=conversely: 相反

控制暴力

The government should control the amount of violence in films and on television in order to decrease the violent crimes in society. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this issue?

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写作示范

Whether the government should control the amount of violence in films and on television in order to decrease the violent crimes in society involves a conflict between our right of free speech and the duty of the government to protect its citizenry from potential harm. In my view, our societal interest in preventing the harm that exposure to violence produces takes precedence over the rights of individuals to broadcast this type of content.

First of all, I believe that exposure to violence does indeed cause similar behavior on the part of those who are exposed to it. Although we may not have conclusive scientific evidence of a

cause-effect relationship, ample anecdotal evidence establishes a significant correlation. Moreover, both common sense and our experiences with children inform us that people tend to mimic the behavior they are exposed to.

Secondly, I believe that violence is indeed harmful to a society. The harm it produces is, in my view, both palpable and profound. For the individual, it has a debasing impact on vital human relationships; for the society, it promotes a tendency toward antisocial behavior. Both outcomes, in turn, tear apart the social fabric that holds a society together.

Those who advocate unbridled individual expression might point out that the right of free speech is intrinsic to a democracy and necessary to its survival. Even so, this right is not absolute, nor is it the most critical element. In my assessment, the interests served by restricting violence in broadcast media are, on balance, more crucial to the survival of a society.

In sum, it is in our best interest as a society for the government to censor broadcast media for violence. Exposure to such media content tends to harm society and its citizenry in ways that are worth preventing, even in light of the resulting infringement of our right of free expression.

古迹应保留还是用现代建筑取代

Should a city try to preserve its old, historic buildings or destroy them and replace them with modern buildings? Use specific reasons and examples to support your opinion.

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写作示范

Historic buildings present the history, culture as well as citizens' lives of a city for generations. They are also good places attracting tourists all over the world. Furthermore, they play important roles in public spirit. Therefore, I think that a city should preserve its historic buildings.

First, historic buildings are useful for studies. For each period of time, there are its typical architectures. Historic buildings reflect those architectures and materials that our predecessors used in construction. By studying them, researchers could have an understanding of the evolution of not only construction but also society and culture. History as well as society develop continuously, the later generation bases on and inherits from the former and so on.

Hence, understanding about the progress of evolution helps us to know better about humanity. This knowledge can be helpful to improve our lives now and our children`s later.

Additionally, historic buildings bring advantages of tourism. Indeed, when visiting a place, tourists are always attracted by historic places such as museums, palaces, or buildings. They are fascinated in something different from their home country or different from daily modern life. By maintaining and preserving historic buildings, governments can attract many tourists to visit their city. Consequently, they can get much benefit from tourism. For example, in China, tourism brings in billions dollar benefit annually, and the government also invests a lot of money in developing tourism, especially in maintaining and caring for historic places. For many countries, tourism becomes the sharpest profession.

The last but not the least, historic buildings are spiritual places. People often go to historic places for ceremony or celebration. They come to these places to thank for what their ancestors did for them, and wish good things for them and their children. Nevertheless, people are usually proud of their well-known historic place. For instance, French are so proud of their Eiffel tower, Egypt is famous for its pyramid.

In conclusion, historic buildings are invaluable proofs for social and human development studies. They reflect the evolution of history, culture of an area. They are places of public spirit and bring people pride of their city. Furthermore, they are good places to attract tourists and develop tourism. Hence, it is a very good idea that a city should maintain and preserve its historic buildings.

病人态度和医院治疗哪个更有效

A number of different medical traditions are now widely known and used: Western medicine (using drugs and surgery), herbal medicine, acupuncture (using needles at certain points of the body), homoeopathy (using minute doses of poisons), and so on. How important is the patient's mental attitude towards his/her treatment in determining the effectiveness of the treatment?

提示

你可以按照下面的提纲写作:

Different medical traditions (a list of examples is given)

Patient's mental attitude: the way the patient feels about the treatment

Effectiveness of the treatment: how much better does it make the patient?

在写作之前, 请问自己以下的问题:

Do I think the patient's attitude is important?

What examples can I give where the patient's attitude was important, or irrelevant?

在文章中你必须:

Describe some of the different ways people feel about medical treatment (hopeful, hopeless, trusting, skeptical...).

Say if in your opinion the feelings affect the treatment or not.

Give examples to support your argument about why the treatments were effective or ineffective.

写作示范

A wide range of medical treatments is available today. Patients may wonder which will be the most effective, and whether their own mental attitude to the type of treatment might affect its success. This essay will consider the second of these questions. - Topic words used. Task of essay explained.

Many people visit their doctor or go to hospital with complete trust in the expert care offered by conventional services. However, some people do not get a satisfactory result. For example, the drugs they are prescribed may have unpleasant side-effects. Their initial positive attitude towards their treatment does them little good. - Idea in both paragraphs: that people may not get what they expect; with examples.

Similarly, those patients who trustfully choose alternative treatments over traditional medicine may find themselves disillusioned. Less rigorous qualification standards among alternative practitioners may mean that some healers give ineffective or damaging advice. The result, again, is that a patient who entered treatment with confidence leaves that treatment disillusioned.

On the other hand, patients may try a style of treatment with some skepticism. A person used to conventional medicines and drugs may be suspicious of treatments based on diet and lifestyle changes. Yet if they follow such programs, they may in fact notice improvements in their conditions, in spite of their skepticism. Equally, a patient opposed to conventional medicine may have an accident and be saved by the effective treatment of conventional emergency services. - Idea: that something you don't like can still help you.

In conclusion, it appears that the mental attitude of the patient is not the most significant factor in determining the outcome of the treatment. Patients who enter treatment confidently may leave disillusioned while those who begin treatment skeptical of the results may find themselves surprised with what they have gained. Patients should seek the advantages which each style of

care can offer. - Main argument of essay is stated.

Source: Prepare for IELTS, by Vanessa Todd & Penny Cameron, 1996, UTS, Australia. For non-profit educational use only.

谈一谈自行车的问题

Some people believe that the bicycle is best way to travel from one place to the other. Talk about the advantage and disadvantages of the bicycle.

探讨年轻人地位提高、老年人下降的原因

Over the past fifty years, young people began to gain status and power lost by old people. Is it a good or bad development? What are the causes?

Over some parts of the world, in the past fifty years, young people have gained status and power which lost by the older people. What are the causes? Is it a good or bad development?

Over the past 50 years, young people gain status and power but old people have lost. What is the cause and is it a good development or bad development?

The knowledge-based society witnessed great changes over the past decades. Many young people have taken the place of the old ones and gained political and financial power in the world. Bill Gates, the director of Microsoft, Tony Blair, Prime Minister of Britain and Bush, President of the USA give us vivid illustration. From my point of view, the trend is natural and inevitable. (63 words)

Young people are energetic and vigorous. Most of them have received formal education in university, where they acquired abundant knowledge and experience, which are quite essential to their future career. Compared with young people, old people's knowledge is outdated, which does not fit in with the development of the current society. Old people react more slowly than young people, who can always make quick judges and prompt decisions. Furthermore, young people are more open-minded than old people who have a tendency of conservation. Therefore, young people can adapt themselves to the changeable world more easily. (95 words)

Obviously, this trend brings about both advantages and disadvantages. On the one hand, young leaders and powers can inject vigor and new hopes to the world, which not only benefits the development of global economy, but also establishes multi-lateral relation between the countries in the world. On the other hand, young people still lack adequate experience and skills to deal with sophisticated national problems and international relations. As a result, many young leaders in the world are often criticized for lack of tactics by old people. Some young people are very radical when faced with trouble. They still have a lot of things to learn. (105 words)

Generally, old people should offer young guys opportunities to practice their abilities and talents. At the same time, young people should learn from old ones modestly and make themselves more admirable. (31 words) (294 words totally)

发信人: 孙肇春(Tony)

汽车的利弊

汽车的利弊, 以个人的知识和经验作答。

关于吸烟的问题

Although it is a freedom to use tobacco while some people think it should be made illegal as the same way as other drugs. To what extent do you agree or disagree? What's your opinion?

Ideas:

同意会比较好写,

- 1.通过数据来验证,这是很强有力的(数据可以自己编)
- 2.从医学角度,吸烟有害健康
- 3.吸烟可以传播很多都是被动吸烟者,谈谈被动吸烟的坏处

写作示范

Nowhere in the world has the issue of tobacco been so much debated as in our society. Nowadays, tobacco is more harmful than drug to people's health; therefore many people think that smoking is legal that is a direct and primary reason to induce this kind of problem. The above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that tobacco is a silent killer to smokers. Tobacco is known to be the probable cause of some 25 different diseases, and for some, such as lung cancer, bronchitis and emphysema, it is the main cause. According to a WHO report four million people die yearly from tobacco-related diseases, that is one death every eight seconds. Tobacco is significantly becoming a greater cause of death and disability than any other single cause.

Another reason is that more and more young people are under 18 years old who smoke cigarette have been blinded by the deceit of tobaccoconists. Tobacco among adolescents remains stubbornly persistent. Smoking among adolescents rose in the 1990s in several developed countries, such as China, Vietnam and Thailand. While new markets are being opened by the tobacco industry actions, old markets have not been closed. Tobacco is a global threat.

Last but not the least reason is the increase in cigarette smuggling. Because of tobacco smuggling, the legal retailing and distribution systems are badly affected, and faced with increased lawlessness and heavy tax losses. This behavior severely affects the economy.

In conclusion, the tobacco should be considered illegal. Perhaps a pack of cigarettes is less harmful than another drug, but tobacco is actually the biggest killer of all the drugs.

关于对年轻人不利的信息是否需要审查

Nowadays, people can get almost any information from films, books or the internet, but some information can have negative influences on young people and even our society. The following essay discusses whether there should be censorship of information in society or not.

写作示范

To begin with, some information is harmful to children, therefore we should protect children from some information. By this I mean, children are easily influenced and they cannot distinguish what is right or real and what is wrong or unreal, as they are immature, and they probably imitate what they have seen. As a consequence, we should protect children from

some information such as excessive violence or obscene material, so that they can grow up to be valuable members of society.

Another point to bear in mind is that some information which could be harmful to society should be censored. For example, some material that encourages racism, violence or terrorism threatens social security, and it might lead to some serious social problems, such as crimes. Therefore, the government should ban this kind of information in films, books or on the internet.

However, people do have the right to choose what they want to know, and they should be allowed access to most information. Furthermore, most adults are good people and will not be influenced in a negative way easily, thus they should have the freedom to decide what they want to know, and the government should not censor all information, as the government is only a group of people after all.

In conclusion, parents should strictly control what their children watch or read, and the government should censor such information in children's books, films or websites. In addition, the government should ban some information which encourages racism, violence and terrorism, as it is harmful to society. However, on the other hand, since it is people's right to choose what they want to know, the government should not censor most information.

讨论交通问题

In most part of the world, the volume of traffic is growing at an alarming rate. In the form of an assignment, discuss about the main traffic problems in your country, their causes and possible solutions.

禁烟的必要性问题

Is it necessary to forbid smoking? Give your reasons.

Some people claim that using tobacco has brought severe social problems and smoking should be banned. To what extent do you agree with the above statement?

写作示范 1

Introduction (56 words)

Since the discovery of tobacco related to a number of health problems, an increasing number of

people have called for prohibiting smoking. It is undeniable that still a considerable amount of smokers exist in this world. I would like to examine the advantages and disadvantages of smoking cigarettes as following and then offer my own opinion.

Body1 (95words)

There are some advantages to taking tobacco.(topic sentence) First, tobacco industry contributes a great proportion of revenue to the nation. Extremely high taxation imposed on tobacco yielding and cigarette manufacturing has released the financial burden for both the government and the individual taxpayer generation by generation. Second, the soothing effects of smoking has been confirmed by ordinary smokers; particularly those who have hard-brain-working jobs are in favor of it; they claim that smoking cigarettes can make them calm and stimulate brain cells to work more efficiently. Finally, cigarettes play an important role in social activities.

Body2 (106words)

On the other hand, smoking demonstrates numerous negative effects.(topic sentence) Initially, nicotine may bring takers a number of diseases. Second-hand smoking also does harm to your health. Moreover, hatred from non-smokers always grow against smokers hence some conflicts arise frequently. We then look at the statistics showing that thousands of fire accidents worldwide occur each year due to the litter of non-extinguished cigarette ends, not to mention the related deaths and losses. Last but not least, expenses have to be taken into consideration. Fine cigarettes are not cheap. If you get addicted to them, your daily amount of cigarette consumption will increase inevitably, emptying your pocket money.

Conclusion (88words)

After all, so far no direct evidence has been provided that smoking can definitely result in takers' death of lung cancer, and those fire accidents are the result of carelessness or irresponsibility of the smokers, not tobacco to be laid blames. Also, spending pocket money can never be considered as a financial burden. In addition, I suggest more restricted smoking areas be planned so as not to violate non-smokers' rights. After weighing the pros and cons of using tobacco, I, for one, am against the act to ban smoking.

写作示范 2

Nowhere in the world has the issue of tobacco been so much debated as in our society. Nowadays, tobacco is more harmful than drug to people's health, therefore many people think that smoking isn't banned that is a direct and primary reason to induce this kind of problem. The above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that tobacco is a silent killer to smokers. Tobacco is known to be the probable cause of some 25 different diseases, and for some, such as lung cancer, bronchitis and emphysema, it is the main cause. According to a WHO report four million people die yearly from tobacco-related diseases, that is one death every eight seconds. Tobacco is significantly becoming a greater cause of death and disability than any other single cause.

Another reason is that more and more young people are under 18 years old who smoke cigarette have been blinded by the deceit of tobaccoists. Tobacco among adolescents remains stubbornly persistent. Smoking among adolescents rose in the 1990s in several developed countries, such as China, Vietnam and Thailand. While new markets are being opened by the tobacco industry actions, old markets have not been closed. Tobacco is a global threat.

Last but not the least reason is the increase in cigarette smuggling. Because of tobacco smuggling, the legal retailing and distribution systems are badly affected, and faced with increased lawlessness and heavy tax losses. This behavior severely affects the economy.

In conclusion, smoking should be banned, because of the hazard it poses to people's health.

索要旅行保险

因为没能去旅游所以索要旅行保险。explain 类型

年轻人犯罪的问题

Recent statistics show that the crimes by the young people in the major cities of the world are on the increase. Give your analysis of the reasons and the solutions.

关于穿着的问题

Fashion is difficult to follow. Some people say fashion is just for selling clothes, so we should not follow it and we should dress what we like and feel comfortable in it. Agree or disagree?

现在人们穿着越来越紧跟时尚，但是有些人却不这样，他们认为应该按自己的喜好和舒适来选择服装。你的观点。如今很多人喜欢选择非常时尚的穿着打扮，但是，这种穿着打扮并不实用：人们是否应该选择一些更加 comfortable 的服装。

Arguments

1. A good appearance may help people make a better impression in social contacts.
2. When people are getting old, they should pay more attention to their appearance.
3. The way people are dressed helps them to preserve a sense of their own value and personality.
4. Fashion adds spice to life with its rich colour, variety, and beauty.
5. Men and women follow fashions in order to please each other and themselves.
6. The world will be a dull place to live in if people always wear clothes of the same style and colour.
7. Mass production makes well-designed clothes cheap, available to everyone.
8. The fashion industry is an enormous one. It provides employment for people like textile workers, designers, shopkeepers, etc.
9. The fashion industry has helped industrial research in the sense that a lot of new materials, like nylon, rayon, etc. have been made to meet the demand of the consumers.
10. Being well-dressed is of psychological importance because confidence in one's appearance leads to confidence in one's success in life.

Counter-arguments

1. People sometimes look odd with the so-called fashionable hair styles, make-up, and dresses.
2. Top designers in Paris and London are dictatorial, for they lay down the law and the whole world rushes to obey.
3. Fashion goes like this: one year, one thing; the next year, the reverse.
4. People are so vain that they are afraid of being seen in old-fashioned clothes.
5. People, especially the fashion-followers, are blackmailed by fashion-designers and stores.
6. Changing fashions is a deliberate creation of waste because one will have to discard a lot of new clothes in order to follow fashions.
7. Fashion designers are not interested in important things like warmth, comfort, and durability of the clothes. They are only interested in outward appearance and profits.
8. The odder the clothes, the more expensive they are, and the more fashionable they become. It's a great pity that people have lost their appreciation of real beauty.
9. In order to follow fashions, people have to put up with great discomfort, such as suffering from cold in winter.
10. One's confidence does not grow from the way one is dressed, but from the inner qualities one possesses.

Happiness

Happiness is considered important to people. Why are the definitions of happiness different?(大概是这样,意思就是问为什么幸福的定义如此不同和难下这个定义)

What is the factors in achieving happiness. Give some examples and relevant evidence.

Happiness

- 1)Happiness is important in life
- 2)Why it is difficult to define ?
- 3)What factors are important in achieving happiness?

不同工作的人应该有相同的假期吗

Do you think people do different jobs should have different time holiday? Are you agree or disagree. Give your reason and explain. 公司里做不同工作的人有不同的假期,是不是所有的雇员应该有同样的假期,不管他们做什么工作。你的观念,给出原因,举例子

人们的生活变的压力越来越大

It is said that people's life now is becoming more and more stressful. What are the causes and how to solve it?

写作示范

The acceleration of industrialization and the prosperity of economy benefit our society a great deal. But with the speeding up of economic development, people are facing more and more pressure from various aspects of their life. This essay will explore the causes for the heavy pressure and put forward some feasible solutions. (52 words)

One of the major causes is that people's living rhythm has been promoted immensely with the upgrading of neo-knowledge and hi-tech. To keep abreast with the society, people have to work intensively on the one hand and improve their knowledge on the other. The economic

globalization strengthened international cooperation and expand people's scope of activity. The fierce social competition deprives people of their spare time and makes their life more stressful. (71 words)

Another factor comes from the pressure of people's family. People in the current society have to shoulder the responsibility of family maintenance. On the one hand, people have to care for their parents, creating for them a happy and comfortable life. On the other hand, they have to give their children good education. To earn more money, people have to work very hard to finance their family. (67 words)

If people live in heavy pressure, they will have problems both physically and psychologically. To relieve the pressure, I think the following suggestions are feasible and practical. Firstly, people are suggested to go in for some sports games in their spare time or at the weekend. Sports can build up people's physique and make them vigorous. Secondly, people should communicate with others frequently and confess their trouble and difficulty to others, which is a very magic way to release one's pressure. Finally, people have to find a balance between money and health. Otherwise, one's health will be overdrawn and spoiled by money earning. (103 words)

In brief, good life should not be obtained at the price of the deterioration of one's health. People should improve their living pattern and lead a life of high quality. (30 words) (323 words totally)

老人生活在养老院好还是在家好

Should old man live with young people together, or should they live in the clubs for old men?

写作示范

With the development of society, we have stepped into an old-man world. Many countries and governments are much concerned about the situation confronting us, especially how old men can live a happy life. Under this circumstance, many old-man clubs bamboo up with the view to providing old men a better place to settle down. In my opinion, I think this is a good practice to solve old-man problem.

Firstly, many young people are quite busy now. They devote themselves wholly to their work and life, so that they cannot spare enough time to stay with their parents. Old-man clubs can offer bounteous food and entertainment facilities to the old people, rendering them a happy life there. In the old-man clubs, they can also make some new companions and friends and establish good relation with them.

Secondly, with the acceleration of people's living tempo, many young people are facing heavy pressure from the society, their work and families. If they live together with their parents, they will shoulder the responsibility to care for them and their pressure will become heavier and heavier. Old-man club relieves the heavy burden of them and makes them concentrate on their work fully.

Finally, old-man club can also give careful medical to the old people. If old men live with their family, they are not ensured to be sent to the hospital immediately after they get ill. In the old-man clubs, they can get good medical care and recover soon. However, everything has double folds. Sometimes, old people feel very lonely because they often think of their daughters, sons and grandchildren. They prefer family atmosphere.

To sum up, I think the appearance of old-man clubs is a good thing for old people. It provides the old people with a better environment. But old-man clubs are not a paradise definitely, which is a compromise to family intimation. (310 words totally) (July 2002 广州真题)

关于年轻女孩犯罪的问题,给出解决方案.

It is found by a survey that crime rate of young women is increasing. Please state out the possible reasons and solutions.

Young women crime has become more and more prevalent in recent years. What are the reasons for this and what can be done to combat it?

写作示范

发信人: *dumber*

Firstly, along with the steady improvement of women's social status, more and more females begin to work in the office rather than at home. This contact with the outside world may inevitably give rise to pressure and anxiety among them. As is well known, mental problems have far-ranging effects on people's behavior. In this case, some unbearable ones could possibly lead to unethical doing or even crime.

Secondly, crime is frequently connected to poverty. This is especially true for young women coming to big cities from the countryside or living at the bottom of society. In China – the country where I live, over the last twenty years, the gap of income between rich and poor has

greatly widened. Those young women who are suffering from poverty, few opportunities and perhaps little education, are more likely to be tempted into a life of crime as a shortcut to their dreams of leading decent lives.

Of course, it's impossible for us to turn back the clock. Women who are fresh out of high schools or colleges should learn by themselves to adapt to the social changes. Meanwhile, parents should spend more time communicating with their children, and give them helpful suggestions on how to deal with such psychological imbalance as peer pressure and pressure to succeed. On the other hand, the government has a lot more to do. The most important two, among others, are to narrow the gap between rich and poor, and to offer everyone a reasonable education, as is the pathway to greater opportunities in the future.

These are just a few reasons and suggestions on the subject of young women crime and how it may be tackled. There are many other areas of debate that an essay of this length cannot discuss.

The rate of young women crimes is rising in the current society. What are the causes and how to solve it?

写作示范

发信人: 孙肇春(Tony)

Juvenile delinquency is a very serious problem confronting us in modern society. At the same time, the rate of young women crimes spearheads very fast. Some sociologists and educationists show great concern about this problem. In this essay, I will find out the causes for this issue and explore some possible solutions.

First of all, the rapid development of society and the changes of people's value of the world account mainly for the issue. In the old days, women were confined to housework and baby-sitting, which barricaded women's steps. Now, with the eye-catching development of economy, many young women go out to find a job, which renders them more opportunities to contact the outside world. As a consequence, young women are apt to be influenced by the malfeasance in the society.

Secondly, the rise of criminal rate attributes to the lack of education of women. The prosperity and luxury in some metropolises are very attractive to some young women. Some of them leave the countryside in the hope that they can make a good fortune in the cities, where they often

find themselves disappointed for lack of good education or skills. Therefore, some of them fell despaired and embark on the criminal road.

The last factor is the over-description of violence on the media. TV is the most powerful medium, which transforms abundant information around the world. However, some programs are full of violence description, sexual alluring and bloody contents, which are easy to make young women astray.

In order to solve the problem, people think up various solutions. From my point of view, I think the following are worth mentioning.

On the one hand, the government should pay more attention to the problem and issue relevant laws to crack down young women crimes. Meanwhile, we should strengthen education and raise the quality of people, helping them set up a correct outlook of the world. Only when the government and the society join hands in solving the problem will the rate of young women crimes fall down. (334 words)

Older people has increased

Recently the proportion of older people has increased, do you think it will make positive or negative effect on society?

Some people believe that in order to give opportunities to new generations, companies should encourage high level employees who are older than 55 to retire. Do you agree or disagree? Why?

相关写作素材:

	advantages/strengths	disadvantages/weaknesses
young people	energetic and active creative bold, ready to take risks fast learning open-minded, ready to try new things equipped with the latest concept in business and management	inexperienced not practical sometimes having ambitious plans but not down-to-earth approaches not loyal, change work frequently

old people	experienced thoughtful insightful visionary knowledgeable well-established social network loyalty	physically not so fit stiff-minded traditional
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1. Old people should retire because they have worked hard for so many years and should take a rest. After retirement, they can live on their pension and can enjoy their retirement life traveling or taking care of their grandchildren.
2. Old people should retire because it helps to solve the unemployment problem of the society by allowing more young people to join the workforce.

Security measures

There are more and more security measures in many urban areas, do you think these measures outweigh the drawbacks?

住房紧缺

Housing shortage in big cities could cause severe consequences, but only government action can solve this problem. To what extent you agree or disagree?

7 分范文：住房问题解决之道

Nowadays people in urban areas are confronted with severe housing problems such as shortages of spaces and the inferior quality of buildings. These problems will no doubt lead to moral or economic crimes and increase the insecurity of citizens. As to whether only the government should take on the responsibilities to cope with the problems there arises a controversial discussion that draws the public's great concern.

Advocates hold the opinion that it is only the government's obligation to deal with housing problems. For one thing, only the government has the ability to call for experts in relative fields to get together and present their ideas on this issue. The government can also provide enough funds and equipment when necessary during the process of problem solving. For another, one of the government's unique functions is legislation. The government can standardize behaviors in constructing and purchasing so that the serious situation will be controlled to some extent.

Besides, it is generally believed that policies of housing made out by government are authorized and convincing. Therefore they are much easier to be implemented.

Opponents, however, argue that the government shouldn't be the only one to work out housing problems. To start with, government officers have to deal with problems in all aspects of the development of local area every day. If the government is required to concentrate on solving housing problems, its workload will be increased and many other problems cannot be solved effectively. Additionally, other professional institutions like real estate companies may have more professional and practical views on this issue. It is essential to make full use of their functions. Moreover, solving problems together will increase the awareness of social responsibility and sense of belonging among the citizens. Unity is an extremely important factor for the development of the whole society.

Personally, I side with the latter because a satisfied situation of housing is closely related to the benefits of individuals. Thus our joint effort is urgently needed.

两种援助手段

Nowadays some people like to give or provide help to local community and someone needs help directly. Another apart of people prefers to give money to the national or international organization. Discuss both of the two ways and show your opinion.

人类健康

People's basic health is so important that some people think medical services should not be run by profit-making companies.

Do the disadvantages outweigh the advantages?

女人领导社会

Throughout the history, male leaders always lead us to violence and conflict. If a society is governed by female leaders it will be more peaceful. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

Buildings

Modern buildings change the character and appearance of towns and cities. The government should insist that new buildings be built in traditional styles to protect cultural identity. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

退休后的生活

Some people say that it is the responsibility of individuals to save money for their own care after they retire. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

academic qualities and the life experiences

Nowadays, some employers think the academic qualities are more important than the life experiences and personal qualities when they choose the employees.

Why does this case take place?

Is this a negative or a positive development?

Throw-away society

是说在很多国家人们把只用了很短时间的东西丢弃，造成了一种'throw-away society'，问这种情况会导致什么后果和如何处理这种问题。

减少犯罪

Some people think the best way of reducing crime is to give longer prison sentences. Others, however, think there are other better ways to reduce crime. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

Most countries spend much money on education

Most countries spend much money on education, as they start to realize the importance of education. In your opinion, which two subjects do you think is more important and which one is less important. Please give your answers.

subjects: Literature Sports
 Mathematics Economy
 Physics History
 Music Geography
 Philosophy Foreign languages

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

healthy lifestyles

Some think the government should be responsible for ensuring people of the country have healthy lifestyles. Others think we should make our own living decisions. Discuss both opinions and give your opinion.

人口低龄化

Some countries have an ever-increasing proportion of population who are aged 15 and younger. What is your opinion of the current and future effects it may have in those countries?

工作就业

公司允许员工在家工作

2012.12.01

More and more companies are allowing employees to work at home. Do you think this is a positive or negative development?

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2) 写作思路：总体是个消极的发展</p> <p>A. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，在家上班不会成为主流的工作方式</p> <p>B. 有好处：1. 员工可以合理的分配自己的时间，这样容易兼顾家庭和朋友；2. 如果在上班，没有上级的监督监管，员工会感觉到更大的自由程度，不会那么容易遭受心里和身体上的问题。</p>
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	<p>C. 有坏处: 1. 员工之间面对面的交流基本上会减至为零, 对于公司的整体凝聚力非常不利, 很容易流失员工, 不利于企业的长远发展。</p> <p>D. 有坏处: 2. 如果公司的员工都在家上班, 不利于管理并且很多公司里面的机密文件档案将得不到很好的保护, 甚至公司已有市场会被窃取。</p> <p>E. 总结, 重申论点, 建议为了公司的长远利益, 在工作场所上班是最合理的方法。</p>
重点表达	<p>Make use of; more effectively and efficiently; without the supervision of managers; suffer greatly psychologically and physically; reduce the opportunity; face-to-face communication; a sense of identity, belonging and loyalty;</p>

如何解决工作与生活中的平衡关系

2012.03.08

Many people fail to achieve a balance between work and the other parts of life. What causes the situation? How to overcome this problem?

雇佣员工是否应该按照年龄来划分

2010.10.14

It is illegal for employers to reject someone applying for a job due to his or her age, to what extent do you think it is positive or negative?

短期工作让我们有更多时间做感兴趣的事情?

2009.12.3

Some people choose contemporary jobs for having more free time to do other things they are interested in. Do the advantages outweigh the disadvantages?

经理人应该具备的特质

2009.7.23

The chart below gives information about the qualifications that a manager should have in 1984, 1994 and 2004.

(interpersonal skill, interrelated work experience, in-service skill, business

certificate, non-business certificate)

男女工作问题

Most high level jobs are done by men. Should the government encourage a certain of these jobs to be reserved for women?

写作段落大意:

- 1、Introduction - short statement of opinion.
- 2、Body paragraph (1)(2) Different reasons to support opinion. (3) Statement of opposite point of view "balances" essay.
- 3、Conclusion - summarizes Body.

Model Answers:

Introduction / opinion

Most of the jobs in society that are high-paying, powerful, and demand a lot of responsibility are held by men. I do not believe this situation arose because women are incapable of doing high-level work. I believe society could benefit if more women were in positions of power and therefore I think the government should reserve a percentage of these jobs for females.

Why should government encourage a certain % of high level jobs for women?

Firstly, the problem of unfair employment distribution appears to come from social convention and not competence or true ability. At a young age most girls are not encouraged to pursue political office, business success, or professional prestige. On the other hand, boys are told to do these things. As a result, men hold the high level jobs but this does not mean they are very good at what they do. If the government set a quota for hiring women to do high level work, such as working in the government itself, then perhaps women would be more inspired to be ambitious in their life plans and contribute to a less-than perfect society.

Furthermore, regulations in the workplace for hiring women would not be a new thing. Although not written or made into law, there seems to be rules for who can and cannot have high-level jobs. For instance, if a man and a woman both competed for the presidency of a company or even the country, and both were equally qualified and had the same experience and background, there is little doubt who would get the job. Even more, if the man was less qualified and less experienced than the woman, the man would still probably get the job because of his sex. Therefore, to legislate a percentage of high level jobs for women would work to fight the

unwritten sexist rules of the workplace.

Other points of view: 3-different arguments against my opinion.

On the other hand, there are many arguments against the use of a quota system for women. It is true that the injustice and discrimination could be reversed. This is to say that some qualified men might be denied a job while some unqualified women would be given one. Also, the problem of sexism at work could be worsened instead of being overcome. People would doubt whether a woman with a high level job was "truly capable" --men might feel bitterness and resentment, while women might think less of themselves and begin to depend on government "charity" Furthermore, there is the problem of defining what is a high-level job and determining an appropriate percentage. (Final statement that supports my opinion again.)→ Nonetheless, a quota system would break down some barriers in the short-term. Sexism in the workplace will not just magically disappear.

Conclusion

To sum up, I have outlined some advantages and disadvantages of making quotas for the number of women in high level jobs. Despite some of the obvious problems I believe that men and women can and should share power, wealth, and prestige. It is a cause worthy of our efforts.

比较长期供职同一单位和频换工作的优缺点

Some people prefer to stay in the same job for the same company, but others prefer to change jobs frequently. You should use specific reasons to compare the advantages and disadvantages of both sides.

写作示范 1:

作者: 赖劲松

Introduction(20 words)

Nowadays very few people intend to go in for a life-time career. Still there are some advantages to doing so.

Body1(99 words)

Merits of always taking a position can be examined by three aspects.(topic sentences) First, if you stick at taking a post, all angles of the job will have appeared; after some time,you will

definitely have a good command of it. Consequently you may become a veteran of the field and earn respect or prestige from others. Second, you can establish an extensive social connections relating to the field, helping you tear down most of the barriers standing in the way of your working endeavor. Finally, mistakes of the routine tasks would be minimized because you have learned the lessons.

Body2 (111 words)

On the other hand, I would like to illustrate the advantages of experiencing different jobs. (topic sentence) Initially, we look at the issue of bribery. Many high-level staff are inclined to accept bribes via power in hand. However, if he knows that someone else will soon take his place, such acts can be avoided. We then look at work motivation.

If one works for the same company for a long time without promotion, he may get sick and tired of doing the same daily routine. Nonetheless, a manager should have qualities of a sense of teamwork and the capability of coordination. Therefore, to try various positions can help you gain ground to be promoted.

Conclusion (67 words)

In summary, staying in the same post can cultivate one to cut out for the job but involve one in a boring career while changing jobs frequently can be both advantageous by keeping bribery away and providing one with more opportunities of promotion and disadvantageous by making mistakes occasionally. In my opinion, people should seek a decent and good-paid job and pay little attention to changing it.

写作示范 2:

作者: 房挺

Some people prefer to stay in the same job for the same company, but others prefer to change jobs frequently. You should use specific reasons to compare the advantages and disadvantages of both sides.

Advantage of staying in the same job for the same company

Practice makes perfect. After working at a certain position long enough, a person will become very familiar with the work procedures and will be much more experienced, skillful and efficient than new comers in dealing with various tasks at this position.

Loyal employees are more likely to be promoted. If a person stays in a company longer than others, it usually means this person has made more contributions and is more loyal to the company and thus will have better chance of being promoted.

Staying in the same job increases a person's self-value. If someone keeps on learning the latest knowledge and skills at a certain position in a certain field, this person will eventually become an expert or a professional or at least a highly skillful worker in this field, earning much more than other fresh-hands.

Disadvantage of staying in the same job for the same company = advantage of changing jobs

Some companies are not worth a person's whole career life. There are some companies which lag far behind their competitors in a certain industry. They offer much less reward for their employees and they do not have a fair promotion system or a reasonable welfare system. Some can barely survive in today's competitive society. Therefore both in terms of remuneration as well as career prospect, working long for them is not wise.

It is not easy to find an ideal job the first time you look for it, especially for fresh university graduates. Sometimes it is only by trying several jobs can a person eventually know what he or she likes doing most or can do best. Sticking to the wrong type of work makes it impossible for a person to enjoy working.

Some work is so boring that if someone keeps doing it for too long, he or she will feel dull and will become less interested and careful in doing that work.

是否应该在大学前要工作或旅游一年

Some people believe that students who want to go to university after graduation from high school should have about one year's time to get a job to obtain work experience or have a travel to enlarge their vision. Do you agree or disagree? What is your opinion?

优势:

- 1,工作一年有利于积累工作经验,对社会的现实和竞争的残酷有初步的了解
- 2,能明确自己的奋斗目标,把握自己的人生方向,在步入学校后更会努力实现自己的梦想
- 3 体会生活的艰难,在工作中必然会遇到挫折和困难,锻炼自己解决问题的能力,磨练自己坚持不懈的品质
- 4 可以解决部分学费,减轻家庭负担
- 5 开阔视野,增长知识,了解各地风俗
- 6 学会独立生活

劣势

- 1,现有知识有限,所做的事情都是很简单的不需要太多知识的工作,没办法使自己提高知识层次

2. 社会复杂,很容易出危险,使家人为自己担心
3. 旅行费用太高,即使打工也不能解决全部问题
4. 浪费时间,应该在年轻时多学点东西同意
5. 知识的遗忘
6. 对国家经济的影响--下岗压力更大

写作示范 1 :

作者: 赖劲松

Some people believe that students who want to attend colleges or universities after graduation from high school should spend one year taking a job to gain work experience or traveling to enlarge their vision. You should use specific reasons to state the advantage and disadvantage of this practice.

Introduction (45 words)

It is reported that average families' expenditure on education is increasing. Yet how to educate children rightly always obsessively bothers us. A practice has been suggested that students should spend one year working or traveling to gain practical experiences before taking tertiary education.

There are some advantages to taking one year to work or travel after high-school education.

Supporting sentences: (85 words)

In general, high-school graduates are less than 20 years old without professional knowledge. When they take their places in society, only the low-paid or laborious job offers are available. After one year of hardships and humiliations, their desire for being equipped with specialized knowledge would inevitably grow greater, turning into powerful force to drive them on cherishing their further education. Next, travel can enlarge one's vision, and students can apply what they have seen or heard into their college curriculums/subjects, helping them better understand theoretical knowledge.

BODY2(topic sentence2 (16 words)

On the other hand, there are some disadvantages to working or traveling before going to university Supporting sentences(102words)

First, high-school graduates are too young to distinguish the good from the bad. It is common that Generation Young likes hanging out with friends; they move from one group to another and their friendships change over a period of a few weeks or months.

Therefore, in society the probability of getting involved with evildoers is pretty high. It is said that the young are easy to become illegal drugs takers if misleading guidance is conducted. Second,

to travel for one year is too expensive for people from all walks of life, not to mention that students' financial sources are chiefly from their parents.

(**additional point: Besides, one-year travel means you have to be on a move for a long period from one city to another, even from one nation to another. Eventually you may not be able to calm down to concentrate on your studies after the journey.**)

Conclusion 2 (62 words)

In conclusion, advantages of working or traveling for a long time before further education are obvious but not doable. In my opinion, to work at a very young age might result a hazardous social life and to travel for one year will increase financial burden to the family, hence to educate children in a row can mould them into sensible human resources.

写作示范 2 :

In this competitive society, employment experience and abundant information have become very important features of ordinary students' future. Nevertheless, it does not seem many holders of a high school diploma should apply for a job or travel before being enrolled in the university. The above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that students' study will be delayed and disadvantaged. The academic knowledge of students will not progress. In this special period of life, students have the best memory and intellect. If they do not work hard at study, they will lose it and that cannot be compensated by good salary or wide information. If they choose to straight away enroll at university, they would gain a better future.

Another reason is that knowledge of students is not enough to keep them cope with work requirements. Many holders of a high school diploma are taught that the subjects are too academic. They are not trained for professional technology in practice, so they find it difficult to get opportunities of employment. Only limited and ordinary opportunities of work are provided to students, it is just a dream that means they could not obtain plenty of work experience.

Last but not the least reason is the students whose mental capacity is not sufficient to understand complex interpersonal relationships. Holders of a high school diploma are so young that they are not good at interpersonal communicating skills. In addition, the adult world is too dangerous and unreadable to students who don't have strong ability of analysis.

In conclusion, the students ought to keep on studying in university after they finish their courses in high school, and attending to study is definitely right in school. It is my firmly held view that

students should not give up study just for the experience of employment and abundant information.

公司员工是否应该经常轮换岗位

一些公司认为员工应该经常轮换工作岗位，一些公司认为该让员工一直做他自己的工作，你认同哪一个？

关于 55 岁是否退休的问题

Some people believe that in order to give opportunities to new generation companies should encourage high level employees who are older than 55 to retire. Do you agree or disagree? Why?

写作示范:

发帖: how2do 无忧雅思网原创作品，转载请注明作者和出处！

提纲:

P1: 目前成功人士越来越年轻, *successful individuals become younger and younger*, 很多公司将年轻血液注入高层 (*raise young bloods into high positions*)。争论是否年老的高层人员 (*senior staff*)，特别是 55 岁以上的人让位给年轻人 (*give their places to youth*) 由此而生。个人认为，职员长于 55 岁者应该被鼓励退休 *for the following reasons*.

P2: 这种做法可以给公司带来生机 (*vital force*) 与活力 (*energy*)。年轻人拥有自己的 *superiority*: 创造性的观点 (*creative ideas*), 对管理和技术的新鲜思想 (*fresh mind in management and technology*), 无穷尽的工作精力 (*endless energy in their work*)。年轻的高层人员会给企业带来新鲜的血液 (*be infused with lots of young blood*);

P3: 年长者的推出有助于缓解日益紧张的就业环境。伴随着科技的飞速发展, *fewer people are required during production process*。As the result, new graduate 得到工作非常困难, 老年人退休会给他们更多的机会 *earn their own lives*.

P3: 这对老年人安享晚年有好处 (*enjoy their later years*)。超过了 55 岁的人往往工作超过了 30 年, 已经对社会做出了足够的贡献, 他们有权在辛苦的工作中退下来享受晚年的悠闲生活。另外, 他们的健康状况开始衰退, 他们更需要休息而不是工作挣钱。

P4: 总之, 老一代应该退休, 可以 *ease* 减轻社会的压力和提高社会的进步, 社会的进步需要年轻人。

Companies should encourage old employees (55 years old) to retire, in order to give opportunities to the new generation. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Nowadays, plenty of old employees who are more than 55 years old must retire because of company policy; therefore, many people think that the development of a company cannot be separated from the number of young employees. The above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that plenty of young employees mean that the company is infused with lots of young blood. With the development of technology, more and more new technological products have been developed. The new generation masters advanced technology and has the energy to exploit. They have learned lots of knowledge in university; therefore it is definitely useful for the development of companies.

Another reason is that old employees cannot adapt themselves to the rapid pace. Old employees find it difficult to rapidly learn new things. With their limited physical strength, they are not capable of heavy manual work. So old employees are not a patch on young employees, it means not only intellect but also physical strength.

Last but not the least reason is old employees have already worked for more than half their lifetime, so they should retire to enjoy life. The old employees have already paid out too much in order to look after their family and career. So they should pursue their hobbies.

In conclusion, old employees shouldn't continue working for themselves. Moreover, advancement of society needs a new generation.

如何看待 20 岁下的青年辍学工作

现在有很多二十岁以下的青年去上学或工作,你怎么看待这种 sudden independence,同意不同意?

Some people think that studying in a college or university is the best way for students to prepare for their future career. But others think they should leave school as soon as possible to develop their career through work experience. Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

年轻人怎样选择自己的职业

青年如何选择自己得职业,应该听谁的意见,从哪里寻找信息?谈谈你的看法、
How to decide future career? What is the important one?

Whose opinion and what kind of information do you think important? Give reasons and examples.

去国外工作

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of studying abroad/working abroad for a period of time

写作示范

作者：孙肇春

随着社会的快速发展，人类已经进入了信息爆炸的时代。为了获得更多的知识，越来越多的人选择出国留学。出国留学给学生带来了诸多的好处，能够扩展学生的知识和视野，同时也可以培养一个人的独立性。

首先，学生可以在国外学到先进的知识和经验。改革开放以来，中国同世界上很多国家加强了技术合作，我国的科学技术水平得到了很快的发展。然而，跟世界上的发达国家相比，仍然存在着很大的差距。出国留学为学生提供了继续学习的机会，学生可以在国外学到先进的知识和管理经验，从而提高我们国家的科学技术水平。

其次，学生可以在国外锻炼独立生活的能力，培养学生的性格。学生在国外学习需要独立处理很多问题。他们要学会如何适应新的环境，如何与老师和同学相处。在这个过程中，他们可以获得人际关系的技巧。

最后，出国留学还可以为学生提供一个良好的语言环境，使学生掌握一门外语。外语是一个沟通的工具，它可以消除语言障碍，使国际间的交流更加容易。

然而，“每一枚硬币都有两面”，出国留学也带来一些负面影响。首先，学生面临很多心理问题。在新环境中，他们经常感到孤独、无助。其次，出国留学的费用昂贵，这对于普通家庭来说是一个很大的经济负担。

总的来说，出国留学的好处远远大于坏处。我们鼓励大学生出国留学。当他们完成国外大学的课程之后，可以为我们的建设做出更大的贡献。

With the rapid development of society, we have entered an era of information explosion. In order to acquire more knowledge, more and more people decide to further their study abroad. Studying abroad brings about many advantages. It widens students' knowledge and horizons, and meanwhile cultivates their independence and personalities.

Firstly, students can learn advanced knowledge and experience abroad. Since the reform and the policy of opening to the outside world, China has strengthened cooperation with many countries. As a result, the scientific and technological level has been improved very rapidly. However, compared with the developed countries in the world, we still have a very long way to go. Studying abroad provides opportunities to students, who can learn advanced knowledge and management experience, so as to enhance the scientific level in our country.

Secondly, studying abroad can cultivate students' ability to live independently and their characters. Students have to deal with many problems when they study abroad. They have to learn how to be accustomed to a new environment and how to get along with the teachers and classmates. During their study, they can acquire some interpersonal skills.

Finally, studying abroad can provide a good language environment to students and make it easy to pick up a language. Foreign language is a tool employed to communicate with each other. It can remove language barrier and make international cooperation much easier.

However, "Every coin has its two sides". Studying abroad also brings about many disadvantages. Firstly, students will be confronted with so many psychological problems. They often feel lonely and helpless in a new environment. Furthermore, the tuition is very high, which is a very heavy financial burden to the average people.

To sum up, the advantages of studying abroad outweigh the disadvantages greatly. We encourage students study abroad. When they accomplish their curriculum, they can make more contributions to the construction of our society. (313 words)

职业体育的收入过高

Is it fair that sports professionals earn a great deal more money than people in other important professions. Give both sides reasons of the argument and give your opinion.

Should athletes have a high salary?

写作示范 1;

作者: 孙肇春

The 27th World Football Cup has concluded. People around the world enjoy great fun from the

excellent performance of the football players. But meanwhile, a new issue arises. Should athletes have a high salary? From my point of view, I think they should get a good pay.

Firstly, the development of athletic level represents for the power of a country. Athletes make great contributions to the society and earn great glories to their country. When our national anthem is played in the stadium, we feel very proud of our country's strength. Therefore, a high salary is a reward to the efforts athletes make.

Secondly, athletes devote themselves fully to the training and exercises. Every day, they do a lot of exercises with a view to setting new record in the sports games. Athletes are apt to be hurt in the matches, because some sports games are dangerous, for example, football, boxing and wushu. High pay guarantees prompt and good medical care if they get hurt.

Thirdly, the athletic career is very short. Many athletes retire when they are still quite young. High salary can ensure that they can have a better life after they retire. If they want a further study, they will have no financial burdens.

However, we have also noticed that some athletes cheat the referees and spectators in order to get money. Some of them even bribe the judges and referees. The government must take some measures to prohibit this kind of corruption.

To sum up, it is reasonable for athletes to get high salary, because they are worth of it.
(265 words totally)

写作示范 2;

Salaries should reflect people's dedication and job responsibilities. However, sports figures, who don't benefit the community in general, earn millions of dollars each. In my opinion this is wrong. Things should be done to change this situation.

If we take the example of a sport star such as Tyson, it is hard for us to say in what way he benefits the society. In fact, his disobeying game rules set a bad example for young people, and his abandoned behavior encourages people to experiment with sex and violence. Besides, his job does not require special skills or years of training and education. Although he can entertain and excite audience, I do not think he is justified to receive so much money and his job can be considered essential.

On the other hand, most people in 'ordinary' professions like nurses, doctors and teachers earn

only a small fraction of the income of these "stars". However, if we give a careful look at these professions, we will find that they not only require special skills and years of education but also help the people and the whole society. For instance, teachers disseminate knowledge to the society; doctors and nurses give patients good medical care and prolong their life. They are much more useful, and actually more essential to society than sports personalities. Without these 'ordinary' professions, our society would stop progressing. Their salaries should relate to skill, education or the value of the individual to society.

Things should be done to make salaries fairer. Huge amounts of money shall be given to more deserving people. It seems that the only solution is to impose heavy taxes upon people who earn excessively high salaries. (281 words)

长期的离家工作

Today some person has to work away from his family. What are the advantages and disadvantages? Give your opinion and some examples of your experience.

现代经济依赖妇女出去工作

More and more women go out to work. It is responsibility of government to provide staff and facilities for children of working mother, free of charge. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

写作示范 1:

发信人: *bee513(我是一只烤猪)* 作者 11.9 就考这篇, 得 7 分

After a long, bitter struggle, women now enjoy the same educational opportunities as men in most parts of the world. More and more educated women go out to work after graduation. The achievement they have made in almost every field is spectacular. But no matter which kind of occupation they go into or how hard those works are most of them at the same time are engaged with another laborious work, that is, bearing and rearing children. All of these things could have put men to shame who cling to their supremacy and always moan about the work pressure. However they are quietly sitting back and letting it happen.

It is about time the government done something about it. Many sociologists present their views on this issue and give a lot of practical advice. The most practical one among them, from my point of view, is to provide staff and facilities for children of working mother by government, free of charge.

There are at least two obvious advantages of this policy. First of all, it will disengage women from the time consuming work of rearing and educating children and give them a chance to enjoy life equally as men do. Just take a look at the wrinkles on the faces of your mother and wife and hoary hair as well. They could have been more beautiful and stylish but for years of hard work as a mother of three or four.

Secondly, it's better for children to be brought up in group instead of individually. For instance, those children brought up in group will be excellent in social activities and are naturally good at getting along with others. In addition, the professional staff who have years of nursing education can take better care of the children by contract with their young parents lack of experience.

To sum up, this is surely a long-sighted policy. Not only women but also children are its beneficiaries. And perhaps the great contribution of it is the spirit of equality between sexes we encourage.

(320 words)

写作示范 2:

作者: 孙肇春

The rapid development of economy and society results in the significant improvement of women's social status. More and more women, confined to baby-sitting and chores previously, have stepped out of their family and become career women. But in the meantime, career women are confronted with considerable nuisances, one of which is baby caring. (53 words)

Women's participation in the employment contributes a great deal to the society. Thanks to women's patience, warmth and carefulness, most women are employed as secretaries, nurses, consultants and baby sitters. But due to the pressure from work and family, they cannot concentrate themselves fully on their work. Some countries and governments adopted some active measures to resolve the contradiction, such as the policy of feasible working time, which renders women some freedom. However, this is not a radical solution. (79 words)

From my point of view, the government should subsidize women in baby caring and provide charge-free facilities and working staff to relieve women of their pressure. On the one hand, women can focus themselves on their work and study, with no distraction from their family and children. In return, factories and companies can benefit a lot from the practice of subsidiary, which exempts them from the losses caused by female absentees. On the other hand, children enjoy the right of education. Many countries give priority to children's education, providing children with free elementary schooling, which not only popularizes knowledge, but also

cultivates skilled talent for the society. Besides, the United Nations have issued relevant laws and regulations with a view to protecting children's educational right. (125 words)

To sum up, a government should spare no efforts to relieve women of their burden and shoulder the responsibility of children's education, which is not only a government's obligation, but also people's appeal. (33 words) (290 words)

不同的工作和假期

People doing different kinds of work enjoy different amount of holiday time. Should people have the same amount of leisure time? Give your opinion using some of your own experience.

Some people say that people should have different amount of holiday according to their job. To what extent do you agree or disagree to this opinion?

写作示范 2 :

作者: 孙肇春

The development of industrialization and the amazing improvement of working efficiency render people more chances to enjoy holidays in the current society. Suppose you are making a trip to a place totally strange to you, the first thing you do is to find yourself accommodation and lodging. But you will feel disappointed the moment you arrive with the situation that all the hotels, restaurants, stores and even banks are closed because of an important holiday, such as Christmas day or Thanksgiving. At this moment, you are in the same boat as Robinson Crusoe, who was abandoned on a lonely island without any help or hope. (107 words)

To erase the embarrassment, some corporations and governments work out some flexible and feasible holiday policies, providing people with convenience. Shifting is often adopted by factories and manufacturers because it guarantees timely fulfillment of production targets and orders on the one hand and gives employees sufficient time for relaxation on the other. If needed, employees have to work overtime, with a bonus as a compensation for the holiday they missed. (70 words)

For banks and other public services, things are quite different. Holidays are prime time for supermarkets, department stores, restaurants and retailers. Some people like holding parties or having feasts with their friends at weekend, and other people prefer to go shopping in department stores, which will take great profits to merchandisers. With large amounts of cash

flow, banks must keep open from Monday to Sunday. (65 words)

Teachers enjoy very long holidays during an academy year because they can prepare their lectures and lessons for the new semester and relax themselves in the holiday. Long holidays are not only beneficial to teachers' health but also to the students. (41 words)

Considering the different characteristics of people's employments, I think that different people should have different amounts of holidays. At the first sight, this idea sounds unfair. But on second thoughts, it is reasonable and understandable. (37 words) (319 words totally)

年轻人失业问题

What problems do you think youth unemployment causes for individuals and the society? What measures should be taken to reduce the level of unemployment among youngsters?

工作满意度情况

As most people spend a major part of their adult life on work, job satisfaction is an important element of individual well-being. What are the factors that contribute to job satisfaction? How realistic is the expectation of job satisfaction for all workers?

换工作

The world of work is changing rapidly. Working conditions today are not the same as before and people no longer rely on taking one job for life. Discuss the possible causes for these changes and give your suggestions on how people should prepare for work in the future.

pupils should be offered education in primary school

In countries where there is a high rate of unemployment, most pupils should be offered only primary education. There is no point in offering secondary education to those who have no hope of finding a job. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

文化/传统发展类

历史和文化意义的博物馆

2012.12.15

We live in cities or towns which have museums displaying objects of artistic, historic and cultural value, but people do not visit them. What do you think people do not visit museums in their local areas? What is the importance of museums to the society?

写作指导	<p>第一段：阐述主题</p> <p>第二段：中心句——造成这种情况的原因是多方面的：</p> <p>分论点：1、人们对本地的文化已经熟悉；</p> <p>2、缺乏政府的引导和宣传；</p> <p>3、没有认识到传统文化的意义和价值。</p> <p>第三段：中心句——对于社会的意义</p> <p>分论点：1、对于 young generation 的教育意义；</p> <p>2、当地文化的保护和传播；</p> <p>3、考古和科研价值。</p> <p>第四段：总结——通过多种途径鼓励人们去当地的博物馆，这样对于城市的发展和传统文化的保护有着重要的意义。</p>
重点表达	<p>Traditional culture and customs; cultural exchange; the transformation of educational system; industrial development; the preservation of traditional culture</p>

写信

With the increasing use of mobile phone and computer, the number of people who write letter has decreased. As a result, letter writing will disappear soon. Do you agree or disagree? How do you think letter writing is important?

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2) 写作思路：</p>
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	<p>A. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，写信不会完全被现代交流方式取代</p> <p>B. 理由一（电话和电脑让沟通变得更加高效和便利）</p> <p>C. 理由二（方便携带，适应时代发展）</p> <p>D. 写信的重要性（1. 信件可以被保存，是永久的回忆；2. 现代科技的交流也需要以书写为基础）</p> <p>E. 总结，重申论点，建议</p>
重点表达	Communication, efficiency, traditional tools, modern communication tools, irreplaceable, popularity

一个国家由来自不同文化和种族的人组成

We have a mixture of people from different culture and ethnic groups in a country. Why? Is this a positive or negative development?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2) 两种思路：</p> <p>1. 正面</p> <p>a. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，这是一个积极的发展趋势</p> <p>b. 人口文化与族群多元化的原因（城市化和移民）</p> <p>c. 这是一个积极的发展趋势（有利于经济发展，带来文化多样性，增进相互理解与交流）</p> <p>d. 总结，重申论点</p> <p>2. 反面</p> <p>a. 开场交代论题，交代自己观点，这是一个消极的发展趋势</p> <p>b. 人口文化与族群多元化的原因（城市化和移民）</p> <p>c. 这是一个消极的发展趋势（不利于社会稳定，犯罪率上升）</p> <p>d. 总结全文，重申观点</p>
重点表达	Urbanization, immigration, social stability, crime rate, be detrimental to, play a vital role in, mutual understanding, cultural diversity

关于对记者的信任

We can get knowledge from news, but many people believe we should not trust journalists. What do you think? What qualities should good journalists have?

Sports star

Andre Agassi	阿加西
Anna Kournikova	库尔尼科娃
Juan Ferrero	费雷罗
Maria Sharapova	莎拉波娃
Sampras	桑普拉斯
Michael Jordan	迈克尔·乔丹
Mike Tyson	迈克·泰森
Ronaldo	罗纳尔多
David Beckham	大卫·贝克汉姆
Diego Maradona	马拉多纳

传统对国家的文明至关重要和政府艺术的资助

Some people think that strong tradition can civilize a country and the government should subsidize musicians, artists, actors and drama companies. Do you agree or disagree with the opinion? What should the government do?

写作示范 1:

发信人: sadrainbow(抱风狂追)

我觉得赞成比不赞成要好写，因为理由多，而且顺理成章

题目分析:

首先，题干部分包括两点：传统对国家的文明至关重要和政府艺术的资助，所以个人认为在文章中这两方面都应该提及，而不能只谈论一方面。

另外，此题可以被视为混合题型，因为它问你两方面，一个是 AGREE OR DISAGREE，还要你对此提出建议。

因此个人认为做此作文，格式不能拘泥，灵活最重要其次是回答的逻辑性。

推荐格式是：

第一段：复述题干（注意句型和词语的多变）——阐明立场——政府应采取多样措施（注意，只是概述而不是详谈）

第二段：理由一。——实例（可以是瞎编，反正考官不会去社会调查）——基于此理由政府应采取的措施。

第三段：理由二。（同上）

第三段：理由三。（同上并注意段落越往后，所提出的例子和发法应该相应增加，因为英语习惯把最重要的放到最后写）

第四段：不同的观点提及一下

第四点：概述你赞成/或不赞成的观点——把政府的措施概括性的列举一下——结尾。

个人观点一览：

（赞成）

理由 1：优良的传统和艺术，能提高人们的知识水平和文明程度。

理由 2：通过传统的教育和挖掘并发展国内的艺术，能够使本国的人民认识到自己国家的文明，使得人民更加热爱自己的祖国，为祖国优秀的历史和多姿多彩的艺术而自豪。

理由 3：传统和艺术是没有国界的，通过各国之间的艺术和传统的交流，能让国家的传统和艺术走向世界，起到丰富自己和宣传自己的重要（这个时候你大可以谈一谈中国申奥和世博会）

政府措施：

基于理由一：

1，政府应该大力资助艺术家，音乐家等，给他们良好的创作空间。

基于理由二：

1，政府应该多建设博物馆多半展览会特别是历史和艺术博物馆，让人们参观

2，鼓励艺术家们创作爱国主义题材的作品，并努力挖掘国内过去和现在优秀的业已存在的优秀传统

基于理由三：

1，政府应该多参加国际性的艺术博览会

2，政府还应该要求国外优秀的表演团体，艺术家音乐等来本国

3，政府当然还要努力把本国的艺术家和他们的作品发表到世界上去

Topic: Traditional arts civilized a nation. Do you think the government should subsidize musicians, artists, or drama companies? What should government do?

写作示范 2:

发信人: lindababy(小乐)

Nowadays there is a growing tendency that some traditional arts are disappearing far away from modern society. Some people think the government should subsidize musicians, artists, actors or theatrical companies. From my point of view, the government has the responsibility to

protect traditional arts, but there might be better ways than only give money to traditional artists.

It is obvious that traditional arts are the essential part of national cultural. A study of traditional arts might be a good way to learn about cultural and it can civilized a nation. It reflects not only the political values of people, but also their religious beliefs, emotions and daily activities. China have a long history and various kinds of traditional arts, such as painting, calligraphy, architecture and Beijing opera, which offer a chances to people to enjoy civilized pleasure. However, traditional arts are leaving contemporary people further and further away, which due to many reasons. Such as lack funds and professional guide, the impact from western cultures.

How should government do to maintain and develop traditional arts? Firstly, the government should pay a fund for research and promotion of traditional arts. Secondly, the traditional arts can be taught in the school as alternative courses, which can cultivate a child's interest in traditional arts. Last ,but not least, the government should sponsor the concerts and exhibitions about traditional arts as frequently as possible, which can give people more opportunities to get touch with traditional arts. Not all of us can be artists, but most of us can appreciate it, and the traditional arts can be developed if more people appreciate it.

To sum up, traditional arts play an important role in our nation's cultural and our society. It should be protected and developed by government in various ways.

写作示范 3:

发信人: bee513(我是一只烤猪)

Traditional arts, as essential heritage of a nature, keep pace with our ancestors and us in a friendly way by contrast with bloody and brutal events which abound in the historical museum. They in existence for centuries have been offering generations chances to enjoy civilized pleasures. However, from my point of view, it doesn't mean that we should blindly accept and maintain all traditional views of arts of our elders or even protect them with sedulous care.

Some arts that the older generation remember vividly and enjoy are nothing more than past history. Only those which have truly aesthetic value and have moved us to tears can survive until now. we are lucky because they are in number by far. But it is supposed to be a trend that some of them are disappearing far away from the modern society. So some people who are over anxious about it are appealing to our government to give subsidies to the musicians, artists, actors and theatrical companies. On my opinion, we needn't do so because anything in value can be completely protected by its own value. Just think about Mozart and his great symphonies and operas which are performed by hundreds of orchestra everyday around the

world. Just take a look at Van Gogh's works, each of which are sold in price of millions of dollars at auction. Not to mention numerous contemporary respectable artists.

Furthermore, governmental subsidy is not a guarantee of a masterpiece. Carried to an extreme, those subsidies may have a bad effect on their beneficiaries. It is difficult to draw a line between necessary support and mollycoddling. And the latter is a ruin of a genius. It may be better to let it go as it should be.

If our government really wants to do something, Great efforts should be made to introduce those great traditional arts to the children. For instance, the government should sponsor the concerts and exhibitions about traditional arts as frequently as possible. Everyone will surely enjoy the arts of high quality no matter how old they are if he was offered a chance to have contract with them.

(380 words)

写作示范 4:

作者: 孙肇春

Traditional arts, as valuable cultural relics of a nation, are disappearing far away from the modern society. China, as one of the highly-civilized countries in the world, abound in various forms of traditional arts, such as painting, calligraphy, music, architecture and dramas, which are not only our national cultural treasures, but also a rich fortune of the world. (58 words)

As essence of a local culture, traditional arts reflect a nation's artistic talents and traditions. For example, water-color painting depicts a harmony between people and nature. Architecture illustrates a nation's aesthetic value and religious belief. Cathedrals, highlighted by Gothic style in the Medieval, represent Christianity. Pagodas, totally different from cathedrals stylistically, are a symbol of Buddhism. Peking Opera describes the history of our country. (65 words)

However, traditional arts are leaving contemporary people further and further away, one of the main reasons for which is that the authorities concerned and some institutes lack funds and professionals, which are quite essential to the research and promotion of traditional culture. Another radical reason should be attributed to the impact of western cultures on traditions. Young people, especially youngsters, are addicted to western music like rock and roll, without any knowledge about traditional musical instruments. With the economic globalization, traditional culture and arts will be in the danger of assimilation. How to maintain and develop traditional arts becomes the biggest concern of a government. (105 words)

Firstly, the government should lay a fund for the research and promotion of traditional arts.

Secondly, the research institutes and universities should work out a long-term developing scheme, organizing systematic research on traditional arts. Arts belong to a nation and the whole world as well. The prosperity of traditional arts will diversify the culture of the world. (57 words)

(285 words totally)

Notes:

- 1, cathedral 大教堂
- 2, pagoda (尤指佛教) 塔
- 3, Christianity 基督教
- 4, Buddhism 佛教
- 5, Gothic 哥特式 (中世纪盛行于欧洲的一种艺术形式)

人们在外貌方面的花销很多

Do you agree or disagree that people spend much more money and time on their appearance and how they look like than people did in the past. Give reasons and use examples with your experience.

传统和本土语言丧失的原因是什么

What is the reason for losing a variety of language and culture?

写作示范:

发帖: [how2do](#) 无忧雅思网原创作品, 转载请注明作者和出处!

提纲:

P1: 最近的研究表明在一些地区, 特别是发展中国家, 传统语言和文化正在消失, 引起人们的兴趣, 本文将提出一些原因:

P2: 传统的退化是伴随全球化不可避免的趋势。举例: 全球化经济的迅速扩张使文化历史背景的人的交流成为困难, 需要相互学习、模仿。It can be well demonstrated that more than half number of publications were written in English, as well as most international formal documents.

P3: 改革开放政策 (policies of opening and reforming) 也是导致传统退化的原因。例子: 中国鼓励外国人建厂、run business, 在先进技术进入国内的同时也带来了 alien culture and language. 当我们吃 hamburger, 听 my heart will go on, 我们的传统正在不知不觉地弱化 (fade unconsciously)

P3: 自我忽视 (self-neglect) 也是这一现象的原因。为了在世界上生存, 弱小的国家必须学习

发达国家一些人，特别是年轻人将外语和习俗作为一种时髦（tidal current）他们自身的传统被忽略了。例子：一点也不惊奇，很多中国年轻人会唱很多美国流行歌曲(American popular songs)，却不会唱京剧（Beijing Opera）

P4: 总之，在社会的发展与进步中，有很多原因导致了传统和本土语言领域的缩小（shrink the domain of tradition）。个人认为，面对这种改变，我们应该取其精华，去其糟粕（absorb the essence and discard the dross in your traditional heritage）

Nowadays, international communication has become more and more important, people prefer to communicate in languages, such as English, Arabic and Chinese. But many of the world's languages and culture are dying out. In this essay we will examine the problem of languages and culture dying and the solutions, such as writing books and increasing language population levels.

Firstly, as the technology improves, people around the world are relying more and more on electronic devices to communicate with each other. While this trend is helping the major culture, it is having a harmful effect on the minor culture that could be swallowed up by the major culture.

Secondly, some of the world's languages are not being learned widely by children or used in daily commerce. In some boarding schools, children were punished for speaking their parent's language.

Despite the desires of language and culture activists, the outlook is somewhat grim. People already realize this problem exists and are trying to solve it.

For one solution, people can record the culture and languages on books or tapes, making sure our descendants can learn or use them in the future.

The second solution is increasing the language population levels. Governments can make some policies, like encouragement for people to learn and teach the languages facing extinction, no matter whether the language is used in daily commerce or not. By trying to keep them alive, at least they have a future as second languages.

The important thing is to learn the elder's tongue and culture before it's too late. Otherwise we will lose them.

博物馆这样的地方有什么意义和目的

What are the purposes of the places like museums, and how should they be funded?

写作示范 1 :

本文为赖老师特供无忧雅思网作品

Introduction (44 words)

It is well known that a museum is a building to display a collection of artistic, historical, cultural or military objects. Undoubtedly museums can have a variety of purposes in the city; I think two roles the museums play can illustrate they are worth visiting.

Body1 (89 words)

Visiting museums is informative. (topic sentence) Once I visited a military museum in Beijing, China, soon I learned that an ancient warrior might have outfought his enemies in combat if he had had great strength while a modern soldier should be armed with sophisticated weapons. Therefore present soldiers should spend far much time on studying modern technology instead of building up muscles. Likewise, If you visit other museums, you will have a better perception on a certain field, because you can witness some genuine objects which cannot be seen on books.

Body2 (65words)

In addition, a museum can function to cultivate one's sense of patriotism.(topic sentence) In china, schools often organize trips to some historical museums. When the students learn that many years ago, a number of countries invaded China robbing treasure and killing Chinese civilians, promptly they will establish a strong sense to defend the nation, revealing that only a strong motherland can give them pride and safety.

Body3 (74words)

Now we talk about how to fund a museum. A museum can never be considered as a financial burden to society. I suggest that the Government should invest a small amount of money on advertisements for the museums in the city. For example, ads of the museums should be forwarded on the travel brochures or maps of the city. Consequently tourists come and admission tickets are collected. Both reputation and funds are earned.

Conclusion (23 words)

In brief, museums should play a role as an instructive means of the city and incomes from admission can keep them running properly.

写作示范 2:

作者: 孙肇春

Museums illuminate the culture, history and arts of the world. Every country and government spare no effort or money to enrich the collection of museums to cater for different tastes or needs of people, for the benefit of the present and future generations. There are bounteous museums all over the world.

The British Museum, which is maybe the largest one in the world, provides visitors with all-round knowledge about the world culture and arts. The visitors to the museum are all overwhelmed by the magnificence of the culture and history of mankind. If one wants to know about the development of human science and industry, he can have a tour to The Museum of Science and Industry located in Chicago, the United States, where a detailed scientific progress is presented vividly. You cannot miss every achievement human beings have made in history and you are sure to be shocked by the civilization our forefathers created. If one wants to have a browse of the important events in the past, American Museum of Photography is the best choice. It abounds in precious historical pictures and gives visitors unforgettable memory. Apart from the state-owned museums, there are also innumerable private museums whose purpose is to exhibit their cherished collection and popularize knowledge.

With a view to giving people updated information and rendering them a more detailed overview, many countries invest a great deal of money in the foundation of museums, because museums disseminate human knowledge and culture, which are more significant for the development of the young generation. Besides, entrepreneurs and individuals should also lay a fund for the improvement and rebuild of museums. The prosperity of human culture is not only the responsibility of the government, but also the responsibility of every individual and organization. (295 words)

传统饮食与现代饮食

1. 传统食品改变的原因和你的看法
2. In many countries traditional foods are being replaced by international fast

foods. This is a negative effect on both families and societies. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

穿不穿自己民族的传统服装

许多国家都不再穿自己民族的传统服装。有人认为这将使他们忘记历史和传统。你同意不同意？

艺术和科技

What can the arts tell us of life that science cannot?

多元文化的好处和坏处

Multi-cultural societies, in which there is a mixture of different ethnic peoples, bring more benefits than drawbacks to a country. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

志愿者

It is suggested that all the young adults should undertake a period of unpaid work helping people in the community. Does it bring more benefits or drawbacks to the community and the young people?

the older have very ideas about the correct way of life

The older generations have very ideas about the correct way of life, thinking and behaviors. However, some people think, nowadays, the older ideas are not helpful for young people for modern life. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

经济

cheap consumer goods 的优缺点

2009.4.4

Goods become relatively cheaper 的优缺点

经济发展是否是衡量一个国家成败与否的唯一标准

Economic progress is one way to measure the success of one country, while some people think there are other factors. What other factors should be considered? Within these factors, do you think anyone is more important than the others?

“经济发展是衡量一个国家成败与否的重要标准，可一些人觉得还应该衡量其它因素。

你认为还有那些是应该考虑的？

在这些因素中哪个又重于其它呢？”

是否发展农业

2008.7.12

Some people support development of agriculture, like factory farming and scientific creation of fruits and vegetables, while others oppose. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

城市和乡间和范围发展越来越大

Some people said the government shouldn't put money on building theatres or sports stadiums but spend more money on medical care and education. Do you agree or not agree?

The gap of living in cities and the countryside is larger and larger. What are the reasons in your country and how to reduce the differences?

写作示范 1 :

原创: 孙肇春

As the step of economic development accelerates, the gap between the city and the countryside becomes more and more overt, which arouses colossal concerns. Take a further look at the phenomenon, there are three major causes.

Firstly, the insufficiency of investment in the rural areas accounts mainly for the issue. China, for example, covers a very large area. Due to the emphasis on the development in the coastal areas, the government devotes more investment in the large cities, such as Shanghai, Beijing and Guangzhou. The investment, undoubtedly, is repaid by the threefold increase of economy and commerce in these cities. However, this is not the case in the rural areas and the western regions. The lack of investment hinders the productivity and economic development and sharpens the gap between the city and the countryside.

Secondly, the low education level in the rural areas contributes partly to the gap of living. Education is the prime force of productivity. Keeping this in mind, many countries and governments give priority to the development of education. China's education witnessed a rapid growth in the past decade. However, the education level in the countryside still keeps very low. The enrollment of primary schools and secondary schools is much lower compared with the advanced regions, not to mention the developed countries in the world. Without good education, the development of economy and technology would be a dream difficult to be realized.

Finally, the influx of migrant workers to the cities from the countryside deteriorates the undeveloped condition in the rural areas. The life style in the urban areas is very attractive to the people in the countryside. To seek more working opportunities, many people abandon the fertile lands and leave them uncultivated. If the situation continues, it will lead to serious unbalance of economic and regional development.

To sum up, only when the government renders more concerns over the issue, can the gap between the cities and the countryside be bridged. (325 words)

写作示范 2 :

The living standard gap between city and countryside is bigger and bigger. In my country, dozens of rural young people have been absorbed high salary and comfortable living in the big

city. So more and more young people select to work in the city and abandon farming for a better future. In this essay we will examine the problem of the increasing living standard gap between city and countryside and the solutions, such as improving educational level and economy in the country.

The main reason is the different standard of education between the city and the countryside. Because of poverty, dozens of country students lose the chance to study at school. So country people's educational level is too low to find jobs of high salary. Commonly high salary requires high educational level. Manual labor means low salary; therefore, the country people will be poorer. It will become a bad circle. Another reason is that economic development is not balanced between city and countryside. Such as both Traffic and transport are not convenient, information to be received slowly and industrial institution is too simple, all of them are the direct and primary reasons to induce this kind of problem that the growth of countryside's economy less than city's.

As result of the gap in living standard between the city and the countryside, the outlook is somewhat grim. People already realize this problem exists and are trying to solve it. For one solution, developed cities should spend plenty of money on building country schools and helping poor country family that they have the ability to support their children to go to school. The second solution is uniting city and based on country conditions of nature to progress local economy specially. In most of the countryside, plenty of natural resources aren't utilized and developed. On the contrary, developing cities need lots of resources. They can help each other. The important thing is that developed cities should provide help to change the country, in order to reduce the living standard gap between the city and the countryside.

写作示范 3 :

When you look back to the last century, amazingly you will find that not only the world's largest populated cities had experienced different population growth rates, but also the difference between the city and the countryside had grown accordingly. Two reasons of mine can examine this tendency as following.

The glamorous city life allures lots of human resources to move to/agglomerate in the city, taking major contribution to the gap. In the city, there are many advantages to attract those talented people to settle down—more job opportunities, cultural activities, sporting events, you name them. Therefore, even those well-educated people who are originated from the country intend to lead a dynamic city life

instead of returning to face the static country view. If the rural government can work out some favorable policies such as low prices of land occupied for industrial uses, with the combination of low cost of workforce, investors are willing to establish factories in the countryside. The improvement of employment situation will enormously help pull back some intellectuals and lessen the gap. (104 words)

In the second part, I would mention the factor of transportation. The vital resistance of economic development in the countryside is the inconvenient transportation. It has been witnessed in China that almost all leading cities are scattered along the coastline. They take advantages of sea, air and other sophisticated transport facilities to enjoy high economic growth rates. I suggest that the central government should fund on infrastructure for the whole nation, including rural areas, to build up a nationwide transport network. Consequently tourism as well as housing in the countryside will be boosted, and the difference between the city and the country would be minimized. (94 words)

conclusion (48 words)

To sum up, intelligent resources would determine who is the winner or loser of the intense competition; moreover, transit systems also play an important role in developing economy. If both issues were tackled properly in the countryside, gap between the city and the country would never be overwhelming.

衡量国家成功的标志是什么

Many people think money is not the only thing to measure a country's success. What do you think and do you think developed economy is the most important factor for a country's success?

How to measure the country's success? Some people say it is quality of life of the people which has nothing to do with the money, but others say it is rich economy, how do you think?

Which is the measurement of a country's success? Somebody says it is people's life quality which has nothing to do except money, but others argue that it is a rich economy .What is your opinion?

不愿交税的问题

Some people think that they should not pay tax to state. To what extent do you agree or disagree. Give the reason that you agree or disagree or the examples.

国际

2012.7.7

1 Some visitors are interested in other countries' cultures and traditions. How can they learn other cultures and traditions? Why is this interesting to some visitors but not to others?

2 Some visitors can learn and accept local culture well when they travel to another country. How do they do that? Why cannot some people do that?

3 Some visitors are interested in other countries' cultures and traditions. How can they learn other cultures and traditions? Why is this interesting to some visitors?

应该互助？还是只管好自己？

2009.11.21

Individuals and countries cannot help everyone who need help in the world, so we should be only concerned about our own communities and countries.

国际交流优缺点

2009.8.29

Many people are intended to go abroad to travel to see what other countries look like. However, the places all around the world are looking more and more similar. What do you think is the effect cause the similarity?

Do you think the advantages of this effect outweigh the shortages of it?

国家互助形式

2009.2.7

Rich countries provide financial aid to poor countries but this aid has little effect, therefore rich countries should provide other types of help. To what extent do you agree with this statement?

朗阁原创外教范文:

Today, it is common for rich countries like UK and USA to provide financial support to nations in poverty. However, one can argue that other ways of helping are more beneficial. In my opinion, both financial assistance and other forms of aid are essential to help in the development of poorer nations.

Millions of people throughout the World have benefited because of financial help. Take for example the people in some parts of Africa, who now have access to underground water because wells have been constructed using money given by rich countries. One has only to take note of the international media to realize the importance of financial aid as demonstrated by the ability of poor countries to solve water shortage and energy problems. There is no doubt that this assistance will improve the quality of life of the people affected and will help their nations' development.

Sometimes however, financial assistance is not enough. It is important to educate and train people. In this way, individuals can develop their talents and become self-reliant. Non-financial assistance also helps to ensure that the people who need the help actually get the help.

In our modern World where there is a wide discrepancy between affluent and poor countries and help in one form or another is essential. There is disagreement about what form this assistance should take. I firmly believe that both financial aid and other assistance such as education are necessary and should continue for the foreseeable future.

global trend increasing

global trend increasing: Many goods, especially some daily basis, are transported to a long distance. To what extent do you think its benefits exceed its drawbacks?

International travel

2008.8.21

International travel makes people prejudiced rather than broad-minded. What are the reasons that people fail to benefit from travel? How to solve it?

the main benefit of international cooperation

2008.7.26

Some people think the main benefit of international cooperation is in protection of the environment, while others think that the main benefit is in the world business. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

关于国家之间相互帮助的问题

Many people think that countries have a moral obligation to help each other, while other argue that the aid money is misspend by the governments that receive it, so the international aid should not give to the poor countries in the world. Discuss this two point of views and give your opinion.

写作示范:

发信人: 孙肇春(Tony)

With the process of economic globalization, many countries and regions have strengthened cooperation and liaison in the fields of industry, agriculture, trade and finance. In order to dedicate to the mutual development, many developed countries spare no effort to help the poor countries by means of technological, medical and financial aid, which, to my mind, is quite essential to the development of the world. (64 words)

Firstly, aids from developed countries optimize people's living standard and eradicate poverty in the poor countries. Due to the backwardness of science and technology, people in some undeveloped countries and regions such as Africa, Latin America and Asia suffer a great deal from poverty, hunger and the scarce of water. International aids from developed countries have improved their living environment and helped them with the development of agriculture, industry and economy. (70 words)

Secondly, international aids give good medical care and help promote hygienic condition in the poor countries. Malaria (疟疾), cholera (霍乱) and smallpox (天花) were once severe threats to people's health. With the help of the World Health Organization and some developed countries, these diseases have been eliminated soon and the residents in the infected areas survived these deadly diseases, which would have devoured millions of lives without international aid. (78 words)

Finally, aids to the undeveloped countries in turn benefit the donors. Due to the limitation of natural and human resources, the production cost rises sharply in the developed countries. With a view to reducing cost, many countries transferred their assembly lines and production bases to the developing countries, which not only solves the problem of low rate of employment in the developing countries but also make full use of the local resources. (72 words)

Nevertheless, some countries are showing great concern about the mal-expense of their aid aroused by bureaucracy and corruption of some governments. Therefore, the governments should take effective measures to utilize international aids reasonably and prevent abuse. Only with the help of international aids, can our world develop more quickly and prosperously. (323 words totally)

关于经常出国和本国传统问题

Some people think visitors to other countries should imitate local custom and behaviors. Other people disagree that the host country should welcome culture diversity. To what extent do you agree?

写作示范 1:

发帖: *written*

Identifying the foreign customs is a difficult task for any visitors. Cultural conflicts may occur when one does not know much about the strange social codes other than his own country. In reality, people's opinion about whether the host country should encourage cultural differences or to what degree should they accept the alien cultures as they may cause annoyance to them. In my opinion, I insist that the local customs should be highly respected in many occasions but not necessarily be followed blindly.

The primary concern is given to the significance of one's national traditions and heritage that has been passed down. It is important because all these customs has undergone thousands of years of practice and become the treasure of a nation. For instance, the eating tradition in many areas and regions such as people eat red eggs when they have a new baby, eating jiaozi—a

kind of Chinese dumpling when we celebrate Chinese lunar year, and still eating when someone's grandpa passed away. This might be a blunt for many visitors who first come here. Visitors in such a situation may choose to practice as if he were a local or he may just see and enjoy the atmosphere.

Even if visitors keep a stance away from the traditions of a foreign country, they should not be hostile to them. The reason is simple. If the visitors refuse to take the fact that the local customs may offend their faith or something they believe, and even they are disheartening, they will possibly act improperly under such situation. Take eating out custom as example, Chinese people when eating out, there is always a person who masters the table and even pays the bill. This might be offensive to a foreign who does not get used to this manner. But as we Chinese people say "Ru Xiang Sui Su" literally means that one should get used to the local customs when visiting it, this is a reflection of what we discuss here about the culture diversity.

In general, one should see how he knows about the cultures and how he should react upon it. There are no fixed rules to be followed. What seems important is "when in Rome; do as the Romans do" philosophy applies to many situations when one feels uncertain about the host culture.

写作示范 2:

Nowhere in the world has the issue of culture shock been so much debated like in our society. Nowadays culture shock stands out particularly between tourists and host countries, therefore dozens of people considered visitors should try to adapt local traditional culture and habit of living. The above point is certainly true; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that respecting the custom and behavior of the host country can help tourists understand its culture. For instance, in Islamic countries, their belief is that the people can't eat pork; they think that pig is not a symbol of spotlessness and pig will sully their holy belief. Therefore, when the visitors come to the Islamic countries, they should accept the custom, and then they will be greeted by indigene. There is no better example than this to demonstrate the strength of this point.

Another reason is that it is the best way to express tourists' respect. Everyone state owns her behaviors and custom; history saw the development of this country. For example, when tourists go to visit host country, perhaps some of things are so out of fashion. However visitors also admire local culture and custom, it will be good for their communication with indigene.

Last but not the least reason is based on the reason of safety. Considering personal safety, visitors should pay attention to their manners and actions. Sometimes, rude actions will be brought dangers for tourists.

In conclusion, the tourists should respect and understand local traditional culture and custom of host country. Otherwise it will be chill journey for visitors.

2004 年以后是否应该停止举行奥林匹克运动会

Someone think that Olympic Games will not play a role in 21st century, and think the 2004 game should be the last one. Do you agree or disagree?

帮助贫困国家还是购买武器搞国防

Most countries spend a large amount of money in weapons to defend themselves though they are not at war. To the countries it should spend money to help the citizens of whom in the countries are poor and disadvantaged. To what extent do you agree or disagree this statement.

教育孩子分辨是非

Some people think it is necessary to provide punishment to help children know the difference between the right and the wrong. Do you agree or disagree?

What is more, what kind of punishment should be given by teachers or parents?

国际关系

In modern worlds, the friendship between countries becomes much more important than before, because we should confront with a lot of affairs together. To what extent you agree or disagree this topic.

世界在变大

是调查表明世界城市在变大，有个单词要注意 enormous，当时不知道这个单词意思，还好，蒙对了。要求你 find the causes 和可能的 consequence...

各国文化差异逐步变小,出国也没多大区别

The culture of different countries are becoming similar, so there is no point for people to go traveling abroad for they could have same experience at home.

Do you agree or disagree.

写作示范：国家间差异越来越小的利弊分析

作者：无忧雅思 xuanzhu633 回忆分享

我 30 号考完了，感谢无忧雅思的帮助！

回想我备考时最愁的就是作文素材了，所以现在把我的作文资料发给大家，希望能帮到大家。

Progress in communication and transport technology during the 20th century has enabled us to overcome geographical boundaries and revolutionize our way of living. The world is now linked to such an extent that a local happening cannot take place without impacting on the international community and vice versa. It is not surprising to find that the great differences between countries, which used to be existed in almost every sphere of people's life, have become less obvious. Nowadays we Chinese are sharing the same Hollywood movie as the American, enjoying the same fashionable clothes as the young girls in Paris and even chasing after the same brands as the people all over the world.

Now that American films can be easily accessed to, it goes without saying that people in other countries can have more opportunities to know more about the American culture since films are frequently referred to as the carrier of a particular culture. Thus, some people welcome these decreasing differences among countries without any reservations in the wish to see a better chance to link the cultures among individual countries, which appear to be the greatest merit stemming from it.

But pause and reflect. This kind of chance for communication may not seem so surprising after considering some disheartening facts indicating that the potential demerits may well outweigh the relatively weak merits. To be exact, globalization, in its powerful extension of market principles, by highlighting the culture of economically powerful nations, has created new forms of inequality. Just look at several figures you'll have a more clear idea on this point: 90% of the

world's languages are not represented on the Internet; Some 5 countries monopolize the world cultural industries trade and in the field of cinema, for instance, 88 countries out of 185 in the world have never had their own film production. Therefore, it has understandably ignited severe anxiety and confrontation in almost every comparatively powerless country, thereby fostering cultural conflict rather than cultural pluralism.

In a nutshell, this phenomenon, in some sense, depicts what is called "cultural hegemony" by some sociologists and thus contains several disquieting factors which will inexorably destroy the naive wish of some people about a better world where communication are much more easily to handle.

英语的普及是否影响其他语言

Will the popularity of English and tourism harm the minorities and minor languages?

写作示范:

作者: 孙肇春

Economic globalization benefits the world immensely, especially the prosperity of tourism. As a result, the cultures, languages and customs in the minorities are not mysterious to the world any more, which should be attributed to the popularity of tourism. (39 words)

It is a consensus that tourism can stimulate the economic development in a region, since tourism plays an important role in the acceleration of the improvement of service, such as transportation, accommodation, catering and other marginal business. With a view to attracting more tourists, the minority regions have to consider how to improve their image and service, during the course of which they can have an overall plan to promote the status of their region. Nowadays, many people travel for minority regions to satisfy their curiosity, where they can have unexpected findings. (92)

Furthermore, tourism can strengthen the interflow of cultures and traditions between the people in different regions. Trips to minority countries and regions render people a lot of new cultures and customs, which, presumably, have been handed down from old ages and enjoyed very splendid history. Formerly, people can only get some segments about the minorities from videos, films and other incomplete descriptions on books. Now, tourists have more opportunities to communicate or even live with the minority people and acquire first-hand knowledge about them, which provides the researchers with a lot of authentic information. (94 words)

Admittedly, tourism damages the natural environment in some minority regions and spoils the peaceful life of them to some degree due to their frequent activities in the minority regions, the environment being deteriorated in some regions, which is not what we expected. (42)

Generally, the popularity of English and tourism brings more advantages than damage to the minority regions, since it has enriched people's knowledge and widened their horizons. But meanwhile, we should be on the alert for the damage to the minority regions and take effective means to tackle the problems tourism arouses. (49 words) (316 words totally)

学生是否需要学习国际新闻

Should secondary students study international news as one of their study subjects. One think it is a waste of their valuable study time. Discuss both sides and tell your opinion.

invent a new language

Should we invent a new language for people from different countries to use for the international communication? Do you think there is more benefits or more problems with it?

giving aids to the poorer countries

Some people think that giving aids to the poorer countries has more negative impact than positive ones. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

现代化科学技术

人类进步的表现

2013.4.6

100 years ago, human race believed we would make continuous progress in all areas of life. Today, some people feel less certain about this. Which areas of progress has human race made? Which areas haven't we developed? Give

reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 不要出现过去时 (除非举过去的例子) 2) 写作思路: a. 开场交代论题, 给出观点, 人类不是在所有方面都取得了进步 b. 取得进步的方面 1. 医疗: 治疗了很多不可治愈的疾病 (例如天花、癌症等) 2. 经济: 现今人们的需求不再只是满足基本的温饱问题, 追求更高层次 3. 教育: 文盲率急剧下降, 提高了全人类的识字水平 c. 没有取得进步的方面 1. 环境: 资源的消耗、生态系统的失衡、各种自然灾害的发生 2. 交通问题 d. 总结, 重申论点
重点表达	Make a big difference; make progress; have great impacts on; pose threats to; do great harm to; natural resources; natural disasters; incurable diseases; traffic congestion

人类社会在科技发展的影响

2013.3.23

Human society has made great technological progress in the last hundred years. Some people think this has negative effects on our life. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your knowledge or experience.

写作指导	1) 注意时态, 不要出现过去时 (除非举过去的例子) 2) 写作思路: a. 开场交代论题, 给出观点, 说明科技是一把双刃剑 b. 1. 科技的发展提高了生产率 2. 科技的发展给人们的生活带来了便利 c. 但是负面影响也是不可避免的 (如辐射, 犯罪, 环境问题等) d. 总结, 重申论点 (利用好科技的同时, 避免其负面影响)
重点表达	At an amazing rate, a double-edged sword, innovation, tremendously, the advent of, play an indispensable role in

2012.5.19

版本 1:

Food can be produced more cheaply today because of improved fertilizers and better machinery. However, some people think the methods used to do this may have negative effects on human health and local communities. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

版本 2:

The increase in food production owes much to fertilizers and better machinery, but some people think that it has a negative impact on human health and community. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，以一般现在时为主，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2) 两种思路：</p> <p>1. 支持（2对1）</p> <p>Possible ideas:</p> <p>a.大量使用化肥导致健康隐患和疾病</p> <p>b.机械化普及导致农民失业，农村劳动力涌入城市，破坏耕地</p> <p>c.解决了许多国家人口增加的问题</p> <p>2. 反对（2对1）</p> <p>Possible ideas:</p> <p>a.许多国家解决了人口剧增导致的吃饭问题</p> <p>b.提高了生产力，促进了社会发展</p> <p>c.大量使用化肥导致健康隐患和疾病</p> <p>3) 总结段给一个倾向的立场</p>
重点表达	Pesticide residue; pesticide contamination; pesticide poisoning; arable soil; agricultural acreage; total cultivated area; squeeze into; land degradation; soil erosion

科技进步给人们的影响

2012.2.18

Technology makes life complex, and to make it simple is to stop using technology. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2011.10.29

Films and computer games containing violence are popular. Some people say

they have negative effect on society and should be banned. Others say they are just harmless relaxation. Discuss both sides and give your own opinion.

互联网传播信息

2011.10.22

Currently, anyone can post information on the internet. Therefore, most information on the internet might be inaccurate. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

艺术品的价值

2011.7.16

With the development of technology and science, some people believe that there is no great value of artists such as musicians and painters. What are the things artists can do but the scientist cannot? Why should we encourage the art area?

机器人的未来发展

2011.1.8

Some people think that robots are very important for humans' future development. Others, however, think that robots are a dangerous invention that could have negative effects on society. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

通信技术是否有益

2010.11.20

Some people have benefited from modern communications technology, but other people have not benefited from it. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

动物被用于药品适用

2010.09.11

Some people think it's necessary to use animals for testing medicines intended for human use. Others, however, think it's not right to do that. Discuss both of these views and give your own opinion.

手机给人的生活带来的优势

2010.09.4

Mobile phones have made life easier: you can answer the work call and home call at any place, any time. Does this development have more positive or negative effects on both individuals and society? Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

科技进步给人类带来的影响

2010.02.27

Some people hold that technological progress in the last 100 years has brought negative effects upon society. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

利用现代科技在家工作

2009.12.12

Many employees may work at home with modern technology. Some people claim that it benefits only workers, but not employers. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

科技发展改变生活方式

2009.8.8

The development of technology changes the way people interact with each other. In which way does it change the types of relationship that people make? Does it have positive or negative effect on the development?

人类的进步发展

2009.5.21

A hundred years ago, people think that human race is steadily improving in every area of life. Now it seems this is not certain in certain situation.

In which areas do you think we have made important progress nowadays?

In which areas do you think we still need to make progress?

现代科学技术对工作地点的影响

2009.1.17

Now because of the improved technology communication and transport, people can choose anywhere to live or work. Do you think it is good? Do its advantages outweigh the disadvantage?

现代技术加大贫富差距

2009.1.10

Some people believe the range of technology available to individuals today is increasing the gap between poor people and rich people. Others think it is having an opposite effect.

Discuss these points of view. What is your opinion?

手机和互联网与老人

Mobile phones and the internet are very useful. However, it is rare for the old people to use them.

In what ways can mobile phones and the internet be useful to the old people?

What could be done to encourage the old people to use mobile phones and the internet?

现代科技使人们繁忙还是轻松

Modern technology makes people busy or free.

计算机在教育中的广泛应用是否已经取代教师

The computer are widely used in education, and some people think teachers are not important in the classroom.
To what extent do you agree?

写作示范 1 :

发帖: how2do

提纲:

- P1: 作为 21 世纪最重要的发明, 计算机已经在一些生活领域普及并成为必须, 但在教育界却不这样。尽管计算机辅助教育广泛应用, 教师在课堂上仍然不可少。
- P2: 一些学科计算机可以成功地运用于教学。例如: 基础数学, 基础语言学习, 任何一种需要学生通过重复来记忆的领域都非常适合计算机教学。通过程序, 计算机可以毫不厌倦地提供各种问题给学生, 通过这种方式强化知识;
- P3: 一些复杂的理论(complex ideas)不能被计算机传授。计算机可以判断(determine)哪个答案是对错, 但不能告诉学生错在哪里, 也不能以另外一种方式解释这个定义。Tasks involving reasoning cannot be taught by computer. 在处理这些问题上, 教师必不可少。
- P4: 计算机不能成功地组织一些基本的学习交流, 如: 讨论(discussion), 联想(association), 比喻(imagery)都是课堂上常用的教学方式, 老师可以通过这些方式 excite student's imagination and fire their creation. However, it is too complex for a computer to deal with.
- P5: 总的来说, 计算机, 特别是多媒体信息技术(multimedia technology)给教育界带来许多重要的革命, 但老师仍然是课堂的主人。我们应该记住, 人类永远是科学技术的主人, 无论计算机有多聪明, 它只不过是一个电子机器而已。

Are computers an essential feature of modern education? What subjects can be better taught with computers? Are there aspects of a good education that cannot be taught using computers?

写作示范 1:

Computers are now essential in many areas of life – modern banking, retail and information

exchange among others. However, this is not true for education. At a simple level some subjects may be better taught using computers, but to explain important concepts a human teacher is still indispensable. - Introduction shows main idea

There are some subjects in which a computer can be used successfully to teach. Elementary mathematics, elementary language learning, any area which requires a student to memorize basic facts through repetition is well suited to computer learning. The computer can be programmed to provide an endless number of simple questions, and as the student answers these questions the facts are learned and reinforced. - Why computers do well, with examples

However, in the learning and practice of more complex ideas, the computer is not adequate. A computer can evaluate an answer as right or wrong, but it cannot determine why. It cannot find out why a student is making mistakes, and then re-present important concepts in a different way so the student will understand. It cannot determine at what stage in a mathematics problem the student has made an error, it can only indicate that the final answer is wrong. Tasks involving reasoning cannot be taught by computers, as there are too many variables for a computer to deal with successfully. - What computers cannot be, with an example

Thus, while computers may be useful as a tool for practicing simple skills, they are not an essential feature of modern education, because they cannot monitor a student's grasp of concepts, nor evaluate a student's reasoning. Until further developments in computers are made the human teacher will remain indispensable. - Conclusion re-states main ideas

Remember: this sample answer is one of several satisfactory ways to answer the question. Other essays which respond to the writing task would also be acceptable.

Source: Prepare for IELTS, by Vanessa Todd & Penny Cameron, 1996, UTS, Australia. .

写作示范 2:

In this period of communication, computer has been used in all kinds of fields widely, and plays a particular role in our lives. Especially computer has become more and more important in educational field, therefore dozens of people considered teachers could be replaced computers that will go with the current of the times. The above point is certainly wrong; this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that people's brain better than computer. Firstly, people design all kinds of computer's programs. Secondly, computer doesn't have logistic ideation. Computer only can depend on that designer inputted computer's programs to judge a question's right or wrong. In

other words, computer can't depend on thinking that computer independently analyzes a question's right or wrong. In case, designer inputted programs that are wrong. Computer output the result that also will be wrong. If this kind of problem happened in classroom, students would be infused plenty of wrong information.

Another reason is that computer's programs designed software of education that could be amended difficultly. If software of education of bugs were found, commonly these of problems couldn't be solved in the classroom. The software was amended that means total of program were corrected, not only parts of program were inserted or amended usually.

Last but not the least reason is computer is mechanical, it couldn't be suited all kinds of students and different demands. As students' intellect is different, same of software couldn't base on every status of student to set a perfect project.

In conclusion, computers couldn't instead of the position of teachers in the classroom, however computer is an absolutely good helper for teacher.

现代科技对人们创造性的影响

Leisure is a growing industry, but people no longer entertain themselves as much as they used to because the use of modern technology has made them less creative. Do you agree or disagree?

电脑对人们生活的影响

People use computers to shop and bank, but the danger of the computer is people are getting isolated and losing some social skills. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

With the increase in the use of mobile phones and computers, fewer people are writing letters. Some people think that the traditional skill of writing letters will disappear completely. To what extent do you agree or disagree? How is letter-writing important do you think?

机器人跟人类的问题

Intelligent machines such as robots are widely applied to take the place of human

beings. Please discuss the advantages and disadvantages.

写作示范:

作者: 孙肇春

The technology of intelligent machines improves amazingly with the help of artificial intelligence. Robots, known as steel-collar workers, are widely employed in different aspects, such as marine research, space exploration and some modern assembly lines. Robots bring about advantages undoubtedly, and meanwhile, they are not as versatile as expected. (49 words)

The advantages of robots are innumerable. The employment of robots on assembly lines saves a lot of labor forces. Robots are widely used in developed countries. In Japan, one out of ten thousand workers are robots, which not only improve the working efficiency, but also enhance accuracy. That is the reason why robots are so popular in automobile industry and electronic production line. (63 words)

Another merit is that robots can take the place of human beings and work in the dangerous environment or the places not accessible for us. Human beings have extended their cognition to the outer space, where there are considerable unpredictable dangers. Robots can work in any kind of situation, no matter how awful the environment is. In hospital, robots work as professional doctors doing operation on the patients. Furthermore, robots can work around the clock, never knowing what tiredness is. (80 words)

However, the disadvantages of robots are undeniable. Firstly, all the robots and other intelligent machines are designed by human beings. What robots do is follow the instruction and pre-set programming by human beings. If there is something wrong with the electric circuit or programs, robots will become good-for-nothing machines. Besides, robots cannot work creatively when confronted with complicated situation. (59 words)

In short, robots are subsidiary to human beings. However competent they are in various kinds of field, robots will never take the place of human beings and play a decisive role in our work and life. (36 words) (287 words totally)

广播会被电视和互联网取代吗

不久 radio 将会变得 no use。他们终将被 TV 和 Internet 等媒体所代替 Do you agree or disagree?

电脑和互联网的积极影响和消极影响

In the past, we have no computers, Internet, and ...what are positive and negative effects of these developments?

早期科技和新科技

Earlier technological development brought to more benefits and changed the life of ordinary people than the recent technological developments ever will. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

有人认为科学家在今后不再可能有什么科技创造了

Scientific and technological advances benefit our daily life today. However, most of scientists are no longer able to find the solutions of the problems they have created. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

写作示范:

The development of science and technology makes our life more comfortable and convenient. However, scientists have created many problems, which are not easy to be resolved, such as air pollution, the deterioration of environment and the scarcity of natural resources, to which we must some solutions.

Modern science and technology render people many advantages. Modern telecommunication shortens the distance between people and makes communication much easier. Internet is widely used now not only for collection of abundant information but also for correspondence. Email, the most effective communication device now, is becoming very popular. Besides, telephone and mobile phone make contact more convenient than before.

Modern transportation, such as airplanes and high-speed trains make our journey smooth and fast. With the help of modern transportation, people can go everywhere they prefer to. The journey to outer space and other planets is not a dream any more. Rockets and space shuttles can help us realize the dream of space travel.

Modern medicine prolongs people's life and relieves patients of sufferings from many diseases. Cancer and AIDS are fatal to people's health. Thanks to the endeavors scientists have made, these diseases become treatable.

However, the process of scientific development also arouses many sever problems to our human beings. Internet, though widely used in modern communication, is easy to be destroyed by computer virus. Outer space exploration has produced much waste in the space. A tiny metal, a screw, for example can destroy a flying man-made satellite. Industrialization is making natural resources become scarce.

Confronted with these problems, scientists are seeking prompt and feasible solutions. The development of science and technology bring about both positive and negative effects to us. We must eliminate the positive effects to the least extent. (286 words totally)

不会电脑就落后时代

What disadvantages will people meet if they cannot use computers? What should our government do?

写作示范:

作者: 孙肇春

Computer plays a very important role in people's work and life. We cannot imagine what our world would be like without computer. With the popularization of computer knowledge, computer is widely used in every aspect of people's work and life. If a person cannot use computer, he will be confronted with a lot of trouble and difficulty.

Firstly, most machines and equipment are controlled by computer nowadays, for example, automobile industry, manufacturing, power station and even airplanes. If a person cannot use computer, he will have difficulty in operating machines. It is hard to imagine that a pilot can fly an airplane without intimate knowledge of computer. Without computer knowledge, people cannot fit in with the rhythm of our society.

Secondly, people can acquire rich information on computer through Internet. Internet, which abounds in innumerable valuable information, provides people with a lot of information about world events, arts, movies and the latest development of science and technology. If a person cannot use computer, he will be out of fashion and lag far behind the others.

Finally, computer plays a very important role in education. For instance, students have to revise their thesis when they are fulfilling their thesis. Without a computer, the revision work will be tedious and frustrating. In addition, students can study long-distance courses on computer through Internet, which can enlarge their knowledge.

Taking into account of the disadvantages motioned above, I think the government should do something to popularize computer knowledge. On the one hand, the government and the authorities concerned should popularize computer knowledge in primary schools and secondary schools, laying a solid foundation of computer knowledge for students. On the other hand, the society and the communities should organize some training courses for the people who cannot use computer. To sum up, the popularization of computer knowledge will not only benefit the people who cannot use computer but also the whole society. (318 words)

(July 2002 北京、上海、广州等地真题)

关于电视对人们生活的影响

Television is dangerous because it destroy the family living and community. Some people said that it absorbs peoples' time too much that they have no time to talk with each other. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Give your opinion.

写作示范:

It is generally agreed that TV can benefit its audience. This is not to say that watching TV programs is of no disadvantages for us; in fact, TV programs have caused a lot of troubles to us. But there is no doubt that TV is playing an increasingly important role in our life. For instance, TV can keep us informed, can be instructive, and can be entertaining.

TV exists to inform its audience. A lot of TV programs expose us to the things that we have never thought of or heard of. For example, by watching TV, we can follow the latest developments in science, politics, and sports. The news broadcasted by BBC, the world largest broadcasting company, informs us of the latest technical breakthroughs and the current political affairs; TV provides live broadcasts of important matches, allowing us to know the newest results of football leagues in every country. By watching TV, people across the world are no longer distant and isolated from each other, and the most distant countries and strangest customs are brought right into one's living room.

In addition to its informing effect, TV can also be instructive. This is especially true in view of the enormous educational opportunities TV provides. Via closed-circuit televisions, or through

public televisions, TV provides special broadcasts of educational programs such as language teaching, sewing, cooking, painting, and cosmetics for those who are interested. The educational function of TV is one of the factors that make it increasingly popular.

TV is not only informing and instructive but also entertaining. Undoubtedly, TV is the most appropriate source by which we are looking for entertainments. If one is a music fan, he or she can stay at home and watch a lot of free musical performances on TV; if one is interested in celebrities, he or she can watch the late-night shows on TV and have a “visual dating” with his or her idols. The entertaining effect of TV is another factor that adds to its popularity.

The informing, instructive, and entertaining effects of TV make this broadcasting means increasingly popular. But, for your good, don't fall in love with TV as watching it can often be a waste of time.

Does television play a positive or negative role in the modern world?

写作示范:

Arguments

1. Television is now playing a very important part in our lives.
2. Television is not only a convenient source of entertainment, but also a comparatively cheap one.
3. Television keeps one informed about current events, allows one to follow the latest developments in science and politics and offers an endless series of programmes which are both instructive and entertaining.
4. A lot of television programmes introduce people to things they have never thought or heard of before.
5. Television has been good company to those who do not work, like housewives, lonely old people, etc.
6. Television provides enormous possibilities for education, like school programmes via closed-circuit television.
7. Television provides special broadcasts for those in TV university, or open university. It also offers specialised subjects like language teaching, sewing, cooking, painting, cosmetology, etc.
8. Television does the job of education in the broadest sense. Instructive programmes achieve their goal through entertaining the viewers.
9. Compared with the radio, everything on television is more lifelike, vivid, and real.
10. Television may be a vital factor in holding a family together where there are, for example, economic problems and husband and wife seem at breaking point.

Counter-arguments

1. Television is a great time-waster.
2. Television makes the viewer completely passive because everything is presented to him without any effort on his part.
3. Television is to blame for the fact that children take longer to learn to read these days and barely see the point at all of acquiring the skill.
4. Television takes up too much of our time. We no longer have enough time for hobbies, entertaining activities, and other outside amusements like theatres, cinemas, sports, etc.
5. People rush home, gulp their food, which is often as simple as sandwich and a glass of beer, and start watching the TV programmes.
6. The monster, i.e. television, demands absolute silence and attention. No one dares to open his mouth during a programme.
7. People have grown addicted to television, often neglecting the necessary and more important things like meals, sleep and even work.
8. A lot of parents use television as a pacifier for their children. They put their children in front of the set and don't care whether the children are exposed to rubbishy commercials or spectacles of violence as long as the children are quiet.
9. What the viewer receives from television is nothing but second-hand experience. He is completely cut off from the real world.
10. Television prevents people from communicating with each other. It has done a lot of harm to the relationship between family members.

现在的计算机翻译软件发达，孩子还用学外语吗

Some people say that computers can translate all kinds of languages. Therefore, children do not need to learn foreign languages any more. What's your opinion?

写作示范:

发信人: lindababy(小乐)

Computer plays an important role in modern society and development very quickly. Some computer program can translate all kinds of languages. Some people said that children do not need to learn foreign languages any more. This opinion seems to be possible, but I disagree with it for the following three reasons.

First of all, a language is a means of communication. With the process of economic

globalization, it is necessary to strengthen the cooperation among different countries. As different countries use different languages, people can't communicate with one another if they don't know the languages of others. In order to have a good knowledge of the world we must learn foreign languages well.

In addition, language study can give us much more than the language itself. Language is very closely to country's culture and history. Children can know the culture of a country through language study. For example, if you study English, you can know some customs, regions and cultures of English speaking countries. You can also know the meaning of some English songs, which are very popular all over the world.

Last but not least, computer programs are designed and written by human beings. People can't design an efficient translation programs if they do not know the knowledge of foreign languages and translation.

Admittedly, in some case, computer takes some advantages to us. Some translation computer programs can give us an immediate explanation of some difficult words when we read some foreign articles. It can save us a lot of time.

In conclusion, from my point of view, it is still necessary to learn foreign languages. For the existing computer technology, computer can't replace the process of language study.

Some people think that machine translation is highly developed in today's society. Therefore it is not necessary for children to learn a foreign language. What's your opinion?

Some people say that computer can translate languages, so children need not study foreign languages any more. Please state your position.

Sample 1

作者: 孙肇春

With the rapid development of computer science, computer can translate all kinds of languages. Therefore, some people say that children need not study foreign languages any more. From my point of view, I think computer will never take the place of human beings.

Firstly, language is closely related to a country's culture. Through language study, students can know the culture of a country. For example, if you study English, you can know a lot of things about English literature, English poetry, English festivals and English customs. I am English major. I like English romantic poems very much. The beautiful verses by Shalley, Burns and other famous English poets are still very popular in modern literature. We also enjoy some

English festivals like Halloween, April Fools Day and Christmas, when people celebrate in night clubs and bars and have a lot of fun.

Secondly, computer is only a machine, whose programs are designed and written by human beings. Without an intimate knowledge of foreign languages and translation, we cannot write an efficient translation programs for computers, which will be a cold machine and become useless.

Thirdly, language study can cultivate a child's intelligence. Language is a unique ability of our human beings. Language study can improve children's audio ability. They can distinguish the subtle differences of pronunciation and rhythm.

However, we don't deny the advantages computer takes us. We have to read some foreign articles and materials in our study and work. Some translation software can give us an immediate explanation of some difficult words, which saves us a lot of valuable time.

To sum up, computer will never take the place of our human beings as a translator or an interpreter, because their ability is decided by human beings. (289 words)

Sample 2

Some students are thinking of giving up studying English as modern machines can do the job of translation. However, I think it is wrong to drop studying English, as machines cannot do perfectly, especially in translation, which is a sophisticated process and needs so many skills.

Firstly, what machines can do now is translate word for word, without consideration of context. When computer translates scientific works, they can do a satisfying job. But when it comes to literature works, they cannot weigh every word according to different situations, and thus their job cannot display the pith of original works. Suppose we give a poem by Shakespeare for translation, we can imagine how ridiculous the translation is.

Secondly, machines cannot convey the manner of speakers. If the speaker says in different tones like surprisingly, sarcastically or delightedly, the machine will not be able to express the emotions of people; therefore, we have no idea of what speakers really mean. When there is face-to-face communication, we can understand people judging from their expressions, body gestures and so on, even if we do not use many words. But machines cannot do this.

On the other hand, English study offers one a new and different perspective of English-speaking countries because language and culture are closely related to each other. Machines can never do this. When we study English, we not only learn the language but also

know more about the culture, history and customs. Machines can never replace the process of English study and give us a better understanding of the cultural background.

To sum up, translation machines help us in some way but it doesn't mean that we can quit studying English because English study can give us much more than the English language itself. (292 words)

Mobile phone

There are social, medical and technical problems associated with the use of mobile phones. What forms do they take? Do you agree that the problems outweigh the benefits of mobile phones?

人类登陆月球对日常生活的影响

In the past century when a human astronaut first arrived on the Moon, he said, 'It is a big step for mankind.' But some people think it makes little difference to our daily life. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

letter 是否会消失

With the increasing use of mobile phones and computers, less people tend to write letters. Some people think the skill of writing letters will disappear completely? To what extent do you agree or disagree? How important do you think letter writing is?

写作思路:

经济原则: 写信比打手机省钱, 它的这种经济上的优势将保证仍会有人倾向于写信, 因此它不会被完全取代。

能力原则: 写信的过程有利于锻炼人的表达能力, 思维能力, 逻辑性等重要能力素质, 因此还是会有人愿意写信因此它不会被完全取代。

故此失彼原则: 打手机等过于注重效率而忽视了交流质量(打手机这么贵, 很难深入交流一件事情), 只有写信才能够更深入地交流思想。因此还是会有人愿意写信, 写信不会被完全取代。

全篇文章可以写成 1(开头)—1(让步段, 我们不可否认写信貌似有效率低等不足之处)—3(但是我们更应该看到写信还有 N 多好处—上面讲的几个分论点用上去)—1(结论: 所以虽然写信也有小小的不足, 但是我们可以看到它的优点还是很多的, 这些优势决定了它不会被完全取代。)

Air transport

Air transport is increasingly used to export fruit and vegetables to some countries where cannot be grown or out of season. Some people think it is not justified.

关于飞机空运水果和蔬菜你的看法怎样, 有人认为好有人为不好。

计算机应用的教育越来越多

计算机应用的教育越来越多。哪些领域计算机重要, 哪些领域老师重要。写出自己的观点, 并给原因。

科技对食品质量的影响

It is known to all that the technological and scientific advances have made greater changes to the range and quality of our food. Some people regard it as an improvement while others believe that the change is harmful. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

环境

不再需要屠杀动物, 并将其制成食品或者做成其他产品
例如衣物或者医药

2012.4.28

In modern life, it is no longer necessary to use animals as food and in other products like clothing and medicines. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

写 作 指	1) 注意时态, 不要出现过去时 (除非举过去的例子)
导	2) 思路: 中立态度, 需要将其中的 animals 进行分类, 也就是濒危动物还是常见家养动物

	<p>(家养, 或者实验类动物)。</p> <p>Possible ideas:</p> <p>a. 宰杀濒危物种会导致很多动物的灭绝, 造成物种多样性的消失。</p> <p>b. 人类不可能过依靠植物生存, 很多的营养需从动物肉类中摄取</p> <p>c. 很多人类蓄养动物 (鸡鸭, 或实验类老鼠等) 就是为了满足自身的需求。</p> <p>3) 结尾只需稍微的总结前文提到的思想。</p>
重点表 达	Endangered animals, exploitation, poultry and livestock, extinct, diversity, take in, rely on, nutrient, meet the requirement of

保护环境的唯一手段是争取国际合作, 而不是单纯个人或国家的行为

2011.5.7

Environmental problems are too big for individual countries and individual people to address. We have reached the stage where the only way to protect the environment is to address it at an international level. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

保护环境

2011.4.16

Everyone believes that it is important to protect the environment, however seldom do that themselves. Why is it important to protect environment by ourselves? What action should we do?

买新扔旧

2009.12.5

Nowadays, people always throw the old things away when they buy new things, some people claim that the broken things should be repaired and used again. What effects will the phenomenon leads to?

政府和大公司该为环境问题负责？

2009.10.31

Government and large companies should be responsible to reduce the damage of the environment. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

商品生产对环境的影响

2009.10.10

An increase in production of consumer goods results in damage of the natural environment. What are the causes and possible solutions?

清理污染的主体

2009.7.11

Some people think that companies and individuals, rather than governments, should pay to clean up pollution that they have caused. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?

新旧能源

2009.5.30

Many countries use fossil fuels (coal, oil, natural gas) as the main source of energy. However, in some countries the use of the alternative sources of energy (wind energy and solar energy) is encouraged. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this development?

个人是否可以解决环境问题

2009.2.21

Some think that these environmental problems are too big for individuals to be solved, while others think that individuals cannot solve these environmental problems unless they make some action.

科技发展引发了环境问题

2009.2.12

有的人说更加简单的生活方式能保护环境，另一些认为科技能解决环境问题。
Discuss both view and give your own opinion

protect environment but without nothing

Many people think it is very important to protect environment but they make no effort to do it themselves. Why does it happen? How to solve this problem?

减少空中旅行和限制小汽车

Some people claim that the disadvantages of the car are more than the advantages. Do you agree or disagree?

说远距离飞机耗油比跑近距离的小汽车多,在对环境的污染上是一样的.所以提倡减少没意义的飞行(如:观光旅行,)比限制小汽车要好.对此观点同意不同意?

写作素材:

advantages and disadvantages of cars

Advantages:

Many people are very attached to their cars. They say that having a car is an essential part of their lives.

transportation:

Cars offer flexibility and mobility to people's life and work.

Cars enable rapid and timely distribution/delivery of goods.

Cars offer people ready access to a variety of services and leisure options.

Economic and social benefits:

The car industry is the largest industry in the world economy.

In most parts of the world the motor car is seen as a sign of progress and development.

Different makes of cars with different colors run on the roads, creating beautiful scenery.

The car industry in China is developing rapidly, creating millions of job opportunities and boosting China's economy.

The development of car industry is accompanied by / has led to city expansion.

Disadvantages:

Pollution: The widespread use of cars has real environmental and economic costs.

Vehicles are major sources of urban air pollution and greenhouse gases emissions.

Road traffic is the source of one third of all harmful air pollution in the world. Car exhausts contain nitrogen oxide, which contributes to acid rain, carbon dioxide, which contributes to global warming, and lead, which damages human brain and kidney.

The motor car industry requires a vast quantity of raw materials.

It uses 20% of all world's steel, 10% of aluminum, 7% of copper, 50% of lead and 60% of natural rubber.

The development of motor vehicles has worsened world energy crisis. The transport sector consumes about one half of the world's oil production.

Car engines use only 10 to 20% of energy in the fuel. The rest is lost as noise, heat and pollution.

Traffic Jam

As more and more people drive to work rather than walk, cycle or take public transport to work, there are heavy traffic jams almost every day at rush hours.

Road building withdraws large areas of land from agricultural use.

Motorways and the associated interchanges, exits and entry ramps cover thousands of acres of prime food-producing land.

In places where roads are built, the topsoil is pushed aside, the vegetation is stripped away and animal habitats are destroyed.

In cities close to one third of all land goes to accommodate the car, parking lots, expressways, roundabouts, bridges, petrol stations and garages. Parking lots devour huge stretches of land and are empty 80 per cent of the time.

Safety

Car accidents are causing huge numbers of casualties every year.

Large numbers of women, all children, most young people, the elderly and the poor cannot or do not want to own or use a car. Building more cars and roads does not solve these people's transport problems.

Conclusions and recommendations

Restrict the use of cars, improved public transport and created better facilities for pedestrians and cyclists.

Now car manufacturers are trying to make more environmentally friendly cars, which use fuel more efficiently and cause less pollution.

In the future cars may run on solar power, alcohol from plants or fuel cells using methanol or hydrogen. They will be much lighter with advanced electronics.

雅思范文：私家车的利与弊

Advantages and disadvantages of private cars

发帖: *catmother*

With the fantastic spur both in industry and in economy in China, the number of people who own private cars is on the rise. Some people have bought cars of their own, and others are planning to buy cars. But there have been two quite different views on this phenomenon.

Some claim that there are many advantages brought about by cars. First, the automobile industry provides jobs for countless workers and strong support for other industries. Second, if conditions permit, owning a car can make us work more efficiently. Finally, life will become more convenient. A car allows one to move freely and with a car there is no need to wait for the bus in the cold or under the burning sun.

However, others strongly object to the increase in developing private cars. They hold that automobiles will give rise to a series of problems. In the first place, as more and more cars are produced and run in the street, a large volume of poisonous gas will be given off, polluting the atmosphere and causing actual harm to the health of people. Next, private cars contribute to traffic congestion so greatly that the advantages gained in comfort and freedom are often cancelled out by the frustration caused by traffic jams. The last problem is the increasing number of car accidents that have killed and will kill a lot of people in a fraction of a second.

In my opinion, although automobiles have been playing a vital part in the daily activities of our society, they also bring us numerous troubles such as more serious environmental pollution, more traffic accidents and more energy consumption. They drink up huge amounts of fuel and throw out huge amounts of pollutants. Traffic accidents kill thousands and thousands of people each year and cripple more. Jams waste our precious time. Therefore I am against developing private cars.

讨论一个解决世界环境的方法

The best way to solve the world's environmental problems is to increase the cost of fuel. To what extent you agree with or disagree?

城市的发展

Counties are much more interesting and develop more quickly when their population includes a mixture of different nationalities and cultures. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

IMPROVE ENVIRONMENT

2007.2.3 = 2004.2.28

Individuals can do nothing to improve the environment. Only governments and large companies can make a difference. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

政府鼓励城市居民去小城镇

There are more problems in big cities today. What are the problems?

Should government encourage people to live in the regional towns?

政府鼓励城市居民去小城镇，一问说城市有什么问题？应该是污染，压力什么的。二问是你觉得政府应不应该去鼓励城市居民去小城镇。

限制飞机旅行

One long-distance flight consumes fuel which a car uses in several years' time, but they cause the same amount of pollution. So some people think that we should discourage non-essential flights, such as tourist travel, rather than to limit the use of cars. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

休闲娱乐

外国游客要不要多付钱看古迹

2011.4.30

Foreign tourist abroad should be charged more than local people when visiting the local historical and cultural tourist attractions. To what extent do you agree or

disagree?

博物馆

Some people think museums should be enjoyable places to attract and entertain young people, but others think the purpose of museums is educate, not entertain. (同意博物馆作为娱乐的地方还是教育人的地方。)

personal happiness

Some people think that personal happiness is directly related to economic success. Others argue that the happiness depends on completely other factors. Discuss both of the views and give your own opinion.

tourist industries

Many developing countries are increasingly expanding their tourist industries. Why is this the case? Is it a positive development?

public museums

Some people claim that public museums and art galleries will not be needed because people can see historical objects and works by using computer.

媒体

看书还是看电视

2013.01.05

Some people spend more time reading books, while others prefer to watch TV. People of the former group are more likely to develop creative imaginations and have a much better grasp of language skills. Do you agree or disagree?

写作指导	<p>1. 注意此题中的比较是有限定的，针对于对培养想象力和语言技能上的好处，绝对不可以宽泛地讨论其中一方的好处，而不顾这两个限制，否则被判做偏题失分。</p> <p>2. 因为是比较类考题，所以更建议倾向一边的答案，即实际挑出一个更好的，如 book，之后进行对比分析。</p> <p>3. 可以采用让步的模式开展这篇文章，因为双方都存在一定的优势，如此一来可以增加字数并且使文章更有说服力。</p> <p>4. 理由：承认电视中的声音及视频为语言的学习和掌握提供了很好的模仿素材，但是更多的故事情节和演员等会让人分心，而不是专心于语言的学习和想象力的培养。相反的，看书就必须读者的想象力才能与作者有所交流，真正理解并且印象深刻；而且书本中的文字与表达也方便读者学习和模仿，从基础的语法学起，扎实地掌握一门语言等。</p>
重点表达	<p>While watching TV, people are more possibly to be distracted by the exciting scenes or beautiful actress, rather than concentrate fully on the language skills like pronunciations and grammars.</p>

广告阻碍人们成为与他人不同的个体并使大家看上去彼此类似

2012.10.27

Advertising discourages people from becoming different individuals by all want to be and to look the same. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

写作指导	<p>1) 分析题目时请注意细节特征，不能单纯罗列广告的利与弊。</p> <p>2) 同意与不同意两种思路：(单边型为主)</p> <p>1.支持理由</p> <p>A.广告引发名牌效应，人们追求着同样的品牌及时尚潮流；</p> <p>B.广告对销售量的极大推动作用使大部分生产厂商将主要精力投入到产品市场推广中，而忽视了产品特色的开发及研究。</p> <p>2.反对理由</p> <p>A.现在广告所覆盖的类别及项目非常丰富，就算是同一类产品的广告也各具特色，各有侧重；</p> <p>B.消费者在选择产品时主要是根据自身的需求决定，广告所起到的只是提供信息及参考的作用。</p> <p>3) 如正文理由不充分可组织让步段写作，偏向支持或者反对。</p>
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重点表达	the thriving of the advertising industry; the effect of famous brands; fashion; market promotion; product feature; abundant categories; distinctive; personal demands; provide information; reference
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2012.8.9

mobile phone 和 internet 的 advantages and disadvantages.

2012.8.4

In some countries, TV programmes are transmitted throughout the day and night. Some people think that 24-hour TV transmission is a positive development, while others it is negative.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意时态，不要出现过去时（除非举过去的例子）</p> <p>2) 此题为新题，但并不困难，可以和媒体信息题目相结合，分别从 health problem 和 impact on social life 两方面进行讨论</p> <p>3) 总结段可稍带提及解决方案</p>
重点表达	<p>audience rating, commercial interest, cater for audience, receive positive information, promote economic development, penetrate every corner of our life, Promote the prosperity and progress</p> <p>...far outweigh..., Only by doing ... can ... be solved</p>

2012.6.9

Some people think news have no connection to people's lives, so it is a waste of time to read the news in the newspaper and watch television news programmes. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

2012.5.10

Today, consumers are facing an increasing amount of advertising from competing companies. To what extent do think consumers are influenced by advertisement? What measures can be taken to protect them?

新闻媒体的重要性观点的阐述

2012.3.17

News media are important in modern society. Why are they so important? Are their influences generally positive or negative?

2011.9.15

Nowadays a large amount of advertising is aimed at children. Some people think this can have negative effects on children and should be banned. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

News media

2009.8.22

News media have become influential to our lives, and some people think that is a negative development. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

广告有没有必要存在

2009.4.18

If the product is of good quality and meets people's needs, people will buy it. Therefore, advertising is unnecessary and is no more than a type of entertainment. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

新闻影响人的思想

2009.3.5

Newspapers have become an enormous influence on people's ideas and opinions. Why is this the case? Is it a desirable or undesirable situation?

3月5日雅思写作范文：(本文由朗阁海外考试研究中心宁园老师原创) 转载请注明出处!

The nickname of the "Uncrowned King" given to the modern journalist is by no means an exaggeration. In almost every modern society, newspapers have been playing an essential role in shaping people's thoughts on a wide range of issues and are always regarded as an

indispensable source of information. In my opinion, this complex phenomenon can be boiled down to several key factors, and both its positive and negative aspects need to be analyzed thoroughly.

To begin with, human curiosity is an underlying factor in the growing popularity of newspapers. As the only species on the planet equipped with extraordinary intelligence, humans are inveterately curious about the latest events around the globe. Therefore, all kinds of newspapers prosper in such an age that is gushing with information, appealing to people's increasingly strong desire to know more about this constantly changing world. It is little wonder that numerous readers are lured into heavier reliance on those well-established and internationally renowned newspapers.

To a large extent, this situation is a desirable one with its many positive aspects. First of all, in order to maintain their good reputation, most newspapers and magazines report actual events in a detailed way, providing not only factual information but also deep insights into complex social and political issues. In addition, circulated on a daily basis and across an extensive demographic region, major newspapers have smoothly operated branches, seasoned correspondents and a highly efficient system to collect local news with the swiftest actions. Most importantly, their coverage and insightful comments can encourage young readers to form their own opinions on current affairs.

On the other hand, people should be fully aware of the downside of the journalistic dominance. More often than not, newspapers of national importance are largely controlled by the government and act as the organ of the authorities. By furnishing citizens with prejudiced and self-opinionated reports on sensitive issues, such as foreign affairs and national security, these newspapers can manipulate their perspectives and attitudes and exercise a sort of monopoly on their way of thinking. On a less serious level, flooding the pages with trivial pieces of entertainment news and celebrity secrets is the usual way to divert the public's attention away from government scandals and to eclipse such social and economic ills as unemployment, crime and judicial incompetence.

In conclusion, although the positive functions of modern journalism are to be sufficiently recognized, people must not slacken their vigilance against the possible abuse of such a tremendous power those newspapers possess. In other words, while absorbing bits of information in the newspapers, readers are advised to adopt an objective approach and cast a discriminating eye on their way of presentation, comments and implicit assumptions.(448 words)

儿童看电视有助于学习吗？

Children can learn efficiently by watching television. Should children watching television regular both in school and at home? Discuss agree or disagree

从新闻中能获得知识吗？

We can get knowledge from news, but some people think we can't trust the journalist. What do you think? And what do you think is the important qualities that a journalist should have?

写作范例：

各位兄弟姐妹。兔子 0108 考试的作文是 7 分，现在兔子把那天的作文贴上来与大家分享，希望各位烤鸭多提宝贵意见。坦白说，兔子的作文一向不大灵光，这次居然考了 7 分真是惊喜，兔子把那天的作文回忆了一下，觉得自己其实写得很菜，估计是 gz 看到兔子有用套句，组织也不算太乱，就手下留情了~~~

05 年 1 月 8 日考题

Prompted by the fast development of the media, people can get lost of knowledge and information from news, but whether we can fully trust the journalist has become a thorny issue. People have been attaching greater weight to this problem. In this essay, I will try to explore this controversial issue and seek out some effective factors.

When it comes to news of today's newspaper, different people have different attitudes. Personally, I think some news in some newspaper are misleading and cheating, especially the news about entertainment. Some journalists even produce or imagine a story and write it as a piece of news. The only task for they do so is just to achieve the major's attentions. However some news from some famous media, for instance, BBC and Guangzhou Morning Post are true and responsible. This kind of news is always accompanied by data and evidences which are much more believable. They just tell the truth and what happened exactly.

Why some news is unbelievable while some are responsible and true? I believe that the qualities of a journalist contribute to this complicated phenomenon. Firstly, as a journalist, he or she should have a strong sense of responsibility. The journalist needs to tell the truth and the fact, be responsible of what he writes and talks. Furthermore, he must have skills of expressing himself by writing. He just needs to use exact words and suitable phrases to tell the public the

fact, without any imaginations. The last but not the least, he should be objective. What he needs to do just to tell what the fact is, it doesn't need any personal ideas or emotion.

It is a brazen violation of the people's basic right to know the truth of the world that journalists are cheating in the newspaper. As we should read a novel when we want to read a story, we should read a Newspaper when we want to tell the truth. It is high time that both the government and the whole media make concerted efforts to let all the news are believable. I strongly hope that we can know what we want to know and what we should know from our media. (作者: 启德雅思学员 曾捷)

媒体是否应该详细报道犯罪

Some people think that media should not report detail of crimes to the public. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Detail description of crimes on newspaper and TV has bad influence, should this kind of information be restricted on media?

写作范例:

发帖: xuanzhu633 第三篇范文,是 7/24 的真题,7 分水平吧,希望能帮到大家!

The government should control the amount of violence in films and television in order to decrease the violent crimes in society. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this issue?

All too often people complain about the "evils" of much material available in our mass media. Some other frequently criticisms come from our disquieting society with the ever-increasing cases of violent crimes. Thus, it can make great sense for our government to put a curb on the amount of violence in public communications. (53 words)

It goes without saying that we are risking our safety and society's values by allowing this type of material to be openly exposed to the public. That is to say, without control of what material is delivered to the masses, we cannot expect people to have a proper sense of right and wrong as they will constantly see the horrific things that happen in the false reality of the media and become immune to feelings of disgust toward such atrocious deeds in real life. Controlling what is viewed on films and television is the responsibility of our government in order to decrease violence in the real world. (108 words)

Considering this problem faced by young people, who are among the most vulnerable in our society, we can never deny the government's access. Indeed, exposing our young children to extreme violence on television or films would be detrimental to their development thus to the future of our society. (48 words)

When these points are all taken into account, we can see the straightforward necessity lies with our government's participation, which will allow our children a better chance to develop in a healthy way and will provide a precious sense of security for the citizens. (44 words)

广告对年轻孩子的坏处

Advertising has harmful effect on young people, so it should be strictly limited. Do you agree or not. Give your reasons to support your ideas.

Arguments

1. Advertisements provide the most direct comprehensive and detailed information. We get to know about household goods from advertisements.
2. Advertising itself is a business that has provided a great number of jobs.
3. With advertisements, people save a lot of time in shopping, looking for jobs, etc.
4. Daily life needs advertisements because the main function of advertising is to disseminate information on commodities, services, culture, employment, student enrolment and even marriage.
5. A cheerful, witty advertisement makes such a difference to a drab wall or a newspaper full of news of calamities.
6. Without advertisements, newspapers, commercial radios and television companies could not survive.
7. You can find a job, rent an apartment, buy or sell a house, etc. by way of advertising.
8. Advertising is a process of artistic creation.
9. Advertising creates mass markets. Without advertisements, manufacturers may find it difficult to sell their products.
10. Advertising helps stabilize industry and employment, improves quality, and, by competition, helps keep prices within bounds.

Counter-arguments

1. Advertisements are imposed upon a captive audience: e.g. on television.
2. Advertisements on TV are a nuisance: they interrupt television programmes at a

shocking frequency.

3. Consumers have to pay more for the goods owing to the advertising expenses: high prices are maintained by such artificial means.

4. Advertisements are simply misleading and cheating. They are filled with flowery phrases and empty promises.

5. Fake advertising cheats consumers and, in some serious cases, threatens gullible people's lives.

6. Advertisers are inconsiderate to the public. What they care about is making money.

7. Advertisements are not based on the quality of the goods, but on the principle that if one keeps talking about the same thing long enough, eventually people will pay attention to it.

8. Advertisements are an insidious form of brainwashing, using the same techniques, like slogans, catchphrases, etc.

9. Advertising is offensive: it appeals to baser instincts.

10. Advertising cheapens the quality of life: most ads are in poor taste.

比较最能回去信息的媒体

比较型的文章，给出几种类型的 media 然后让你选三种出来比较，并要求说出你认为哪一种 media 能在获取信息方面有最大的 effect。

谈谈图书,报纸,网络等信息来源

books,films.internet 都是信息来源，结合自己经验说说好与坏，怎么办。

广告对小孩的影响

There is an increasing amount of advertising aimed at children which encourages them to buy goods such as toys and snacks. Many parents are worried that these advertisements put too much pressure on children, while some advertisers claim that they provide useful information to children. Discuss both vies and give your opinion.

大众传媒

大众传媒 International media such as film, magazine, TV 等对于 local culture 的 impact?在哪些方面? advantages and disadvantages?

广告对消费的影响

Consumers are facing with increasing numbers of advertisements from competing companies. To what extent do you think are consumers influenced by advertisements? What measures can be taken to protect them?

media attention paid for famous people

More and more media attention paid for famous people who success in sports, cinema. Why do you think this thing? Do you think this is good thing?

advertising aimed at children

Nowadays, a large amount of advertising is aimed at children. Some people think there are lots of negative effects for children and should ban it. Give your opinion and to what extent you agree or disagree.

关于电视暴力

Today, it is common that TV news and programmes show the images of disasters and violence to the public. Discuss the reasons and the effects on the individual and the society.

Radio than television

Radio is more enjoyable and practical than television. Discuss you view.

政府职能

很多国家花大量金钱支持本国的选手参加国际体育赛事

2012.9.1

Many countries are spending a huge amount of money on supporting their competitors to take part in some worldwide sports competitions. Others argue that it would be better if these countries can spend the money on children to take part in sports.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?

写作指导	<p>1) 此题为近期预测的主要出题方向，时效性很强。考生如果能结合奥运会的例子来写效果会更好。</p> <p>2) 同意与不同意两种思路：（单边型为主）</p> <p>1. 支持理由</p> <p>a. 孩子正处在生长发育的时期，加大对孩子体育运动的投入可以最有效地提高他们的身体素质；</p> <p>b. 孩子身体素质的普遍提高更有利于全民健康水平的提升；</p> <p>c. 有利于改善现在学校中因为学习成绩差异产生的学生心理压力问题。</p> <p>2. 反对理由</p> <p>a. 对全球观众而言是一场体育盛宴，能欣赏到运动员精彩的表现；</p> <p>b. 是展现主办国及参赛国经济及综合实力的机会；</p> <p>c. 运动员获胜代表着国家荣誉，提升国家的国际地位。</p> <p>3) 如正文理由不充分可组织让步段写作，偏向支持或者反对。</p>
重点表达	<p>critical stages, the development of children's immune systems and normal metabolism, proper physical education, academic achievements, judging the talents of students, healthy condition as a whole, perfect opportunity to enjoy the seamless performances, flex the economic muscle, represent the honor...</p>

2012.6.14

Scientific research should be carried out and controlled by government rather than private companies. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

2012.5.26

Some people argue that the government should support the funds for the arts, while some other people suggest that the money should be used for public health and education. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

写作指导	<p>1) 注意文章布局。观点是中立还是偏向；论点是否充分合理。</p> <p>2) 两种思路：1. 单边带让步</p> <p>A. 先让步艺术的意义</p> <p>B. 但是教育的重要性远超过艺术</p> <p>C. 医疗也同样是重中之重</p> <p>2. 双边讨论，可偏向某方</p> <p>A. 艺术需要投资。原因是提高整体公民素质，有利于文化交流等。</p> <p>B. 教育和医疗也同样值得。因为其是保障生活的当务之急，并且建设好这些才能吸引投资，促进经济发展。</p> <p>3) 总结段需重申观点</p>
重点表达	<p>the elderly, the old, the retired, pensioner, a burden on sb, pressure, social welfare, social security, living standards, employment, make contributions to, take care of, ...far outweigh..., Only by doing ... can ... be solved</p>

2011.9.24

The best way for a country to prepare for the future is to invest more resources for its young people. How true do you think of it? What is the best way to invest more resources on young people?

2011.7.30

Some people think government should ban dangerous sports, others, however, believe that people should have the freedom to do whatever sports they choose. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

政府是不是应该只关注 public service

2011.6.11

Some people think governments should focus the spending only on public services rather than wasting money on arts (music, printing, etc.). To what extent do you agree or disagree?

政府控制暴力电影，电视的数量有助于减少暴力犯罪

2011.5.19

Some people think that the government should control the amount of violence in films and television in order to decrease the number of violent crimes. Do you agree or disagree?

Agree:

1 people, especially teenagers, will imitate violent behaviors.

2 although parents can help protect students from being exposed to this information to some extent, government's prevention will have more profound effect.

旧楼重建

2011.4.28

Too much money has spent on looking after and repairing old buildings, therefore, we should knock down old buildings and build modern ones instead. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

政府应对税收问题

2010.10.30

Now environmental problems are serious, ordinary people can do less to improve this issue, so governments and large companies should be responsible for reducing the damage .To what extent you agree or disagree.

政府是否应该立法来减少人们的工作时间

2010.10.09

Some countries have introduced a law to limit working hours for employees. How this law can be introduced? Do you think it is a positive or negative development?

政府科研资助

2009.7.4

Money for postgraduate research is limited. Some people, therefore, think that financial support from government should be only provided for scientific research rather than research for less useful subjects.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

政府与公众健康

2009.3.21

Some people think it is more important for government to spend public money on promoting healthy lifestyle in order to prevent illness than to spend it on the treatment of people who are already ill. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

关于政府出资

Some people said the government shouldn't put money on building theatres or sports stadiums but spend more money on medical care and education. Do you agree or not agree?

Some people think that the government should provide assistance to all kinds of artists including painters, musicians and poets, etc. However, other people think that is a waste of money. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

写作示范:

作者: 成荫

Topic words:

A government's role – the job a government should do
Defense capability – the ability to defend people against attack
Infrastructure – roads, water supply
Private groups or individuals – businesses, charities or private people

Task words:

To what extent do you agree or disagree with...

Questions I must ask myself:

Do I think the statement is true? Is it true in all cases and countries? Do I disagree entirely with the statement?

Sample Essay:

Government can only provide a limited range of services for citizens. Certain types of service, however, must be provided by government, whereas both government and private groups or individuals can share the responsibility to provide other services. - Introduction states the writer's attitude to the opinion in the writing task.

A government must provide those services which are essential to a country. These include defense capabilities and social security. Private enterprise and the profit motive should not form part of these essential services. On the other hand some services could be provided by either government or private groups or both. Education and health care are examples of such services. A government must provide at least a basic level of education and health care so all citizens can have access to them. Private enterprise, though, could also provide services in these areas for those who wish to pay for them. - 1st argument: what governments must provide, with supporting statement - 2nd argument: providers of other services, with examples

Urban infrastructure is another area where government and private groups or individuals can share responsibility. Governments must build and maintain a system of roads, but toll roads can be built and road maintenance carried out by private contractors. Similarly, other infrastructures, such as water or electricity supply, can be operated by private companies. - More support and examples for 2nd argument

To sum up, there are some services such as defence and social security which must be provided by government. Other services, for example water supply or education, could be provided by both government and private enterprise. Consequently, it is not true to say that a government's role is only to provide some services while others should be provided by the private sector. In fact, both government and private groups can share in the provision of most services. - Conclusion re-states main arguments and paraphrases opinion in the writing task.

Source: Prepare for IELTS, by Vanessa Todd & Penny Cameron, 1996, UTS, Australia. For non-profit educational use only.

学科学的学生应该得到政府更多的经济支持

Some people think science contributes the society more, others believe other subjects contribute more such as language and business. What degree do you agree or disagree.

给政府建议

Waste disposal presents increasing problems, especially in urban areas. How true do you think? Give some suggestion for the government and individuals how to reduce the amount of rubbish.

政府应该给艺术家们自由发挥和创作的空间

Creative artists should be given freedom to express their ideas(words, pictures, music and films) ; however some people think government should take some restriction with them. To what extent do you agree or disagree. Give your reasons with own knowledge and give examples.

Creative artists always want to express their ideas in what they own ways freely, If the government needs no restriction on what they want? Agree or disagree.

写作提示:

发信人: sadrainbow(抱风狂追)

由于过两天我就要到新西兰了,所以没多少时间研究格式,只把观点写出来了,供大家参考。因为 unlimited 要比 limited 的理由多,所以我也就懒得去费劲的替政府琢磨限制的原因。

不限制的原因:

1. 文明:这是一种自由,现代社会是一个自由的社会,一个人只要用不违法的方式表达他本人的想法并付诸实施就是自己的自由,而自由恰恰体现了一个国家的文明程度。
2. 教育:艺术家们的自由发挥就是一种革新的意识,而革新意识正式现代人们所必须具备的才能,通过艺术家们富有创造性的作品,能启发人们的革新意识和创新意识,这对教育人们有着莫大的帮助
3. 经济和文化:政府和社会如果能给艺术家们一个自由发挥和创作的空间和氛围,这有利于本国艺术的提高,更可以使用的艺术能成为一种新兴的产业,不仅丰富了人们的精神生活还有利于本国经济的增长。(在这里要编一个理由,比如:根据一项调查表明,艺术市场越丰富和壮大的国家,它们的国内生产总值更高。反正这又不是写论文,没人要你写出自哪篇调查报告)

当然,文章里还要提及一下适当的限制

就像 a coin has its two sides.过分的自由也会导致一些不良的后果和影响。

1. 道德：如今一些艺术家只强调自己的创作，而不考虑社会和他人利益，从而引发了一些社会问题，例如在别人干净的墙上乱写乱画呀，写一些不顾后果的文章等等。对于这些，政府应该采取措施加以制止和引导。

2. 还有很多，大家自己想吧，呵呵（反对的观点一个就够了）

以上观点仅供参考

观点还是要自己想的比较好，我已经写了很多关于作文观点的文章，也只是供大家参考，由于本人在国内时间不多了，也只好写成中文的，对于里面的个别词汇，大家自己查字典问高人吧，呵呵

写作范例：

发信人：孙肇春(Tony)

The responsibility of an artist is to create artworks to cater for people's needs for aesthesis and enjoyment. Some masterpieces by the world-renowned artists like Shakespeare, the greatest poet in British literature; Vinci, the most famous Italian painter, architect and sculptor impress the people around the world deeply. From my point of view, the government should not give restrictions to artists. On the contrary, their creativity and innovation should be encouraged. (71 words)

Creativity is the source of arts. The development of literature is a very vivid illustration. From Classicism to Romanticism, from Renaissances to Realism, from Humanity to Post-modernism, (从古典主义到浪漫主义，从文艺复兴到现实主义，从人文主义到后现代主义) all the styles of literature reflect people's thinking and have epoch-making significance. Suppose there was only one style of literature, people would not appreciate so abundant poetry and novels and our world would become so monotonous.

Furthermore, restrictions on creativity will arouse tragedies, one of which is "Burn books and bury the literati in pits" (焚书坑儒) in Chinese history launched by Emperor Qin Shihuang, who buried the Confucian scholars alive and prohibited the dissemination of Confucian. Another tragedy was started by Emperor Yongzheng in the Qing Dynasty, who killed many creative artists and intellectuals, undermining the literal development and distorting the development of humanity. History proves that only when a government encourages people to express their own idea and thought freely, can its country make progress and prosper.

Finally, I will quote a classic sentence from a famous article entitled "Give Me Liberty Or Give Me Death" by Patrick Henry, the greatest writer in American history, "I know not what course others may take; but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!" (不自由，勿宁死！)

图书的时代是否已经被电脑电视取代

Someone said the age of book has passed, the information will be presented by video, computer, television and film. Others think the book and the written words will be necessary for spread info & complete education. Discuss both sides and give your opinion.

写作提示:

发信人: *sadrainbow*(抱风狂追)

首先，我个人认为未来电脑等应该能取代书的地位比较好写

理由

1. 现在的书太贵了，根据一份调查现在人们购买书的逐渐减少而电子产品能提供低廉的价格，甚至是免费，这样能为人们节省很多金钱
2. 随着电子工业和科技的发展，电子产品更符合现代的生活为人们的阅读提供方便，人不可能把全套的大英百科全书都买到家里，而一张电脑光盘就可以存储
3. 现在的教育已经不能局限于书本，人们可以通过电脑和电视来进行远程教育，这更有利于知识的传播和推广

不同的观点:

1. 书写更能提高人们的写作能力和阅读能力，事实上现在的人们更依赖于电脑的写作，而且电视和电影提供的是直观的影响，使人们很少进行笔头的工作和文字的阅读。
2. 书本可以随身携带，你可以在车上，在等待的时候，在飞机上，基本上在任何地点任何地方都可以阅读
3. 电子的东西更容易被盗版，使知识产权受到侵害，这对知识的传播和保护是很不利的。

TV, Internet and radio are very popular nowadays. Some people say that they will

replace books and written words as the main sources of information. To what extent do you agree or disagree to this position?

写作范例:

作者: 孙肇春

Internet and TV, as the mainstream of media, play a very important role in information transformation. They present a colorful and vivid world in front of us. Some people assert that Internet and TV would take the place of books in a couple of years. However, facts tell us that each medium has its own advantages and disadvantages. Books will not retreat from our life.

Admittedly, Internet and TV bring about many conveniences to us. Firstly, Internet and TV can transform information instantly. They can tell us what happened in the world right away with very impressive dynamic pictures. During the 17th World Cup, many people watched the games on TV or Internet live. Internet and TV can also tell us the latest development of science and technology and the fashion trend nowadays, which can keep us abreast with the world. Secondly, Internet and TV also play an important educational role. For instance, people can study history, culture, language and cooking skills from some educational programs on TV or Internet. Lastly, People can get entertainment from Internet and TV, which are abundant in interesting and exciting electronic games and adventures.

However, we should not neglect the importance of books which are very convenient to carry and easy to get. Books are available everywhere, such as in the library, in the book stores, in your pocket or beside your pillow. After a day's work, we can lay on bed relaxing by reading some novels or newspaper. You can read a very interesting story on a train or on plane. TV and Internet would not be that convenient and further, they could cause tiredness sometimes if you sit in front of TV and computer for a very long time.

In conclusion, books are one of the main sources of information and they are very convenient for people to read. Books will not disappear from our life in the future, though TV and Internet have so profound influence in our life. (329 words totally)

雅思范文: 怎样看待电脑科技的普遍运用

注:此文为转载的文章,仅供参考练习之用,并无它用,请大家慎重对待!

We are becoming increasingly dependent on computers. They are used in businesses, hospitals, crime detection and even to fly planes. What things will they be used for in the future?

Is this dependence on computers a good thing or should we be more auspicious of their benefits?

Computers are a relatively new invention. The first computers were built fifty years ago and it is only in the last thirty or so years that their influence has affected our everyday life. Personal computers were introduced as recently as the early eighties. In this short time they have made a tremendous impact on our lives. We are now so dependent on computers that it is hard to imagine what things would be like today without them. You have only got to go into a bank when their main computer is broken to appreciate the chaos that would occur if computers were suddenly removed world-wide.

In the future computers will be used to create bigger and even more sophisticated computers. The prospects for this are quite alarming. They will be so complex that no individual could hope to understand how they work. They will bring a lot of benefits but they will also increase the potential for unimaginable chaos. They will, for example, be able to fly planes and they will be able to coordinate the movements of several planes in the vicinity of an airport. Providing all the computers are working correctly nothing can go wrong.

There is a certain inevitability that technology will progress and become increasingly complex. We should, however, ensure that we are still in a position where we are able to control technology. It will be all too easy to suddenly discover that technology is controlling us. By then it might be too late I believe that it is very important to be suspicious of the benefits that computers will bring and to make sure that we never become totally dependent on a completely technological world.

政府对国家体育队的财政支持

Some people believe that national sports teams and individual men and women who represent their country should be financially supported by government. Some people think they should be funded by non-government (eg. business, scholarship)

pay for health care and education

Some people think the government should pay for health care and education, but other people claim that it can benefit only the workers, not the employers. Do you agree or disagree?

Maintaining public libraries

Maintaining public libraries is a waste of money since the computer technology can replace their function. To what extent you agree or disagree?

Government should pay the course fees

The government should pay for the course fees for everyone who wants to study at the university. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

情感与人生类

讲真话和撒谎的问题

该不该讲真话,有人说在某些情况下说谎是必要的,你的观点?是说人们应该多说谎言还是多说实话,多大程度上同意或不同意。有人认为没有必要 tell the truth on all times. 在某些时候 tell lies 是可以得,而且 it is not a wrong thing.

“Some people say that tell the truth is not always essential. It’s necessary to tell lies sometimes. To what extent do you agree or disagree.”

关于幸福的问题

Happiness is considered important to people. Why are the definitions of happiness different?(大概是这样,意思就是问为什么幸福的定义如此不同和难下这个定义)What are the factors in achieving happiness? Give some examples and relevant evidence.

性格和成长的地方有关

Your character is strongly influenced by the place where you grew up. Write in what ways can growing up in a city or growing up in the countryside influence people's character?

年轻人在空闲时爱购物

Young people like to go shopping in their spare time, 你怎么看? Some people think the young should spend their time to learn the useful你有什么建议? 理由? 例子?

Tomorrow is the most important thing in life

先给出了某部电影里的一句台词“Tomorrow is the most important thing in life.” How important is it for individuals and countries to think for future rather than focusing on the present.

与家人和朋友相处

Many more people do not have enough time to off work to share with families and friends. Why? What effect to family and society?

传统与发展

一些历史曾经只是在博物馆里现在网上随处可以找到

2010.12.04

In the past, some culture and history are shown in the museum. But now, people can use the Internet to see them freely. Therefore, they think we do not need museum in the future. To what extent do you agree or disagree.

历史能不能帮助我们

Some people think history has nothing or little to tell us, but others think that studying the past history can help us better understand the present. Please discuss the two views and give your own opinion.

perform everyday tasks

It is now possible to perform everyday tasks such as banking, shopping and business transactions without meeting people face-to-face. What is the effect it may bring on the individual and the society as a whole?

work at home rather than in workplace

现在很多人 work at home rather than in workplace. 有人觉得在家工作给 worker 的家庭和 worker 都带来 benefits. 有人认为在家工作会 bring stress 到家里. Discuss both views and also give your own opinion

Many employees may work at home with the modern technology. Some people claim that it can benefit only the workers, not the employers. Do you agree or disagree?

Unlimited car use

Unlimited car use has brought us a lot of problems. What are those problems? And should we discourage people to use cars?

cars keeps increasing

The number of cars keeps increasing, and road systems should be expanded. Some people think the government should pay for it. Some people think the car owners should pay for it. What is your opinion?

动物

动物灭绝的原因

Many animal species in the world are becoming extinct nowadays. Some people say that countries and individuals should protect these animals from dying out,

while others say we should concentrate more on problems of human beings.
Discuss both views and give your opinion.

应仁慈地进行动物实验

Animal testing may be necessary, but we need to be merciful.

写作示范:

发帖: sony1984

Every year, millions of animals undergo painful suffering or death as a result of scientific research into the effects of drugs, food additives, cosmetics and other chemical products. While most people think animal testing is necessary, others are upset by what they see as needless suffering. This essay looks at some of the positive and negative aspects of animal testing.

Many medical treatments and procedures have been developed from experiments on animals. Since animals share many features with humans, scientists use animals to test the safety and effectiveness of newly developed drugs before pilot testing on small groups of patients. Medical teams practice new operating techniques such as transplants on animals. Without animal testing, many procedures or new drugs would be extremely unsafe.

However, many people are concerned that animals are suffering unnecessarily and cruelly. They do not believe that every new drug needs to be tested on animals, especially with the huge database of knowledge and modern computer models. They also are worried that many animal tests are ineffective, pointing out that any drugs have had to be withdrawn from the market despite extensive testing. They particularly feel that animal testing should not be used for non-essential products such as cosmetics, shampoos, soaps, and cleaning products. Furthermore, some campaigners would like to see certain tests replaced and more humane methods used.

We need to make sure that the millions of animals who are used for testing new products are treated with the minimum of suffering. Although some animal testing may be unavoidable at present, treating our fellow creatures as mercifully as possible will demonstrate our humanity.

写作示范 2:

There is no alternative

Every day, thousands of people are saved from painful diseases and death by powerful medical drugs and treatments. This incredible gift of medicine would not be possible without animal testing. Despite these overwhelming benefits, however, some people are calling for animal testing to be banned because of alleged cruelty. This essay will examine arguments for and against animal testing.

Those against the use of animal testing claim that it is inhumane to use animals in experiments. I disagree completely. It would be much more inhumane to test new drugs on children or adults. Even if it were possible, it would also take much longer to see potential effects, because of the length of time we live compared to laboratory animals such as rats or rabbits.

Opponents of animal testing also claim that the results are not applicable to humans. This may be partly true. Some drugs have had to be withdrawn, despite testing. However, we simply do not have alternative methods of testing. Computer models are not advanced enough, and testing on plants is much less applicable to humans than tests on animals such as monkeys. Until we have a better system, we must use animal testing.

A further point often raised against animal testing is that it is cruel. Some of the tests certainly seem painful, but the great majority of people on this planet eat meat or wear leather without any guilt. Where is their sympathy for animals? Furthermore, animals clearly do not feel the same way as humans, and scientists are careful to minimize stress in the animals, since this would damage their research.

I agree that we need to make sure that animals who are used for testing new products have the minimum of suffering. However, I am convinced that animal testing is necessary, and that it will continue to benefit humans in new and wonderful ways.

311 words

写作示范 3 :

Advantages of Animal Testing in Medical Research

Medical research involving animals has dramatically improved the health of the human race. Without animal testing, the cure for polio would not exist and diabetics would suffer or die from their disease. Despite these benefits, some people believe that animals should not be used for testing medical techniques and drugs. This essay will outline the advantages of animal testing.

Animal testing allows scientists to test and create new drugs. Animals such as monkeys or rabbits have similar physical processes to humans. This allows scientists to test the effects of certain drugs. If a drug produces adverse effects in animals it is probably unfit for human use.

Animal testing is cheap. There is a large supply of animals for medical research. Animals are easily bred, and maintained safely in controlled labs. The costs of testing in humans would be extremely high.

Many people argue that animal testing is cruel. In some cases this is true. However it would be much more cruel to test new drugs on people or children, or to let people die because there was not enough information about a drug. Furthermore, legislation in most countries sets standards for animal treatment, and laboratories have guidelines to prevent cruelty.

Opponents of animal research also say that information from animals does not apply to humans. They point to certain commercial drugs which have been withdrawn because of side-effects in humans. While it is true that animal systems differ from human systems, there are enough similarities to apply information from animals to humans.

Animal rights campaigners claim that we don't need new tests because we already have vast amounts of information. However, many new deadly infections appear every year and new treatments and drugs are needed to combat these deadly plagues.

Animal testing is needed in the world we live in. Our responsibility is to manage the animals in our care and balance their suffering against the good that comes from them.

321 words

是否应将动物关在动物园里

Zoos are sometimes seen as necessary but poor alternative to a natural environment. Is it necessary to keep animals in zoos?

写作示范:

In the modern society, zoos are almost indispensable places in large cities for people to visit. In some large zoos, there are various animals from space to sea, and from primitive invertebrates to advanced and intelligent mammals. In the zoos, all animals, including those rare animals, such as panda, Africa elephant, and North-East tiger, could enjoy good care and protection away from any hurt. However, along with the stronger natural environmental protection

consciousness, many people think that to put animals into small cages will change their living instincts, and therefore break the ecological balance.

Viewed from the basic relations between animals and human beings, animals should have the equal freedom with human beings. They are all forms of life. Animals have their own living instinct, and it is this instinct that forms the biological chain of the Earth. This relation is called "Ecological Balance" academically. For example, insect—bird—snake. If most birds in a region are killed and locked into cages by human beings, the pests will eat out all crops, and snakes will lose a large part of food (bird)-resources, therefore leading to starvation and death.

This opinion sounds ideal theoretically. However in reality, human beings and other animals cannot stay together peacefully on the Earth. Because of human beings' lust for fortune, many valuable animals are killed or sold, especially those endangered species. Therefore, zoos appear as an active way for people to protect those poor animals. First, this is an action not only for animals but also for human being itself. Once the biological chain is broken, human beings will be punished inevitably. Next, zoos can serve a purpose of educating and entertaining people, narrowing the distance between human beings and animals. Last, zoos can be a scientific study center to rescue more endangered species and make animals better serve people's need.

The key point of this topic is freedom or protection. In my opinion, those two aspects can be unified. It is necessary to keep animals in zoos for the purpose of protection, teaching and study. Let's think it further, the purpose of all these actions is to make animals live happier, therefore, maintain the ecological balance, hence protect our own living environment.

野生动物

Wild animals have no place in the 21st century, and the protection is a waste of resource. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Wild animals have no place in 21st century. Some people think that prevent these wild animals from dying out is a waste of resource. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this.

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写作示范 1:

发帖人: Mikeliao 原创: 孙肇春

Biological diversity has never been so threatened as it is today as a result of the process of human civilization. The various forms of pressure created by human activity have destroyed natural balance, led to the deterioration of natural habitats, genetic erosion and the rarity, even disappearance, of a number of plant and animal species.

As the pace of civilization accelerates, more people, taking more space, needing to use more natural resources, engaging in ever-growing consumption, impose severe deterioration on the habitat of animals. An increasing number of people come to realize that the disappearance of animals will result in serious threat to the equilibrium of ecosystem. Simply put, the extinction of hawks, a rat-eating bird seen in many regions, will result in the rapid propagation of rats. And rats, further, will destroy the prairies and threaten the other animals like gazelles, zebras and others, who live on grass and green lands. The coexistence of animals and human beings creates perfect harmony and brings about the vividness to our planet.

It is hard to imagine what our world would be like without animals. Sociologists also point out that the disappearance of animals can cause social and economic problems. Animal trade, as a supporting sector to the world economy, was very active before. However, the situation is beyond control since animal trade is very profitable and alluring. Many species cannot escape the adversity of being killed.

Certainly, our diet cannot be without meat. There are living stocks, which can provide us with sufficient and nutritious produce. Therefore, we need not to resort to wild animals, especially the endangered ones. To protect animals is to protect our living environment. Every individual should join efforts to keep the diversity of animals. (288 words)

写作示范 2:

Nowhere in the world has the issue of wild animals been so much debated as in our society. Nowadays, the habitat of wild animals is being destroyed, but many people think that it to be insignificant to protect these wild animals. The above point is absolutely wrong, and this essay will outline three reasons.

The main reason is that people should not master existent right of animals. Not only people but also wild animals have the right to live. More and more wild animals are rapidly disappearing from this globe, it couldn't be divided with that natural environment was destroyed. It is unfair to wild animals whose existent rights are being ignored.

Another reason is that biologic diversity should be protected. In the future, it will be terrible and alone definitely if only people survive on this globe. Also, the variety of species has an important scientific value. For instance, invention of radar was based on ultrasonic of bat.

Last but not the least reason is many wild animals are not protected. It means the natural balance will be broken, people will face challenges and problems. People destroyed environment of nature, resulting a smaller in habitat for wild animals. Also, the problems of environment have already affected oneself of people. If people couldn't amend current status, it will be the biggest bale of them.

In conclusion, people ought to pay out plenty of money for improving existent environment of wild animals. This behavior doesn't have the meaning of alms. On the contrary, it just means atonement.

写作示范 3:

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写作示范 4:

With the development of society, there are more and more problems brought to our attention, one of which is that wild animals have no place to survive in the 21st century. Some people

think that the protection is a waste of resource. From my point of view, I disagree with this statement for some reasons below.

Firstly, the animals and human beings are creatures created by God. Although as Darwin said, "Survival is the fittest." we are human beings who have thought. We can't behave like barbarians and destroy the environment where animals live. We need places to survive and so do animals. Therefore, we ought to give them a wonderful and natural place to survive.

Secondly, there are a lot of species of animals on the earth. They are just like our neighbor. For example, in my childhood, I went to my grandparents' home in the countryside every weekend. Not far away from the house, there is a forest. Sometimes, I go there with my cousins and brothers. We met a lot of little wild animals there such as, monkeys, snakes, rabbits and so on.

However, there are a lot of people who may agree and have their own opinion concerning this case. From my angle, we, human beings, can't deprive the survival rights of animals. On the contrary, we have to protect them from extinction. Just imagine how horrible the world would be if human is the only creature in the world. Hence, the government should educate people to preserve and protect our neighbor, natural wild animals.

关于动物的残杀

有人认为不应该杀动物，因为那是残忍和不必要的，有人认为肉类是必要的，谈一下这两方面和你的观点。Some people think killing animals for food is cruel and unnecessary and some people think is essential for dairy diet. To what extent do you think about the both issues? Some people think killing animals as food is cruel and unnecessary, but other people disagree because meat is essential to people. Discuss and give your opinion.

Animal research

Scientists use living animal to carry our research. Some people think it is interesting, while some other people think it is cruel. What do you think?

写作示范:

作者: 孙肇春

Concerning the issue whether scientists should use living animals for scientific research, people hold different views. Some people claim that it is cruel, while some other people argue that it is beneficial to the development of science. As far as I am concerned, I am in favor of carrying out experiments on animals.

Firstly, scientists can do initial experiments on animals to test the effect of new medicine. Scientists have founded so many milestones on the way to medical development. But they can not find effective treatment to some diseases like cancer and AIDS, which are fatal to people's health. Through experiments on animals, scientists can not only understand the pathology of some diseases, but also try the effect of medicine and find the most effective treatment to these diseases, making great breakthroughs in the field of medicine.

Secondly, using living animals in the laboratory, the teachers in the university or some research institutes can demonstrate the anatomic knowledge to the students majoring in medicine, rendering students a direct understanding of biological knowledge, which can improve the level of medical research and make great contributions to the medical science. Without experiments on living animals, genetic technology would not have developed so quickly. Actually, most scientists attribute their success and breakthroughs to experiments on animals.

Finally, some animals can provide human beings with essential organs for transplantation. Genetic technology will change the genes of some animals. In the near future, organs of animals will take the place of artificial organs like heart pumps, prolonging patients' life.

However, researches on living animals face a moral problem because animals are also creatures in the nature, which possess equal rights as human beings. On second thoughts, it is worthwhile for the purpose to accelerate the development of science and the progress of human civilization. (299 words)

(March 2002, 广州真题)

关于动物的保护问题

发信人: lindababy(小奈)

When it comes to discuss how to treat animals. Different people may have different answer due to their respective point of view. Some people think that animals are the source of food and clothes, but other people argue that it is cruel and human beings should treat animals like pets and friends. Carefully consideration leads me to believe that both opinions seem to be

reasonable but cannot without its defects.

People who think animals should be treated as pets argue that human beings and animals are all the essential part of natural. They cannot live without each other. It must be taken some serious problem if human beings kill amount of animals as source of foods and clothes. Many animals will border on extinction and then the earth's ecological system can't maintain the balance.

In addition, animals take a lot of convenience to human and make our life more colorful. For example, dog help people to detect crime, such as battle against drug. Some people keep animals as pets and pets became their companions, which is especially important for people who live alone. Some pets such as cats and dogs can give us a lot of funny when we played with them.

On the contrary, some people regard animals as source of food and clothes. They think people must absorb the necessary nutrition through eating meat. For example, chicken contain a lot of protein. People cannot live without meat unless they are vegetarian. Besides that, some animals like sheep are suit to make clothes. The woolen clothes can keep people warm. People can cut the wool to make clothes and no need to kill the sheep.

In my opinion, both opinions have its own defect and the key point is that we should treat animals in moderate way. We should protect some animals which are bordering the extinction. On the other hand, human beings are also essential part of food chain and they cannot live without meat. While killing animals as sources of food and clothe, man should propagate the animals immediately to protect them from extinction.

To sum up, we share the one earth with animals and have a responsibilities to maintain the balance of the earth' s ecological system.

Some people regard animals as the source of food or clothes, and others think that they should be treated like pets. State your opinion from both sides.

发信人: bee513(我是一只烤猪)

If you are not a vegetarian and claim that you are an animal lover, no one will accuse you of hypocrisy because it is easy to forget that a steak at the supermarket once formed part of a livestock. This needn't make you too uncomfortable because you are in good company. You

feel even innocent enough to despise those who wear leather clothing or are enthusiasts for the hunt. The conscience of us is appeased while we contribute a litter bit of food to animals in zoo or donate one back to the Animals Conservation Association.

But what do you think of animals indeed? Some people only regard animals as the source of food or clothes. Some people who cling to human's supremacy regard animals as low-grade creatures in the earth. From my point of view, it is normal and inevitable that we human beings with greater abilities kill some animals and eat them as wild animals do everywhere in the nature. The key point is that we should do it in a more moderate way, on a scale that we show our respect to them. Could you consider an animal as another God-given creature as yourself? Could you treat them as a lion does to a deer, as a bird does to a beetle? Nature goes harmoniously except the presence of humans. Only humans slaughtered other creatures as well as fellow creature in their millions. We could have behaved better if there is a word 'respect' in our dictionary.

Those who have pets argue that they treat their pets as their family members. However, do you like to be a pet of another creature? Do you like to walk with a leash around you neck in a street? If you love animals in your heart, just give their liberties! Let them go where they used to live instead of your magnificent house!

After all, every creature has equally only one chance to live in the world.(320 words)

Should animals be the friends of people or should they be regarded as the sources of people's food and clothes? State your positions with your own experience.

作者：孙肇春

Animals, as intimate friends of human beings, are disappearing with an amazing speed on the earth. Biologists and environmental experts point out that if the trend cannot be stopped, human beings will lose their best friends and be confronted with serious deterioration of environment. (44 words)

The coexistence of human beings and animals creates perfect harmony in the world. Recently, I have been deeply impressed by the book by an eleven-year-old French girl named Tippi, who illustrates abundant photographs about wild animals in African tropic forest, depicting the intimacy between animals and people. (47 words)

However, animals are faced with unprecedented threat from human beings. To snatch more profit, many people hunt for animals illegally. Gazelle, an active and innocent animal popular in many countries becomes the target of many hunters just for its soft furs. Elephant has not escaped the adversity of being killed, for ivory is collected as a symbol of fortune by many tycoons. The endangered giant pandas are on the edge of disappearance from the earth because their inhabitation is seriously destroyed by the progress of human civilization. If human beings do not take effective measures to protect animals, our descendants can only see their remains and fossils in museums. What makes it worse is that the biosphere will be damaged immensely and human beings will dwell on a monotonous planet, with no birds' singing and flowers' scent. (137 words)

To protect animals is to protect us. The destruction of environment is avoidable if human beings can pay more attention to the protection of environment in the process of civilization. In the meantime, the government and the authorities concerned should strengthen the implementation of laws to protect wild animals and crack down on the violators, creating a harmonious atmosphere for our planet. (62 words) (290 words totally)

动物实验的好坏

Some people think that using animals for experimentation purpose is cruel, but other people think that it is necessary for the development of science.

Discuss both views and give your opinion.

考题解释

有些人认为把动物用于试验目的很残忍，但是另一些人却认为这对科学的发展是必要的。请讨论这两种观点并给出自己的观点。

考题分析

本题讨论的话题是是否可以拿动物作试验。考题中有两种观点，分别是支持和反对。因为提问中有明确的“discuss both views”的指令，因此两种观点都必须讨论到。最后的观点可以采取折衷的方案，即动物是否可以用来试验应该取决于试验的性质或者动物的种类等。

类似考题

Some people think that the animals should be treated as pets; others think that animals are sources of food and clothing. What is your opinion?

Aquariums and wildlife sanctuaries are seen as sources of education and entertainment for families. They are also essential to conduct life-saving research. However there is opposition to confining animals in this way. Discuss some of the arguments for and against the maintenance of zoos.

原创范文

A chimpanzee is perhaps the animal most closely related to humans; but instead of treating the animal with love and respect, we subject it to cruel and inhumane scientific and medical experiments to further human development. What a cruel fate for the unfortunate chimpanzee. Or perhaps, in life as in the jungle it is survival of the fittest, and so, as the most intelligent animal we are just exercising our right to dominate and use other animals as we wish.

For many people the issue of using animals for science is black and white; either very pro-animal rights, or very much in favour of using animals since we are the highest level creature. On the one hand, some people say that subjecting animals to pain and torture is truly barbaric; higher-level animals share with us feelings, thoughts and behaviors and so we should look after them and respect them. They may also feel that if we are so unsure about the effects of a drug for example then we should do further chemical testing before doing live and sometimes cruel animal testing.

Others, however, believe that we must use animals for the benefit of our own species (humans); to test drugs, cosmetics and new developments in science which will provide a safer and better lifestyle for us. Very few people are inherently cruel, but they still believe it is either them or us; it is better to test the drugs on a monkey rather than on a person.

Being cruel for the sake of being cruel and with no tangible results to show for it is definitely stepping over a boundary of acceptable behavior, but at other times if the benefits of the research are explicit, tangible and valuable then I feel that the research is justified. (296 Words)

谋篇布局

第一段

引言段，背景介绍并给出观点

第一段里作者先介绍了考题的背景。用黑猩猩(chimpanzee)和“适者生存”(survival of the fittest)的事例来证明人类正在为了自身的目的让动物遭受痛苦。

第二段

主体段 1，反对动物试验的理由

本段首先承认在是否可以把动物用于科学试验这个问题上存在明显分歧，既有人支持也有人反对。随后重点讨论了反对动物试验的理由：

理由一: barbaric

动物和人类一样有情感、思想和行为 (feelings, thoughts and behaviors), 我们应该照顾它们尊重它们 (look after them and respect them)。让动物遭受痛苦和折磨是野蛮的行为 (truly barbaric)。

理由二: chemical testing

如果对药物的疗效不是很确定 (unsure about the effects of a drug), 应该进一步进行化学试验 (do further chemical testing), 避免用动物进行残忍的活体实验。

第三段

主体段 2, 支持动物试验的理由

在第三段中作者讨论了另外一种观点, 即应该支持动物试验。理由也有两条:

理由一: safer and better lifestyle

动物试验可以帮助人类测试药物、化妆品等 (test drugs, cosmetics) 给人类带来更安全和舒适的生活 (safer and better lifestyle)。

理由二: better than testing on human

有些人觉得既然一定要用活体试验, 那么用猴子做试验总要比用人试验要好 (it is better to test the drugs on a monkey rather than on a person.)。

第四段

总结, 并给出作者观点

最后一段作者提出了自己的观点, 认为如果是为了残忍而残忍而且没有任何效果, 则绝对是超出了可接受行为的范围 (stepping over a boundary of acceptable behavior)。但如果研究所带来的利益是明显、实际并且有价值的 (explicit, tangible and valuable), 则这些试验是合理的 (the research is justified.)。

重点词汇

subject ... to...

使.....屈从于.....; 使.....遭受.....

The inquiry found that the court had subjected them to unfair treatment.

inhumane

adj. 残忍的; 不人道的

Conditions for prisoners were described as inhumane.

survival of the fittest

适者生存

"Survival of the fittest" is the result of natural selection.

in favour of

支持; 赞成

He voted in favour of the bill because he wants to please the law makers.

torture

n. 折磨; 痛苦

Half of the prisoners died after torture and starvation.

barbaric

adj. 野蛮的; 粗野的

She found the idea of killing animals for pleasure barbaric.

species

n. 物种; 种类

Over a hundred species of insect are found in this area.

explicit

adj. 外在的; 清楚的

She was very explicit about what she thought was wrong with the plans.

boundary

n. 边界; 分界线

The Ural mountains mark the boundary between Europe and Asia.

tangible

adj. 切实的; 实际的

Other tangible benefits include an increase in salary and shorter working hours.

justified

adj. 有道理的; 合理的

I accept that the criticism is completely justified.

inherently

adv. 天性地; 固有地

There's nothing inherently wrong with his ideas.

实用句型

以.....为目的 for the sake of ...

在表达“为了.....(目的)而做.....”这种概念时, 可以用“for the sake of”来表达, 相当于“because of...”或“for the purpose of...”例如:

Let's not disagree for the sake of (= because of) a few pounds.

Let's say, just for the sake of argument/for argument's sake (= for the purpose of this discussion), that prices rise by 3 per cent this year.

You're only arguing for the sake of arguing (= because you like arguing).

此外, 我们还可以用“for its own sake”用来表达类似的概念, 例如:

I study for its own sake.

Don't use technology for its own sake. Use it when it's the best or the only way to provide information.

5.27 日雅思考试高分范文

Animals were friends or foes of humanity at different stages of the human history. In modern times, experiments upon animals have been a breeding ground for spirited debate. Some animal rights activists argue that we should ban animal experiments altogether because subjecting animals to experimentation is unwarranted on moral grounds, whereas some other

people contend that the advancement of science necessitates animal testing. Personally, I am in favor of the latter view.

Granted, mounting empirical evidence suggests that many animal experiments are performed callously without any heed to the discomfort or pain that laboratory mammals endure. For one thing, improper confinement of test animals such as locking them up in cramped cages is inhumane; and this, in turn, can severely disrupt natural biological functions of the test animal. For another, the effects of vaccination or vivisection conducted on live mammals can be chilling. In extreme cases, they constitute sheer torture of animals.

Nevertheless, from a more pragmatic standpoint, evidence abounds that animal subjects are still an indispensable part of scientific research at this phase of human development. In the first place, drug experimentation on live mammals is, indisputably, far more effectual than experimentation on bacteria or on other lower species in determining drug safety. Medical history informs that drugs that can potentially exert grave side effects on homo sapiens must be tested by pharmaceutical companies on live mammals first to ascertain their toxicity. In the second place, in the realm of space research, live animals are still practical alternatives on a flight not considered to be sufficiently safe for human astronauts. And I would be hard-pressed to imagine the scenario that human lives should be put at stake when the objective of a space mission is merely to identify living creatures' reaction to outer space experience. Lastly, lab research about the behavioral tendencies of chimpanzees, gorillas or other members of the primate group is also a worthy endeavor, in light of the fact that it generates outcomes consistently advancing anthropological and genetic sciences.

To conclude, I concede that experiments upon animals may induce suffering to the test animals. However, it is generally arguable that there are no practical alternatives to this methodology at the current stage of scientific development. On balance, I am convinced that what we should do is to allow animals testing to be continued but at the same time use techniques such as analgesic, anesthetic and tranquilizing drugs to minimize the pain of the test animal.

作者: Patric 老师简介: 旅美多年、深谙欧美文化, 独创“assembly line 写作法”, 透析雅思写作考试的应试体系, 抹去您写作考试中“永远的痛”, 长期执教环球写作专项训练班和私人雅思课程的培训, 造就了一大批的高分学员

如何学习和使用写作机经

说到机经，雅思考生们一定不会陌生，甚至常常成为津津乐道的话题。所谓机经，其实就是考生对考题的回忆，由于除雅思官方公开发行的剑桥系列之外，考生是无法通过其他渠道获取雅思考试真题的，这时考题回忆，也就是机经，成为了了解考题内容，解析考试动态的唯一途径，其中的写作机经更是重中之重。

然而，在使用雅思写作机经的过程中，朗阁海外考试研究中心的专家发现不少考生存在以下误区：

一、死记硬背

不少考生抱着背水一战的信念，花费大量的时间在机经的收集和 Related 例文的背诵上，更有甚者，力求每道考题都写一遍，精神可嘉。但是，这种做法无疑是极度费时费力的。如果在考前没有完成所有任务，那么考生心理上就会非常地不安，从而影响考场上正常发挥。另外，由于考生备考时大量投入，势必希望能够在考场上有所回报，这就很有可能出现生搬硬套的现象，换句话说，如果有相似考题出现，考生肯定会把平时背诵的例文最大可能地往上搬，殊不知目前雅思写作考题不再是单纯的旧题重复，而是在话题相似的基础上改变论证重点和角度，照搬很容易出现偏题现象。

二、投机取巧

部分考生，对写作考题抱有押宝心理，考前不是踏踏实实地准备相关的词汇、句型和写作素材，而是追着老师或者通过网络等各种方式获取预测，准备几篇文章，然后抱着“中奖”心理走上考场。而雅思考试写作出题是从题库中随机抽取的，其“中奖”概率和买彩票是类似的，一旦押宝未中，就只能放弃，所以这类考生纯属玩票性质，在迈入考场之前就早有定局。

面对写作机经，朗阁海外考试研究中心建议考生能够理性对待，合理使用。

关键词一：分类

可将近年的写作机经按话题进行分类，整理相关的表达方式和理由素材。如环境话题，会涉及到环境保护谁来负责，个人、公司、国家还是国际（04 年、07 年、09 年考题），如何保护环境（06 年、08 年考题）等，总结出共性，从而做到举一反三。

关键词二：区分

根据同类话题的具体考题进行审题练习，区分出论述重点的差异性。朗阁海外考试研究中心的写作组专门进行过相似话题的不同点研究，例如，同样是环境话题，09 年 2 月 21 日考题 *Some people think that environmental problems are too big for individuals to deal with. Others, however, think that each individual should take some actions. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.* 就要求既要讨论到个人能够采取何种行动解决一些环境问题，也要讨论为什么有些环境问题个人无法解决（即只有政府或公司才能解决），而非大而泛的如何保护环境话题。

关键词三：练笔

写作机经的考题是最真实、最原汁原味的，考生可以用这些题目来进行考前练笔，同时和专业教师以及相关权威书籍材料提供的范文进行比对，找出差距，查漏补缺，争取在原有的基础上更进一步。

总之，避免盲目迷信，学会科学有效地使用写作机经，定能在考雅道路上助广大考生一臂之力。

雅思写作备考五点不得不看的建议

雅思口语和写作一直是中国学生最薄弱的两项，因为两项都是输出。

第一、很多学生语法基础薄弱，甚至没有语法概念。在高级阶段的教学中，我告诉很多学生，不管你们现在怎么写，写什么样的话题注定超不过 6 分，因为从第一句到最后一句都基本大大小小都有点文法错误，更谈不上地道不地道，是否有逻辑，有新观点了。因此在写作的初期准备中，语法是重点。不要相信一些所谓的抛开语法就可以学好英语的观点，因为我们的环境不具备语言习得的条件。语法是语言的一般规律，是掌握语言的捷径，而不是包袱。在语法学习中应该抓住要问题，比如名词主要是数和格的问题，动词主要是动词词性变化问题，因为它涉及到时态、语态、虚拟语气等的使用。很多学生能写出 **MAKED** 这样的变形来，让人哭笑不得。在选择语法教材的时候必须把握住简明实用的原则。复杂的语法书不适用于我们短期内掌握语法并将其应用于写作中，所以不建议同学看薄冰，张道真等语法专家编著的大部头著作。

第二、很多同学在学习英语中很少进行精读学习。读与写紧密相连。能写出多少东西决定于你读过多少东西，这同我们汉语写作是一样的。然而，雅思阅读侧重于技巧，因此雅思阅读的复习对于写作的帮助甚微，所以建议备考时间充足的同学每天坚持进行精读，养成查词典的好习惯，搞清楚一些词语的用法，并摘录一些典型用法以备日后使用。最好把一些好的词语的用法和一些优美的句子专门辑录下来。比如，我们在准备写作 **TASK 1** 图表作文时，就可以查找一些涉及数据表达，增减表达的文章。这类文章常见于经济类报刊，如英国的金融时报。于是我们既可以在网上搜索相关文章进行阅读，也可以在一些英美报刊选读的书籍中寻找相关内容。看到涉及增减变化，起伏趋势的句子就摘下来，以后必定可以用在写作中，而且表达会更自然更地道。

第三、话题相关词汇与表达匮乏。雅思写作 **TASK 1** 主要涉及图表描述语言，因此相关的词语必须熟记。而且表达同一概念的时候应该有多种方式，换词，换词性。**TASK 2** 涉及到除了政治宗教等差不多方方面面，于是涉及相关的一些热门话题诸如教育，环境，文化等词语和表达必须知道。比如关于环境方面的，全球气候变暖怎么说，温室气体怎么说，二氧化碳怎么说，海平面上升怎么说。因为这些都是你

在表达观点进行陈述时必须用到词语。因此早早进行分类记忆，对于后期写作大有帮助。

第四、同学在写作中一味追求模板范文。每次改作文，十个学生有九个一开头都是“With the development of”。模板不是不可以用，起码用得灵活些。要知道这些模板不是外国人给我们的，很多是我们中国人自己发明的，语言是否地道，结构是否为考官所喜欢还要打上一个大大的问号？我在给学生印发的一些由外国人写的例子中，几乎看不到模板的影子。没有几个人会按照那样的方式来安排文章。说白了，模板就是八股文，核心就是起承转合。很多范文质量并不高，即便是得7分的作文也不一定值得我们学习。这些文章多出于中国学生和教师之手，质量值得商榷。所以我们学习的时候就学的这样文章，然后再打个折扣，到自己写出来的就更不成样子了。

第五、刻意追求大词长句。有的同学背了一些大词，不管对它的语境使用是否清楚，一概往作文里用。也有的同学满篇都是长难句，句子一长，结构一复杂就到处是语病。其实这都是误区。雅思作文要求用词零活多样，句型多变，但这并不意味着必须使用大词，难词，长句，复杂句。简单词语的灵活使用也可满足要求。比如我们要表达满足需求，同学们都查满足该怎么说，需求该怎么说，其实很简单的“answer the need of”就可以使用，但是没有人知道 answer 还有满足的意思。其实我们写作中最合适的是长短句交叉使用。这样文章会更加易读，更加流畅。英语也一直在发展。我们读当代的英语小说和一些文章，多数都是流畅通顺易懂的，和我们读维多利亚时代的小说感觉大不相同。更何况，很多同学语法造诣远远不够，干嘛盲目追求句子的长与复杂而暴露更多语病呢。国外这些年都在流行“plain English”（简明英语运动），所以我们也应该以准确和流畅作为写作的基本要求。平时多做句子练习，写好简单句，写好一般的复合句。

雅思流程图作文—你不知道的秘密

第一、要用好表示顺序的连接词(Sequencing Words)

既然是流程图，就不可避免的要说明过程的各个步骤和先后顺序，在这里，大家要注意几个词。例如，表示过程我们通常用“process”或“procedure”，过程的各个阶段和步骤我们可以用“stage”或“step”来描述。在谈到第一个步骤时我们可以用连接词“In the first place”、“To begin with”、“In the first stage”等引出。在进入中间的步骤时可以用“Then”、“Next”、“After this/that”等，最后一个步骤可以用“Finally”或“Lastly”。当然，如果有一些平行的步骤我们也可以使用“At the same time”、“Meanwhile”等来引出。

以上这些词如果用的太频繁也会使文章显得较为单调，我们可以使用从句的方法使各个步骤的描写自然地衔接在一句话中。例如

When the cleaning is done, the bottles are conveyed to a glass factory where they are cut into glass pieces which are then poured into a furnace.

上面的句子用了 when/where/which 三个连词，就把玻璃瓶回收的三个步骤“cleaning- cutting -heating”巧妙地连接在了一起。

第二、要学会使用被动语态

流程图写好的第二个关键是被动语态的使用。流程图表现的是客观的工作流程或事物发展的过程。因此，我们可以尽量避免用“We should/must/need to do sth.”的主动语态，改为“Sth. Should/must/needs to be done”这样的被动语态。被动语态和情态动词的恰当搭配，可以使文章更具有客观、和学术化色彩。

The production of cement starts in a mixer, where limestone gravel and sand are converted into a mixture, which is then fed into a crusher. Here the mixture is ground into cement powder, and then is passed through a rotating heater.

上文中用到了 convert、feed、grind、pass 这四个动词的过去分词构造了被动语态，使过程的描写显得非常专业。

第三、引言段和结尾段的重要性

在流程图的引言段和结尾段写作中可以适当进行过程的阶段划分和总结，使文章的构思上一个层次，摆脱“流水账”的俗套。

This diagram illustrates the recycling process of glass bottles. The whole process is a cycle which can be divided into three main stages.

In summary, plants, humans and animals provide services for each other. Humans and animals need the oxygen that plants produce in order to stay alive. When humans and animals breathe out, they provide the carbon dioxide that plants need in order to survive.

第四、要善于“绕开”专业的概念表达

在流程图中，有时不可避免的会出现一些比较专业的概念，考场上一时想不出对应的英文，这时候要善于利用已知的简单词汇，试着把这些“专业”的概念用简单的方式表达出来。例如，不知道如何表达“房间通风”（ventilation）这个概念，我们可以说“air moving through the house”来说明，不知道如何说“斧头”和“锯子”（axe and saw）我们就用“special tools”来绕过，虽然不是描述得很精确，但总比不写或写错了要好。

2013年雅思备考：小作文的提高

2013年雅思备考，小作文的提高应简单用词和表达。

雅思考试中作文一项，很多考生们在考试的过程中会出现里不清楚的，问其根源，主要还是大家对于雅思小作文思考的过程不够熟练，在分析相关数据的时候不够魄力，优柔寡断。为此，笔者走访了雅思考试培训专家老师，专家们结合考试中的实例重点为对雅思写作考试中的小作文写作做详细介绍，为广大考生的备考提出建议。

雅思小作文中需要使用较简单的用词和表达方法，但却不失准确；同时雅思小作文中也除了简单也要侧重文中偏难度复杂的用词和表达方式，但却不失地道。这也正好解释了不少考生的一个误区：以为所有的用词都该是高级的，所有的句式都该是复杂的。其实，不论是针对大作文还是小作文，如果仔细研读考官所提供的范文，我们并不难发现类似“淡妆浓抹”的完美组合。如剑5 Test1, writing task1 中考官给出的 Model Answer 中我们可以发现类似的句子：In 1940, the proportion of people aged 65 or more stood at only 5% in Japan (最基本的简单句结构)。However, while the figures for the Western countries grew to about 15% in around 1990, the figure for Japan dipped to only 2.5% for much of this period, before rising to almost 5% again at the present time (有转折有对比的复杂并列句式，并且添加时间状语从句 before 引导，而且用词也并非简单的 drop 却代替用了 dip to 下降到...程度的意思)。既然有考官的范文为榜样，考生们自然应该多靠近模仿“朝拜”才是，将难易相结合进行到底！

雅思小作文开头段部分：

1. 当然“万事开头难”，所以如何给考官一个非常不错的第一印象也显得十分重要了。而“The graph shows”之类的表示方法肯定不是最佳的选择，因为其他考生也会用几乎雷同的方式来引言，所以朗阁海外考试研究中心推荐考生们可以尝试以下写法：

- 1) The graph provided reveals...
- 2) Given is a line chart concerning/ providing a comparison of/ illustrating ...
- 3) A glance at the figure provided reveals... (推荐)

2. 若想通过开头段给考官留下不错的印象，那么一定要在介绍图表描述后，加上一句话概括图表能反映出的总体情况，并且可以选择放入一些插入语，增强色彩，如：

1) Clearly, both rates fluctuated dramatically during this period.

2) It is evident that both nations saw considerable fluctuations in rates...

3. 完整看来, 以下给出 3 个不同等级的开头段(关于中美两国的出生率情况)可供学会模仿参考:

1) IELTS5 The graph shows some similarities between the birth rates of China and the USA from 1920 to 2000.

2) IELTS6 The graph provided reveals some surprising similarities between the Chinese and US birth rates during the period from 1920 to 2000. Clearly, both rates fluctuated dramatically during this period.

3) IELTS7 A glance at the graph provided reveals some striking similarities between the Chinese and US birth rates during the period from 1920 to 2000. It is evident that both nations saw considerable fluctuations in fertility, with lows during the 1940s and highs during the 1950s.

4. 使用多种表达方式替换图表 chart 的说法, 如 figure 图形, graph 图表; 曲线图, diagram 图表; 图解以及各种图形各自的英文表达方法; 而且为了表示强调题中所给的图时可加入: given 或是 provided 等放在 chart 的后面 "The figure given shows..."。

雅思小作文主体部分:

一般小作文题目中就有明确要求在文中对所给数据进行分析比较, 因此要想将主体段完成好肯定少不了“对比, 比较, 连接”等连接词以及语句, 如 while, however, in spite of, in stark contrast 等连词, 也包括类似 it is clear that 等插入语。当然为了拿到高分, 除了一些常用的搭配与表达之外, 更地道或是更高级的表示也是必须要掌握的, 具体如下: 当然主体段要想写的精彩, 除了各式用词之外, 也绝对离不开句式的搭配运用, 简单的“淡妆”相信是难不倒考生的, 但也必须注意结合“浓妆”, 适当加入高级的表示方法, 如: 中国的出生率从 1920 年至 1935 年上升, 之后下降到 1940 年的 5% 左右。运用不同级别的词汇句式即可写出如下 3 种表达方式:

“淡妆”级别: China's birth rate rose from 1920 to 1935. It then decreased to 1940 at about 5%. (用词简单, 直接翻译的简单句)

“浓抹”级别: China's birth rate rose from around 10 percent in 1920 to 15 percent in 1935, and then it fell sharply to somewhere at the vicinity of 5 percent in 1940. (用词调整的并列句) 考官提供范文中也有类似表达: In spite of some fluctuations in the expected percentages, the proportion of older people will probably continue to increase in the next two decades in the three countries. (剑 5 P162 Model Answer)

“烟熏妆”级别: Increasing from approximately 10 percent in 1920 to 15 percent in 1935, China's birth rate then plunged to a low of just 5 percent in 1940. (首先导入分词伴随代替常规的 China's birth rate 开头, 且用词更高深); 朗阁海外考试研究中心十分建议各位考生可根据自己的语言功底适当添加此类级别的句子, 以增加新鲜感和色彩, 从而提高分数。当然此类句式也能时常在考官提供的范文中找到: The first potential location is outside the town itself, and is sited just off the main road to the town of Hindon, lying 12 kms to the north-west. (剑 5 P166 Model Answer)

不少考生之所以会出现小作文耗时的现象除了上述罗列的两大问题, 还与平时缺乏练习有着密不可分的关系, 因此老师们也强烈建议各位考生参考以上所提, 加强练习, 真正提升自己的应对能力。最后, 祝愿大家学习愉快!



步骤: 添加朋友>扫一扫(扫描上图)>添加成功